«ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY» EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION

Faculty of Information Technology and Economics

Department of «Information and Technical Sciences»

6B06123 IT IN HEALTHCARE

CATALOGUE OF ELECTIVE COURSES

Full-time education -2 years 7 months(DOT) yearofadmission – 2021

Approved at the meeting of EMC of the University $\label{eq:minutes} \mbox{Minutes } \mbox{$N\!\!_{2}$ $_1$_from $17.09.2021 y}.$

Group educational programs: 5B057-Information technology

Elective course No	The name of subject		Prerequisites	Postrequisites	Short description of the content, the aims of education, expected results
				neral Studies e to select (BSS)	-
				omic and legal kno	
1	Fundamentals of market economy and entrepreneurship	3	There is a need for legal, historical and economic knowledge that students receive in secondary schools	Sociology, Political Science	The purpose of teaching this discipline is the formation of systemic economic thinking to understand the logic of the economic laws of society, processes and phenomena that occur at all levels, with the possibility of applying knowledge in practice in any situation and in any economic system. Mastering the skills of the scientific and practical foundations of the organization of entrepreneurial activity, the methods of its planning and implementation in modern market conditions. Content: consideration of the institution of entrepreneurship; mastering the economic skills of organizing entrepreneurial activities and evaluating its effectiveness; definition and use of state mechanisms of regulation and support of entrepreneurship. The study of processes, phenomena of the economic life of society; the development of methods, methods, principles, approaches for the study of economic processes; Learning Outcome: Know: the functions of money, the reasons for the differences in the level of remuneration; main types of taxes; organizational and legal forms of entrepreneurship; types of securities; economic growth factors; current state of the theory and practice of entrepreneurial activity; specifics of entrepreneurial activity; To be able to: give examples of factors of production and factor income, public goods, Kazakhstani enterprises of various organizational forms, global economic problems; describe the effect of the market mechanism, the main forms of wages and labor incentives, inflation, the main articles of the state budget of Kazakhstan, economic growth, use the basic terminology of modern entrepreneurship; use methods of entrepreneurial activity; Skills: obtaining and evaluating economic information; drawing up a family budget; assessment of their own economic activities as a consumer, family member and citizen.
1	Fundamentals of law and anti-corruption culture	2	Legal and historical knowledge that students receive in secondary and secondary schools is necessary	Sociology, Political Science	The purpose of studying the discipline: Studying the course and introducing students to the formation of a knowledge system on combating corruption and developing a civic position on this basis in relation to this phenomenon. Content: Fundamentals of the anti-corruption culture is a holistic interdisciplinary system of knowledge for all specialties and areas of bachelor training. Expected result: As a result of studying the discipline, students should know: the essence of corruption and the reasons for its origin, the measure of moral and legal responsibility for corruption offenses. To be able to: possess the skills to acquire new knowledge about the anti-corruption culture is a holistic interdisciplinary system of knowledge. Competencies: general education.
			Module of econor	nic and natural kn	owledge

2	Fundamentals of market economy and entrepreneurship	3	There is a need for legal, historical and economic knowledge that students receive in secondary schools	Sociology, Political Science	The purpose of teaching this discipline is the formation of systemic economic thinking to understand the logic of the economic laws of society, processes and phenomena that occur at all levels, with the possibility of applying knowledge in practice in any situation and in any economic system. Mastering the skills of the scientific and practical foundations of the organization of entrepreneurial activity, the methods of its planning and implementation in modern market conditions. Content: consideration of the institution of entrepreneurship; mastering the economic skills of organizing entrepreneurial activities and evaluating its effectiveness; definition and use of state mechanisms of regulation and support of entrepreneurship. The study of processes, phenomena of the economic life of society; the development of methods, methods, principles, approaches for the study of economic processes; Learning Outcome: Know: the functions of money, the reasons for the differences in the level of remuneration; main types of taxes; organizational and legal forms of entrepreneurship; types of securities; economic growth factors; current state of the theory and practice of entrepreneurial activity; To be able to: give examples of factors of production and factor income, public goods, Kazakhstani enterprises of various organizational forms, global economic problems; describe the effect of the market mechanism, the main forms of wages and labor incentives, inflation, the main articles of the state budget of Kazakhstan, economic growth, use the basic terminology of modern entrepreneurship; use methods of entrepreneurial activity; Skills: obtaining and evaluating economic information; drawing up a family budget; assessment of their own economic activities as a consumer, family member and citizen.
2	Fundamentals of safety and life	2	There is a need for legal, historical and biological knowledge that students receive in secondary schools	Sociology, Political Science	Aim. To form ideas about the safety of life in human life and the possibility of regulating the processes of mutual influence of the environment and man. Content. The study of the basic concepts of life safety, ecology, problems of modern civilization and the environmental consequences of economic and other human activities in the intensification of environmental management, emergencies, civil defense. Disclosure of principles and methods of protection of the population from various environmental factors, legislative and legal acts in the field of bzh. Preservation of the environment and biological resources Expected results: students must know: legislative framework of safety and environmental control, as well as methods for identification, eliminating the influence of harmful factors on human beings and the environment, and ensure comfortable conditions for life and human activities; to be able: to systematize safety standards for use in professional activity; to choose methods of protection against hazards in relation to their professional activities and select methods for providing comfortable living conditions; to own skills of life safety in production conditions and in emergency situations, skills of first aid.
				c DISCIPLINES re to select(BSS)	
1	World information systems	3	School course of informatics	Computer networks, Mathematical methods of evidence-based medicine	Purpose: acquaintance of students with modern world information systems, technological, organizational, economic and legal principles of their functioning, as well as possibilities of using information resources Contents: Types and classification of information resources. The main problems of the theory of information resources. Knowledge as a national treasure.

1	World information resources	3	School course of informatics	Computer networks, Mathematical methods of evidence-based medicine	professional activities. Content: Basic concepts of the Internet. Internet protocols and their standardization. Browser object model. Access to databases using WWW technology. Internet programming tools. Hypertext Markup Languages. Java programming languages. Basic language constructs. Java class library. Scripting languages. Expected Result: Know: - the concept of global resuras; - concepts, ideas, problems of world information systems; - the role of world information systems in the organization's development strategy; - signs of classification of world information systems; - structure of typical world information systems; - structure of typical world information systems; Able to: - apply world information systems in educational and labor activities; Possess skills: - the basic technological principles of the functioning of world information resources on the basis of the global Internet;
					Classification of information resources. Electronization of information resources of a society as an actual problem. Information infrastructure of the society. Centersgenerators of information resources of modern society. The main trends in the information infrastructure of the company. Information products and services. Information business, information market. Expected Result: Know: - the structure of the information environment or information space, which includes a variety of information systems, principles and approaches to the use of technical devices; Able to: - to classify information systems and distinguish their characteristic features, assess the quality and efficiency of using information resources, extract information from various sources, including undocumented, documented, printed and electronic, effectively store, process information and present it in the necessary form for consumption, using In its activities, computer information technology, the basic component of which are numerous software products. Possess skills: - skills to search for information from various sources; - skills for analyzing relevant information, refining the query in order to increase search efficiency; - skills of working with modern information resources. Objective: to acquaint students with the principles of working with world information resources, their development trends, to teach students the principles of search engine design, to analyze the results obtained, the use of modern information technologies in their

At the end of the course, students are formed. Know: - on basic terms and concepts: - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a schemific subjects and subjects taught (tacks employer of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (spiblic, group, family) individually and organizations: - healths: - medical aspects of chies and - denotology in the work of a doctor: Skills. Skills. Skills. Skills. The control of the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange that care; - implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and arregistration class to doctors at home to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls furing business boars brings with a family and the student of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency: - forming negister of attached - population, the doubt, and delivery of medical documentation to doctors offices; - proper maintenance and sorage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Fundamentals of law informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individually and organizations or health informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individually optients,): - individually and organization of primary health care in the control of the control of the control of personal data of medical documentation of patients, when the control of the control of the control of personal data of development disciplinate to register the data of patients who applied for medical l						(patients). Expected result:
- on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles) on the history of formation and development disciplines individual and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of efficies and individual and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Skills to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of patients, and a demonstration of patients and the control of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of patients and the control of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - or arrange the medical documentation of primary health care; - implementation of pre-appointment of patients to occ doctors and registration of primary health care; - implementation of pre-appointment of patients to occ doctors and registration of acts to doctors at home to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hour. Primary beath care; and to care you the transfer of subjection of the clinic dating business hour. Primary beath care; - to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hour. Primary beath care; - forming register of artached - population, including in electronic formatical care at satisfaction, his deputies, declares and active the sales and advisery of medical documentation to dectors of the clinic proper maintenance and shorage: - forming register of artached - population, including in electronic of electronic communication and the development of the clinic care to register th						At the end of the course, students are formed.
healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tooks, subjects, methods, sprinciples); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role amplace of social and biological factors in the formation of health (qubitic, group, family, individual) and organizations - individual) and organizations - individual) and organizations - to register the data of patients who applied for medical heigh in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients to see doctors and registration of registration of capital to doctors at home to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care and to unreaded care at station of the population of the development of the difficult of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population of the development of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic Proficiency: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic organization of the propulation of the						- on basic terms and concepts;
(usaks, subjects, methods, principles): - on the history of formation and development disciplines: - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, - individual) and organizations: - medical aspects of ethics and - demonology in the work of a doctor. Skills to register the duta of patients who applied for medical aspects of ethics and - demonology in the work of a doctor. Skills to register the duta of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of princary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical dissistance in the organization of princary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of princary health care; - implementation of pre-appointance patients on the control of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of princary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified care may not be carry out the transfer of unjustified care may not be carry out the transfer of unjustified care may not be carry out the transfer of unjustified care patients of the carry of the carry of the population and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the chiral carry of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Professing register of attached commentation to doctors' offices; - proper maintenance and storage card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Perpose curried authority and delivery of medical documentation to the work of a doctor of history and the carry principles of informatization in the field of health care. Principles of informatization in the field of health care. Principles of informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal datus of individuals (patients). Lipscet and subj						
disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations: - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations: - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and doctor: Skills; - the data of patients who applied for the declaration of primary health care; - to turnage the medical discumentation of primary health care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients to see doctors and microsity of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients to see doctors and microsity of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients to see doctors and microsity of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients of the care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - implementation of pri- appointment of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - individual patient information and the care protection of the appointment of patients, obtained medical advisorables and patients of the social medital and health care. Protection of personal data of individuals (patients only formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family), - individual patient of patients, who applied for medical about the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical dacumentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical adcumentation of patien						(tasks, subjects, methods, principles);
the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; medical appects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Skills. to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in organization of primary health care; implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors although the control of primary health care and to carry out the transfer or unjustification of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors although the chief flavore and the carry of the transfer of unjustification of the production that the chief flavore and the carry of the transfer of unjustification of the production by the chief physician, his deputies, ductors and all specialises, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency: forming register of attached population, including in electronic format; carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors' offices; proper maintenance and storage card index to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified antional health information system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices; and the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices; and the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices and subjects taught full of the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices and development of the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices and development of the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices and of the Republic of Kazakhstan Orifices and of the Republic orifices and development of personal data of individuals (partents). Espected result: At the end of the course, students are formed. Know: Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individuals (partents). Espected result: At the end of the course, students are formed. K						disciplines;
medical aspects of clubs and decontology in the work of a doctor: Skills. to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; to arrange the medical assistance in the organization of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home. to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours plus business hours through the care and to carry out the transfer of anjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations. to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency: format; carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors' offices: proper maintenance and sourage card mides to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified mational health information system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of the Purpose unified mational health of health care. Protection of the Purpose unified mational health of health care. Protection of the Comment of the Course, students are formed. Know. Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of the course, students are formed. Know. Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of the course, students are formed. Know. Informatization of the course, students are formed. Know. Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of the course, students are formed. Know. Informatization of the course, students are formed. Know. Informatization of the field of health care. Protection of the course, students are formed. Informatization o						the formation of health (public, group, family,
Skills. 1 to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; 1 to arrange the medical assistance in the organization of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; 2 implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home. 3 to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours timp health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations. 3 to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. 4 Proficiency: 4 Forning register of attached population, including in electronic format; 5 carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors' offices; 6 proper maintenance and storage; 6 card index 8 to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. 8 Purpose: unificial national health information system of Kazakhsun Content: Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhsun Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of the lather of the course, students are formed. Know: 2 Social Medicine 2 Social Medicine 3 Sociologists, Psy chologists fundamentals of conomic theory. 5 fundamentals of the course, students are formed. Know: 6 on basis terms and concepts: 7 on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcure as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); 8 on the history of formation and development disciplines; 8 on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcure as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); 8 on the history of formation and development disciplines; 9 on the theoretical basis of the social health and hea						- medical aspects of ethics and
medical help in the organization of praints, health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - implementation of pra-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care; - to inform the population about the order the work of of the clinic, the time and pake reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic Proficiency: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic format; - carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices: - proper maintenance and storage - card indust to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of Personal data of individuals (patients) Expected result: - At the end of the course, students are formed Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects to a Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of Personal data of individuals (patients) Expected result: - At the end of the course, students are formed Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles): - on the inition of health (public, group, family, - individual) and organizations - healths: - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, - individual) and organizations						7.7
obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care: - implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home. - to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations. - to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and pake reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency: - forming register of anached - population, including in electronic formut; - carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices; - proper maintenance and storage - and fusion and the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Content Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of midviduals (patients). Expected result: At the end of the course, students are formed. Karow: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of primation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health care. Protection of health care in the companion of the primation of health care to register the data of patients who applied for medical abspects to the organization of patients, botained medical documentation of patients, botained medical documentation of patients, botained medical documentation of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of patients who applied for medical help in the organization o						medical help in the organization of primary health care;
doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home. - to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations to inform the population about the order the work of the chinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the chinic. Proficiency: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic informat; - carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices; - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhsta Content copet of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhsta Content copet of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhsta Content copet of development of e-health (and the primarization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individual gratients). Social Medicine Social Medicine 6 Social Medicine 7 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 6 Social Medicine 6 Social Medicine 6 Social Medicine 7 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 8 Social Medicine 9 Social Medicine 1 Social Medici						obtained medical assistance in the organization of
calls during business hour primary health care and to carry out the transfer of injustified calls to emergency medical care at stations. - to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialities, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic - format: - carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices: - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Content Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of infeld and the care in the committed of the course, students are formed. Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatizati						- implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home.
Social Medicine Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Informatization in the field of health care Protection of Inf						calls during business hours Primary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency
Social Medicine Social						- to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population
Proficiency: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic - format; - carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices; - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health of formatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individuals (patients). Expected result: - At the end of the course, students are formed Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations - healths: - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: - Able to: - to a rarange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization obtained medical assistance in the organization of						specialties, the volume of diagnostic research in the
2 Social Medicine 6 Sociologists,Psy chologists from theory, fundamentals of law theory, fundamentals of law theory, fundamentals of law theory, fundamentals of law theory. 2 Social Medicine 6 Sociologists of law theory fundamentals of law the end of the course, students are formed. Know: on basic terms and concepts; on the history of formation and development disciplines; on the history of formation and development disciplines; healths; medical aspects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						Proficiency:
- carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices; - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flow in order to create a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individuals (patients). Expected result: At the end of the course, students are formed. Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						- population, including in electronic
Social Medicine Nnow: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthrare as a scientific subjects and subjects during the Medicine Medicine Medicine Medicine Medicine Ferbudicine Ferbudicine Ferbudicine Nnow: - on the history of formation and development dissiplines: - on the history of format						
Social Medicine Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of Information in						
Social Medicine Informatization in the field of health course, refincing the Medicine Informatization in t						- card index
Social Medicine Informatization of health care in the end of the course, students are formed. Know: - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						order to create a uniform loads of doctors.
Social Medicine Informatization of the the course, students are formed. Know: - on basic terms and concepts: - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations - healths: - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health
Social Medicine Informatization of economic theory, fundamentals of law Informatization of healthcare Informatization of healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); on the history of formation and development disciplines; the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; medical aspects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of
Social Medicine Informatization of healthcare Informatization of healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); on the history of formation and development disciplines; the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of healths; medical aspects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						
Social Medicine Informatization of economic theory, fundamentals of law Informatization of healthcare Informatization of healthcare Informatization of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; medical aspects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: To on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); on the history of formation and development disciplines; the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; medical aspects of ethics and dealthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); to not the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); to not the formation of primary health care; to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						At the end of the course, students are formed.
Social Medicine 6 Chologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law Informatization of healthcare Informatization of healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, - individual) and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of				0 11 1 5		- on basic terms and concepts;
2 Social Medicine 6 economic theory, fundamentals of law 6 economic theory, fundamen						
theory, fundamentals of law disciplines; the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family, individual) and organizations healths; medical aspects of ethics and deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of	2	Social Medicine	6	fundamentals of		(tasks, subjects, methods, principles);
the formation of health (public, group, family,				theory,	of healthcare	disciplines;
- healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						the formation of health (public, group, family,
- medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						- individual) and organizations
Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						- medical aspects of ethics and
medical help in the organization of primary health care; - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						
- to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of						
						- to arrange the medical documentation of patients,
						obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care;

					doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home. to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations. to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialties, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic. Possess skills: forming register of attached population, including in electronic format; carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices; proper maintenance and storage card index basicity regulation of the flow of the population with the aim of creating a uniform loads of doctors. Purpose: the Use of information and communication technologies to address a number of issues in medicine: Creation of information resources in the medical
3	Information and communication technologies in medicine	6	World information systems Medbiophysics	Informatization of healthcare, Administration of information systems	industry. Status and tasks of information systems at various levels 2. Direction of formation of it in the medical field. Progressive domestic and foreign theories and practices 3. Legal and technological assistance of information exchange in medicine. 4. The use of telecommunications and the Internet to provide medical services 5. Reference tools and services to help solve health issues, training projects and research. The use of artificial intelligence 6. The use of automated Analytics in administrative matters 7. Information technologies in the system of continuous training of employees of medical organizations. Contents: Medical Informatics. Classification of medical information systems. Medical instrumentation and computer systems. Medical diagnostics. Systems for monitoring. Medical process control systems. Ways of development of medical it. Telemedicine. Expected result: Know: - medical and clinical information technologies introduced in Kazakhstan; - the main problems of automation of health care in Kazakhstan. - the role of new technologies in medicine. Able to: - apply information technologies in medicine; - establish an accurate diagnosis using medical devices and completely cure the patient. Possess skills: - about the latest research, development and technology in medicine.
3	Medical informatics	6	World information systems Medbiophysics	Informatization of healthcare, Administration of information systems	Objective: Optimization of information processes in medicine through the use of computer technology, which improves the quality of public health. Contents: Introduction to medical Informatics. Modeling in biology and medicine. Statistical analysis of biomedical data. Medical information systems in the diagnostic and treatment process. Expected result: Know: - theoretical bases of medical Informatics; - computer applications for solving medical and health problems. Able to: - use modern software to solve the problems of evidence-based medicine, clinical research automation, management Informatization in the health care system; - use the medical information system for diagnosis,

					prevention, treatment and rehabilitation in the clinic of internal diseases.
					Possess skills: - the theory of medical Informatics, as well as the practice of applying modern information technologies in the application to medicine and health care.
4	Computer-aided design systems in medicine	5	World information systems, Information and communication technologies in medicine	Biostatistics Information Systems Software	Purpose: to Instill in students the skills of design, calculation, construction of medical equipment in graphic editors of computers; to instill in students the skills of maintenance and repair of devices using computers. Contents: Section 1.Computer technology research. The role of hardware and computer technology in medical and biological research. Information-structural models of biomedical research. Basic operations for the preparation and research of the biological object. Development of a model of physiological research. Section 2. Automated research systems. Criteria of optimization of technology of performance of medical experiment. Algorithmic and software for biomedical research. Automated systems of registry, medical records, control of medical equipment and consumables. Application software for automated diagnostic, therapeutic and laboratory systems and complexes. Examples of practical implementation of computer technologies in biomedical research. Expected result: Know: -the idea of graphical programming, the means of creating the drawing in the graphic editors, methods of building drawing; -General understanding of the types of automated systems for research; determine the place of application of medical equipment; describe the stages of development of biomedical technology; Able to: - organize the process of building and editing drawings of medical equipment; - to form skills of working with AutoCad program; - to apply in practice graphic editors in professional activity; - use catalogs of drawings and Internet resources to find the necessary literature and materials. Possess skills: - the theory of medical Informatics, as well as the practice of applying modern information technologies in the application to medicine and health care.
4	Automation of production	5	World information systems, Information and communication technologies in medicine	Biostatistics Information Systems Software	Purpose: to Form basic knowledge and skills in automation, understanding of modern automated production; formation of students 'knowledge and skills necessary for the future bachelor of technological education. Contents: General concepts of automation. Production and technological processes in mechanical engineering. Production automation. Automation of control and control in the production of machines. Automatic control system. Expected result: Know: - appointment, classification, device and principle of operation of automation in production; - General structure and structure of the computer, technical and software means of implementation of information processes, technology of automated information processes, technology of automated information processing, local and global networks. Able to: - analyze the readings of control and measuring devices; - make an informed choice of equipment, mechanization and automation in professional activities. Possess skills: - skills of solving problems of automation, a choice of

	T	1	T	T	
					methods and automation; - software for development of automated technological
5	Medical electronics	5	Information and communication technologies in medicine	Biostatistics,Mo deling of information	Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered. Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions. Expected result: know: - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems; - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming); - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations: Able to: - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view; - solve a linear programming problem by a graphical method in the case of two variables; Possess skills: - basic concepts of operations research (model, optimality criterion, objective function, system of constraints, reference plan, optimal plan, extremum); - methods for optimizing linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming problems
5	Basics of designing medical devices and systems	5	Information and communication technologies in medicine	Biostatistics,Mo deling of information	Purpose: Is to teach students how to master the technology of designing and maintaining information systems for managing an enterprise. Contents: Basic concepts: management, process control, control system. Classification of control systems. Resource management manufacturing enterprise. Resource management holding. Customer relationship management and alignment of production plans with customer needs. Supply chain management. Processoriented management. The evolution of management information systems. Modeling information management systems. Modeling metaclasses. Modeling entity classes Workflow modeling. Expected Result: Know: - classification, architecture, approaches to the development of enterprise management information systems; Able to: - to formulate, document and solve the problem of information support for enterprise management processes; Possess skills: - methods of designing information management systems; - skills of working with instrumental tools for designing information management systems.
6	Medical Statistics	5	Public health and health	Biostatistics	Objective: basic health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population. Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization. Contents: Fundamentals of health statistics. Statistics on

			Ι		the health of the population and the natural movement of
					the population. Indicators of the health of the population .
					Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization.
					Expected result::
					At the end of the course, students are formed:
					Know: - on the essence, basic concepts, principles and
					methods of medical statistics, in the field of application
					of statistics in solving problems of public health and health:
					- methodology, planning and organization of statistical
					observation (forms, types, methods and stages of statistical observation)
					- on the nature, application, methods of calculation and basis of analysis of descriptive statistics
					-about rules of registration and representation of results
					of statistical supervision;
					-on the main methods of calculation of indicators of public health (basic demographic indicators and
					morbidity);
					-about the main methods of calculation of indicators of activity of out-patient and polyclinic institutions and
					hospital;
					Able to:
					formulate goals and objectives of the study;to plan, organize and carry out statistical observation
					in accordance with the objectives.
					 use tabular and graphical methods of presentation of statistical observation materials;
					- to formulate conclusions arising from the results of
					statistical observation, and to give a General conclusion on them;
					Possess skills:
					- public speech, argumentation, discussion and debate;
					 ability to expand and deepen the scientific worldview; ability to independently acquire and use new
					knowledge;
					Objective: basic health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the
					population. Indicators of the health of the population .
					Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization.
					Contents: Fundamentals of health statistics. Statistics on
					the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population.
					Performance indicators of the doctor and medical
					organization.
					Expected result: at the end of the course, students are formed:
					Know:
					- on the essence, basic concepts, principles and methods of medical statistics, in the field of application
6	Statistics of healthcare system	5	Public health	Biostatistics	of statistics in solving problems of public health and
	System		and health	Diosumstics	health; - methodology, planning and organization of statistical
					observation (forms, types, methods and stages of
					statistical observation)
					 on the nature, application, methods of calculation and basis of analysis of descriptive statistics;
					- about rules of registration and representation of
					results of statistical supervision; - on the main methods of calculation of indicators of
					public health (basic demographic indicators and
					morbidity); - about the main methods of calculation of indicators of
					activity of out-patient and polyclinic institutions and
					hospital;
					formulate goals and objectives of the study;to plan, organize and carry out statistical observation in
		•			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

			1		
					accordance with the objectives. - use tabular and graphical methods of presentation of statistical observation materials; - to formulate conclusions arising from the results of statistical observation, and to give a General conclusion on them; Proficiency: - public speech, argumentation, discussion and debate; - ability to expand and deepen the scientific worldview; - ability to independently acquire and use new knowledge;
7	Information Systems Software	6	World information systems	Modeling of information systems	Purporse: The aim is to equip students with knowledge in the field of software information systems; formation of skills and abilities to establish client and server software; familiarity with the requirements for server programs and client programs. Contents: Building blocks AIS Hardware software platforms servers and workstations choice of rational software AIS Order of installation and maintenance of server software Specialized software packages and utilities administration AIS server Installation Types of server software Features of operation of different types of server software Installation and maintenance of client software Expected result: Know: - order of installation and maintenance of server and client software in AIS; - basic principles and software tools for the development of AIS.; Able to: - to install, adapt, maintain and operate standard AIS software. Possess skills: - the variety of tools and applications, problems and prospects of software development.
7	Programming information systems	6	World information systems	Modeling of information systems	Purpose: students are mastering the C++ language and on its basis mastering the basic techniques and methods of programming and acquiring skills in modern integrated programming systems; acquisition of skills in the development of software systems; Contents: the Study of high-level programming techniques. Deals with the standard tasks and the typical examples from the practice of programming. Solving computational and programming problems. Object-oriented programming methodology. Dynamic data structures. Expected result: Know: -technologies of development of algorithms and programs; -methods of debugging and solving problems on a computer in different modes; -basics of object-oriented approach to programming; Able to: - set a task and develop an algorithm for its solution; - use application programming systems; - develop basic documents; - work with modern programming systems, including object-oriented - C++ procedural and object-oriented programming language; - know how to develop and debug programs; - methods and means of development and execution of technical documentation
8	Biostatistics	5	Medical Statistics	Expert systems in medicine	Purpose: Introduction. History of biostatistics. Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientific research. Types of data testing of statistical hypotheses. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis of Variance. Correlation

					analysis.Epidemiological analysis.Survival analysis. Contents: Introduction. History of biostatistics. Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientific research. Types of data testing of statistical hypotheses. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis of Variance. Correlation analysis. Epidemiological analysis. Survival analysis. Expected result: At the end of the course, students are formed: Know: - types of data and how they are presented; - on change scales; - on the criteria of compliance and consent; on the types Systematic errors and their evaluation in studies; - properties of the law of normal distribution signs'; - on the analysis of variance; - correlation dependence; - on the criteria for testing hypotheses; - about student t-criteria; - on the main criteria of epidemiological analysis, epidemiological indicators; - about stages of medical and biological experiment, planning;
8	Statistical Analysis in Healthcare	5	Medical Statistics	Expert systems in medicine	- survival analysis; Able to: -apply statistical methods of processing data's; Purpose: Introduction. History of biostatistics. Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientific research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis of Variance. Correlation analysis. Epidemiological analysis. Survival analysis. Contents: Introduction. History of biostatistics. Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientific research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis of Variance. Correlation analysis. Epidemiological analysis. Survival analysis. Expected result: At the end of the course, students are formed: Know: types of data and how they are presented; on change scales; on the criteria of compliance and consent; on the types Systematic errors and their evaluation in studies; properties of the law of normal distribution signs'; on the analysis of variance;
					 correlation dependence; on the criteria for testing hypotheses; about student t-criteria; on the main criteria of epidemiological analysis, epidemiological indicators; about stages of medical and biological experiment, planning; survival analysis; Able to: apply statistical methods of processing data's;
9	Information security and information security	6	Computer networks, Programming Technologies,	Database Administration in MS SQL Server platform, Administration of information systems	Purpose: to familiarize students with the trend of development of information security, with models of possible threats, terminology and basic concepts of the theory of information security Contents: basic concepts and definitions. the main tasks of information security. Modeling and design of information security systems. Basics of cryptography. Basic cryptographic algorithms and protocols. Built-in security for common operating systems and servers of different network protocols. Specialized hardware and software security protection systems Expected result: Know:

purposection Data protection Technologies, Forgramming Technologies, Databases Database systems Technologies, Database systems Technologies, Porgramming Technologies, Technologies, Database systems Technologies, Technologies, Technologies, Technologies, Technologies, Technol			,			
Data protection 6 Computer networks, Programming Technologies. 10 Database systems 6 Programming Technologies. 6 Programming Technologies. 10 Database systems 10 Database systems 6 Programming Technologies. 10 Database Systems 10						 basic methods of creating information security systems; basic standards in the field of information security; basic tools for information security; Able to: analyze the types of attacks and threats to information security; formulate appropriate requirements for information security systems; use information security tools; Possess skills: the basic skills of construction and management of systems of information protection; skills to repel typical attacks on information systems; basic skills of working as a security administrator of
Database systems Database systems Programming Technologies, Programming Technologies, Programming Technologies, Programming Technologies, Database Administration in MS SQL Server platform, Administration of information systems Administration of information systems Programming Technologies, Purpose: the acquisition of theoretical foundations and practical skills of students in the design adtabase. Conceptual design of database (DB). Database management systems (DBMS). Expected result: Know: - modern methods of database design; - modern software products required to build a database of complex organizational systems modern database principles of creating databases of information systems; Able to: - use modern software for database design; - use database design automation tools; Possess skills: - methodology and methodology of research of information model of the enterprise; - modern methods of database construction; Purpose: the organization of databases and database	9	Data protection	6	networks, Programming	Administration in MS SQL Server platform, Administration of information	Purpose: to give students the necessary knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of modern information technologies currently used, as well as information security. Contents: the Study of means and methods of information security, combating unauthorized access to computer resources both in the local network and on the Internet. Organizational and legal aspects of ZI. Conceptual bases of ZI standardization In the field of it security Mathematical methods and models in the problems of information security Multilevel information security in computer systems and networks Expected result: Know: -basic concepts and trends in the protection of computer information, information security principles, classification principles and examples of security threats to computer systems; Able to: - configure the built-in security features in the operating system, analyze the security of the computer and the network environment using the security scanner; - install and use one of the means to encrypt information and organize data exchange using an electronic digital signature; Possess skills: -methods of security audit of information systems,
	10	Database systems	6		Administration in MS SQL Server platform, Administration of information systems	Purpose: the acquisition of theoretical foundations and practical skills of students in the design and maintenance of databases by means of specific DBMS. Contents: the Basics of building a database. Conceptual design of database (DB). Data model.Representation of data structures in computer memory. Methods of special treatment. DBMS. Database management systems (DBMS). Expected result: Know: - modern methods of database design; - modern software products required to build a database of complex organizational systems modern database management systems theoretical foundations and basic principles of creating databases of information systems; Able to: - use modern software for database design; - use database design automation tools; Possess skills: - methodology and methodology of research of information model of the enterprise; - modern methods of database construction;
	10	Concept of databases	6	Programming Technologies,	Database Administration	

		ı	T		
				in MS SQL Server platform, Administration of information systems	operation and evaluation of database characteristics and their management systems, the acquisition of students 'knowledge and skills in the design and use of databases. Contents: basic concepts of database theory. Data Bank as an information system. Database typology. Transaction processing systems. Data integrity and security. Data warehouse. Object-oriented databases. Distributed databases and client-server systems. Expected result: Know: - purpose and main components of database systems, levels of data presentation, main data models used in industrial DBMS; Be able to: -develop the structure of a relational database, create user applications with interactive DBMS tools; -create complex queries and programs (scripts) to implement a lot of operator queries and processing of relational databases; Possess skills: - DBMS Access 2010, MS SQL Server utilities to greate and administer controllined databases.
11	Modeling of information systems	5	Web технологии, Information Systems Software	Preparing theses	Purpose: this discipline is an introduction to the principles of modeling complex systems that implement new information technology; study of tools for modeling the processes of information systems Contents: basic concepts of the theory of modeling, the current state and General characteristics of the problem of modeling systems. Prospects of development of systems modeling. Principles of system approach in system modeling. Classification of types of system modeling. The basic mathematical model diagram of information processes and systems. Network model. Modeling of parallel processes. System modeling tools. System modeling and programming languages. Expected result: know: -principles of analytical and simulation models of information processes, the main classes of models and modeling methods, methods of formalization, algorithmization and implementation of models on a computer; Able to: -reasonably choose a method of modeling; build an adequate model of the system or process using modern computer tools; interpret and analyze the results of modeling. Possess skills: - methods and techniques of work in CASE-tools; - methods and techniques of modeling information systems on modern computers based on analytical and simulation approach.; - the main criteria for the evaluation of the simulation results
11	Basics of computer modeling	5	Web технологии, Information Systems Software	Preparing theses	Purpose: is the development of the theory, methods and technology of computer modeling in the study, design and application of information systems. Content: Introduction to the basis of computer simulation Classification of types of models simulation of random numbers simulation of random events Simulation of continuous random variables simulation of discrete random variables Organization of computer simulation. Simulation of Queuing systems Computer simulation of economic and organizational systems Expected result: know; - typical classes of models and methods of modeling of complex systems, the apparatus of the Monte Carlo method, the principles of constructing models of the processes of functioning of complex systems, methods

environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views.Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Expected result: Know: - on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system: - pub			,			
### was a systematic approach in the study, design modeling algorithms and implement them using algorithms and implement them using algorithms languages and software packages months; to automate the design process with using modeling databases. Process skills Saliks of using computer modeling tools to create psychological comfort of the user						
public health and health. Management in Healthcare Public health and health. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing these scheme and received results and health. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing the search and received results and health. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing the search and received results and health and health. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing the search and the content of management in health care: - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management and received results and health. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Proparing these search and the content in health care: - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management decision and algorithm of its adoption: - methods and principles of personnel management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management management and received results. Note that the search and received results and health are repaired to the search and a searc						
algorithms and implement them using algorithms languages and software packages modelling to automate the design process with using modeling that abuses. Possess skills, -skills of using computer modeling tools to create psychological comfort of the use confort of the use of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management edicisions. Methods of managerial decision. Lopes of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of monivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views.Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-motivation, handysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership. Contents: the Concept of management and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership. Which is a section of management and environment. Basic principles and objectives of meaning environment. Basic principles of development of management as a science and art: Bobat functions, about organizational structures of management and internal environment planning power and leadership. The public health and health care: The basic theories of management in health care; The basic theories of management and internal environment planning power and leadership. The basic theories of management and internal environment planning power and leadership. The basic theories of management and power and the power and power and the power and power and power and power and power and power						
languages and software packages modeling of automate the design process with using modeling databases. Possess skills: -skills of using computer modeling tools to create psychological comfort of the user Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership, internece between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management decisions making. Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation. basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them the standard of the participation of management and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them the standard of the participation of management and care them the planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them the standard of the participation of management and care them the planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them the planning-Power and leadership, the difference between them the planning-Power and leadership the difference between them the planning-Power and leadership the difference between them them the planning-Power and planning-Power and the planning-Power and planning-Pow						
the design process with vising modeling databases. Possess skills: -skills of using computer modeling tools to create problems of the property of the concept of management, organization, types of organization and objectives of health planning Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management elevisors. Membras of management decisions making. Compared to the concept of management organization, thousands of management elevisors. Membras of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management and membras of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions and methods of planning in the security system. Public health Modelcal statistics. Biostatistics. Preparing these statistics and methods of planning in the security system. public leaths: - an on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management decision and algorithm of its management methods of planning in the security system. public leaths: - on the basic deories of management and algorithm of its management decision and algorithm of its adoption of the beath of the population and the process of the properties of						
Possess skills:						
skills of using computer modeling tools to create psychological comfort of the user Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Maiotian basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions and internal environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management and internal environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management and internal environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management and environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management and environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the mature, content, typology, methods of adaptions public health; - on the mature, content, typology, methods of adaptions public health; - on the mature, content, typology, methods of adaptions public health; - on the health care; - on the health c						
Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership the difference between them. Management decisions and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership the difference between them. Management decision making. Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership the difference between them. Management style, views.Classification of management decisions. Methods of management in health care; Expected result: Knov: - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoption; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoption; - on the health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoption of management in health care; - on the health care system: - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoption; - organization: - apply management the calcing and financial aspects of health management; - principles of quality amanagement - Manage derivities: - use information about the health of the population and calcivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and internal environment medical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care; - apply information techniques in management - Manager sactivities in health care; - to form work plans for management - Manager sactivities in health care; - to prom work plans for measures to improv						,
Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, hypes of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of modivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Contents: the Concept of management organization, hasic aspects of modivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Contents: the Concept of management and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptions and adoption; - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptions and adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management in health care; - who the content is principles of personnel management in health care; - white to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the beath care system assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization: - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities in the adalt care; - apply information techniques in practicehealth care damager activities in the adalt care; - apply information techniques in practicehealth care to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in						
spes of organization. Motivation hasic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership dedictions. Methods of management decision making. Contents: the Concept of management, organization. Uspes of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership decision-making. Expected result: Knov: - on the basic and rendership in the difference between them. Management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - organizational organization; - organizational organization; - organizational organization; - organizational organization; - apply management in health care; - includes of quality management in health care; - principles of quality management in health care; - apply management environment medical organization; - apply management environment provides of activiticorganization; - apply management environment provides of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information techniques in practicehealth care; - apply information techniques in practicehealth care; - apply information techniques in practicehealth care; - apply information techniques of management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for health are; - to form work plans for health are; - to form work plans for health are; - to prom work plans for health care; - to form work plans for health care; - to prom work plans for health care; - to orm work plans for management in the health management of human resources in a medical organization.						
management decisions. Methods of managerial decision- making. Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning.Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management decisions. Methods of managerial decision- making. Expected result: Know: on the basic theories of management in health care; reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in Health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption: - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management: - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system: - assess the external and internal environment medical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities: - use information about the health orce; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in feath care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in feath care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization. - to specify effective communications in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between
types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Expected result: Know: 1 on the basic theories of management in health care; 1 - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; 2 - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; 3 - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system 4 - public health 3 - public health 4 - preparing theses 5 statistics, 8 iostatistics. Preparing these 5 - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system 5 - public health; 6 - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionnamagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; 7 - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; 8 - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; 9 - principles of quality management in health care; 1 - Able to: 1 - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; 1 - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; 1 - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; 1 - use information about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; 2 - apply information technology in management 3 - apply information technology in management 4 - Manager's activities in health care; 4 - to form work plans for the organization of the collective 5 - to supply effective communications in the health management system; 5 - to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						management decisions . Methods of managerial decision-making.
planning.Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views.Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making. Expected result: Know: on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management in methods and principles of personnel management in realth care; - principles of quality management in health care; - principles of quality management in health care; - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care manager activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager activities of the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization of the collective.						types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal
12 Management in Healthcare Public health and health, Medical statistics. Biostatistics. Biostatistics Preparing theses Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, after health care; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization. Able to: assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization in the health care; apply management techniques in practicehealth care; apply management techniques in practicehealth care thanged activities; a poly effective communications in the health management and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management excitives of the organization of the collective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization. The management system: assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization of the collective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization. The management system: a server development of management in health care; apply management of human resources in a medical organization.						environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between
Management in Healthcare Public health and health the Medical statistics. Preparing theses Biostatistics. Preparing theses Biostatistics. Preparing these satisfies of the health care public health and provided in the management in health care; a see the management in health care; a source and art; a public health; and health the management in health care; a public health; and the management in health care; a public health; and provided in the management decision and algorithm of its adoption; and internal environment medical organization; and provided in the management in health care; and the managem						them. Management style, views.Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-
Management in Healthcare Management in Healthcare Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses Preparing theses Preparing theses Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system: assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization: assess the deciron about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; Amanger's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply information technology in management Amanger's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization.						making.
Management in Healthcare 5 Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses for gamizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; path management economic and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care; path management; preparing theses for gamizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; path management; path management; path management; path management; path management; path management; principles of quality management in health care; Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
Management in Healthcare Public health and health, Medical statistics. Biostatistics. Biostatis						
Management in Healthcare Public health and health , Medical statistics, Biostatistics, Biostatistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses of health analgement in Health care Preparing theses Preparing these Preparing the delth; Preparing these Pre						- reasonable stages of development of management as a
Management in Healthcare Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to form work plans for the organization in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
Management in Healthcare 5 Public health and health						management in health care;
Management in Healthcare Management in Healthcare Management in Healthcare Treparing theses Preparing theses Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
Management in Healthcare 5 Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses statistics. Preparing theses statistics. Preparing theses statistics. Preparing these statistics. Preparing						
Management in Healthcare Management in Healthcare Management in Healthcare Preparing theses Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						- on the nature, content, typology, methods of
Management in Healthcare Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Medical statistics, Biostatistics. Preparing theses Preparing theses - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
Biostatistics. - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.	12	Management in Healthcare	5	· ·	Preparing theses	- methods and principles of personnel management
health management; principles of quality management in health care; Able to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.				,		- organizational, economic and financial aspects of
Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						Able to:
- assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
- apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						- assess the external and internal environmentmedical
Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						Manager activities;
- apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						andactivities of the organization to propose measures to
- Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
- to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						
- to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						- to form work plans for the organization of the
management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.						- to apply effective communications in the health
management of human resources in a medical organization.						management system;
organization.						- to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical
rossess skiiis:						organization.
- basics of planning in the health care system;						
- basics of organization and						- basics of organization and
- management in the health care system;						
- fundamentals of coordination in the health system;						
- fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results	1	1	l		1	- fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results
in the health system;						in the health greatens:

			1	T	- design of organizational structures in health care.
12	Control in Healthcare	5	Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics.	Preparing theses	Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning.Power and leadership, the difference between them. Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning.Power and leadership, the difference between them Management style, views.Classification of management decisions . Methods of managerial decision-making. Expected result: Know: - on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoption management decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management in medical organization; - organizational, economic and financial aspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activities organization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practice health care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population and activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization. Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; -
13	Web technologies	5	World information systems	Preparing theses	Objective: to master the technologies, principles of organization and functioning of the Internet, training in the methods of designing applications for use in the Internet environment. Content: Principles for the development of Web documents (HTML). The role and place of Webtechnologies in modern society. network Internet. Technical and software resources of the Internet. The protocols of the Internet. Internet address. Domain name structure. Organization of the Web site. Notepad++Editor. The simplest HTML page. Paragraphs, headings, lists. Cascading CSS style sheets. Cascading

					CSS style sheets. Definition of CSS. Purpose of CSS. General principles of CSS. Assigning styles. Server technology. Familiarity with the language PHP. sult: Know: - the basics of the world Wide Web; stages of development of web-sites; hypertext markup language HTML; - technology of separating content and design using cascading style sheets CSS; - modern technologies of development Web-sites; the procedure for the use of server side technologies; - principles of SEO-optimization of sites. - create static HTML pages and apply style sheets; - to use tools for creating static websites (Web-editor, graphic editor, etc.) to create interactive elements of Web-pages; to develop dynamic web-sites using modern website design technologies.
					Possess skills: - hypertext markup language for building HTML documents; - embed CSS cascading style sheets rules.
13	Programming in the Internet	5	World information systems	Preparing theses	Objective: to develop students ' professional competencies related to the ability to develop applications for the Internet and develop skills in building and researching distributed applications and interactive web pages Contents: Introduction to Internet programming. The study of hypertext markup language HTML documents. Learning the CSS styling language.Programming in Java Script. Create client handlers. Creation of server developers. PHP programming language. Use of databases in Internet applications.Design of Internet applications for business. Expected result: Know: - methods of construction of modern Internet resources, standards in the field of development of Internet resources, formats of storage of graphic information for Internet resources, principles of construction of client and server components. Able to: - develop Internet applications using modern development tools Possess skills: - working with tools for developing and debugging client and server parts of Internet applications.
			PROFILI	NG DISCIPLINE	
				components (OC)	
1	Medbiophysics	5	ICT, school course of mathematics, physics, computer science.	Information and communication technologies in medicine	Objective: Medical physics Contents: description of the specialty. Medical physics is a field of applied physics in which devices, equipment and physical factors of human impact used in medicine are studied. The specialty is open to eliminate the acute shortage of personnel for health care, able to ensure the safe operation of complex medical equipment, mainly in Oncology and medical radiology. Expected result: At the end of the course, students are formed. Know: - Modern methods of studying the structure and functions of biological membranes. - Study of surface tension forces.Ionizing radiation. Dosimetry.The principles of transformation of biological and not electric signals in electric.Design of sensors and electrodes, their main characteristics. - The device, the principle of operation of the electrocardiograph. The main approaches to ECG

Medical physics and medical imaging.	5	ICT, school course of mathematics,	Information and communication	Bases of radiation safety in offices of LD. Dosimetric control. Therapeutic technique based on the use of direct current. Therapeutic technique based on the use of RF, microwave and UHF currents. Sources of errors in the registration of medical indicators. Able to: To use physical methods of diagnosis and treatment of patients with the help of complex technical equipment, including for the safe use of sources of ionizing radiation. The specialist prepares the appropriate equipment, plans and conducts medical irradiation of patients as prescribed by the doctor. Possess skills: should be capable of conducting fundamental and applied research in the field of physical factors on the human body, ensuring radiation safety of personnel and ensuring the quality of radiation exposure of patients using sources of ionizing radiation in medicine. To study all kinds of physical phenomena, processes and structures observed in nature Take part in physical research To master the method of application of research results in innovation Process and analyze the data with the help of modern information technologies. Operate state-of-the-art physical equipment and facilities Participate in informational and technical organization of scientific seminars and conferences To understand and put into practice the methods of management in the field of environmental management Engage in sightseeing, educational and group work Write and prepare scientific articles and reports Objective: Medical physics. Content: description of specialty Medical physics is a field of applied physics in which
				recording. ECG registration and analysis principles. The device, the principle of operation of the electroencephalograph. The main EEG rhythms. EEG registration and analysis principles. Laser radiation. The device, work principle of spectrophotometer. Application of spectrophotometric research methods to determine the concentration of substances in biological fluids. Polarization of light by Biosystems. - Special techniques of microscopy of biological objects. - Model of sliding filaments. Muscle biomechanics. Hill's Equation. Simulation mytechnorati. Electromechanical coupling. Devices for measuring the function of external respiration. The device and the principle of operation. Registration and analysis of functional research data. Study of rheological properties of biological fluids. Methods of study of blood circulation. Integral and regional rheography. Methods of indirect recording of shock and minute emission. Physical basis of hemodynamics. Patterns of blood flow in the arterial and venous bed. the main technical means of medical introscopy. Physics of ionizing radiation. Photo process. Nuclear magnetic resonance. Physics of ultrasound. Physical and technical basis of radiology. The device and principles of x-ray Equipment (x-Ray, CT); ultrasound Devices; MRI Devices. Scintigraphy and radionuclide diagnostics devices. Organization of work of x-ray Department, photo laboratory. Legislative and policy materials for x-ray diagnostics. Automated accounting and reporting of the Department of LD.

personnel for health care, able to ensure the safe operation of complex medical equipment, mainly in Oncology and medical radiology.

Expected result:

- At the end of the course, students are formed.

Know:

- Modern methods of studying the structure and functions of biological membranes.
- Study of surface tension forces. Ionizing radiation. Dosimetry. The principles of transformation of biological and not electric signals in electric. Design of sensors and electrodes, their main characteristics.
- The device, the principle of operation of the electrocardiograph. The main approaches to ECG recording. ECG registration and analysis principles. The device, the principle of operation of the electroencephalograph. The main EEG rhythms. EEG registration and analysis principles. Laser radiation. The device, work principle of spectrophotometer. Application of spectrophotometric research methods to determine the concentration of substances in biological fluids. Polarization of light by Biosystems.
- Special techniques of microscopy of biological objects.
- Model of sliding filaments. Muscle biomechanics. Equation. Simulation mytechnorati. Electromechanical coupling. Devices for measuring the function of external respiration. The device and the principle of operation. Registration and analysis of functional research data. Study of rheological properties of biological fluids. Methods of study of blood circulation. Integral and regional rheography. Methods of indirect recording of shock and minute emission. Physical basis of hemodynamics. Patterns of blood flow in the arterial and venous bed.the main technical means of medical introscopy. Physics of ionizing radiation. Photo process. Nuclear magnetic resonance. Physics of ultrasound. Physical and technical basis of radiology. The device and principles of x-ray Equipment (x-Ray, CT); ultrasound Devices; MRI Devices. Scintigraphy and radionuclide diagnostics devices. Organization of work of x-ray Department, photo laboratory. Legislative and policy materials for x-ray diagnostics. Automated accounting and reporting of the Department of LD. Bases of radiation safety in offices of LD. Dosimetric control. Therapeutic technique based on the use of direct current. Therapeutic technique based on the use of RF, microwave and UHF currents. Sources of errors in the registration of medical indicators.

Able to:

- To use physical methods of diagnosis and treatment of patients with the help of complex technical equipment, including for the safe use of sources of ionizing radiation.
- The specialist prepares the appropriate equipment, plans and conducts medical irradiation of patients as prescribed by the doctor.

Possess skills:

- should be capable of conducting fundamental and applied research in the field of physical factors on the human body, ensuring radiation safety of personnel and ensuring the quality of radiation exposure of patients using sources of ionizing radiation in medicine.
- To study all kinds of physical phenomena, processes and structures observed in nature
- Take part in physical research
- To master the method of application of research results in innovation
- Process and analyze the data with the help of modern information technologies.
- Operate state-of-the-art physical equipment and facilities

					 Participate in informational and technical organization of scientific seminars and conferences To understand and put into practice the methods of management in the field of environmental management
2	Informatization of healthcare	5	Public health and health care	Biostatistics	- Engage in sightseeing, educational and group work - To write and execute scientific articles and reports. Objective: to ensure the functioning of the industry through information and computer support of medical technologies at all levels to improve the quality of treatment and preventive care and the effectiveness of health management. Contents: State support of health Informatization. Integration of health Informatization-problems, prospects and challenges. Phasing the implementation of programs of Informatization of health care. The need to expand the teaching of Informatics for doctors and managers at all levels of the health system. Forecast of development of medical information technologies. Stages of implementation of Informatization in health care. Expected result: Know: - mathematical methods of solving intellectual problems and their application in medicine; - theoretical foundations of computer science, collection, storage, search, processing, transformation, dissemination of information in medical and biological systems, the use of computer information systems in medicine and health; - methods, software and technical means of medical statistics used at various stages of obtaining and analyzing biomedical information; - state standards on electronic medical history, as well as methods and means of personal data protection in medical information systems; - principles of automation of management of healthcare institutions using modern information technologies; - the main approaches to the formalization and structuring of different types of medical data used to form solutions during the diagnostic and treatment process; - algorithms and software to support decision-making during the diagnostic and treatment process; - use educational, scientific, popular science literature, the Internet for professional activities; - carry out text and graphic processing of medical data using standard operating system tools and common office applications, as well as application and special software; - use statistic
2	Information resources of healthcare	5	Public health and health care	Biostatistics	medical Informatics and practice of modern information and telecommunication technologies in medicine and health care. Content: the Information resources of health of the

		_	T	Т	
					population. Information resources of medical and economic activities of health organizations.
					Expected result:
					Know: - the essence of the basic terms and concepts;
					- information gathering methods;
					- classification of information in medical information
					systems;
					- principles of building information systems;
					- areas of application of information systems in
					medicine and health care;
					- legal issues related to the storage and exchange of
					information in medicine and health care; - the main characteristics of computer information
					systems in health care.
					Able to:
					- identify information needs at different levels of
					government;
					- choose data sources depending on the goals and
					objectives of information systems; - build simple information systems to solve
					management issues in situational problems;
					Possess skills:
					- skills to assess the quality of information in
					information systems.
					Objective: to get acquainted with the existing
					information technologies in the field of computer graphics and acquire skills in working with modern
					software for designing and working with heterogeneous
					data (graphics, text, sound, video), organized in the form
					of a single information environment.
					Content: Multimedia technologies. Hardware-software
					and multimedia production technology. An overview of
					the hardware media. The main components of multimedia applications and software for their creation and
					processing. Technology of production of multimedia
			Medical	Di vici	applications. Author multimedia systems.
	Multimedia Sofware				Expected result:
					know:
3		5	Statistics	Biostatistics	types of computer graphics;basics of Flash Professional, tools; types of effects
					of vector objects; the ability to process vector text;
					Able to:
					- create and configure various types of animation in
					Flash Professional;
					- apply to the solution of applied tasks basic
					algorithms of information processing. Possess skill:
					- skills in programming in Flash Professional.
					- methods and means of creating modern multimedia
					products; basic techniques of creating, converting and
					editing multimedia data;
					- skills of combining multimedia information into a
		1			single information space. Purpose: to Study the basic concepts of computer
					graphics and its application. In the study of the discipline,
					the student acquires the necessary knowledge to work
	Computer graphics				with raster and vector graphics, which in the future can
					be effectively used in the study of geoinformation
		5			technologies, computer mapping and professional
			Madia-1		activities.
3			Medical Statistics	Biostatistics	Contents: Introduction to computer graphics.Raster computer graphics. Vector computer graphics. Three-
			Statistics		dimensional computer graphics. Fractal computer
					graphics. Basics of Web design.
					Expected result:
					Know:
					- basic concepts and types of computer graphics; color
					models used in various types of computer graphics; - algorithms and types of compression of graphic
	<u> </u>	1	<u>l</u>		- argoriums and types of compression of grapme

			T		images had a factor of a little
					images; basics of computer modeling; - features and applications of the studied software products; basics of web-design.
					Able to: - create and process computer graphics in an optimal
					way; - work with the main two-dimensional and three-
					dimensional graphics editors; - design web-pages in accordance with the terms of
					reference, using site design technology. Possess skills:
					- the main methods of creating and editing images in vector editors; skills of editing photorealistic images in
					raster editors. Objective: to provide systematic assistance to medical
					personnel in case of controversial and problematic situations in the treatment of patients.
					Contents: Expert systems in the diagnosis of diseases. Expert system for the monitoring of the health status of
					the patient. Expert system for treatment planning. Expert
					system to predict the development of diseases. Expert systems for pattern and signal recognition.
					Expected result: Know:
					diagnostic system;predictive system;
			Medical Statistics,Biosta		- planning system; - interpretative system.
4	Expert systems in medicine	5	tistics6 Information and	Preparation for	Able to: - to make quick and high-quality decisions in the field of
			communication technologies in	graduate work.	material flow management; - to train experienced specialists in a relatively shorter
			medicine		period of time; to maintain the "know-how" of the company, as the personnel using the system cannot take
					out the experience and knowledge contained in the expert system;
					- to use the experience and knowledge of highly qualified specialists in non-prestigious, dangerous, boring and
					similar jobs. Possess skills:
					- knowledge of data objects specific to the subject area; - knowledge of data types specific to the method of
					knowledge representation;
					knowledge independent of the method of representation.
					Objective: to Create a single information space; to Monitor and manage the quality of medical care; To
					increase the transparency of medical institutions, as well as the effectiveness of management decisions; to Study
					the economic aspects of medical care; to Reduce the time of examination and treatment of patients;
					Contents: basic level Medical information systems. Medical information systems at the level of
			Medical		medical institutions. Medical information systems of territorial level. Medical information systems at the
	Information and computing expert systems in medicine		Statistics,Biosta tistics6	Production	Federal level. Expected result:
4	Information and computing expert systems in medicine	5	Information and communication	preparation for diploma work	Know: -definition of information system, tasks of medical
	expert systems in medicine		technologies in	dipiolila work	information systems, classification, functional purpose
			medicine		of medical information systems, the concept of an automated control system, its levels, components,
					structure, functions, basic requirements, as well as stages of development.
					Able to: -to make and analyze the structural scheme of the
					program complex of the automated hospital information system of the offered medical and preventive institution;
					-to enter information about patients treated in the Hospital as;
	•		•		

		T	1	ı	T
					-create a consolidated and personalized account-register for mutual settlements with the insurance medical organization in the as Hospital; Possess skills: -terminology related to modern computer technologies in the application to solving problems of medicine and health care; -the main methods for the use of medical information systems in the diagnostic and treatment process.
				Day do stice	Purpose: to Study the basic concepts of computer graphics and its application. In the study of the discipline, the student acquires the necessary knowledge to work with raster and vector graphics, which in the future can be effectively used in the study of geoinformation technologies, computer mapping and professional activities. Contents: Introduction to computer graphics.Raster computer graphics. Vector computer graphics. Three-dimensional computer graphics. Fractal computer graphics. Basics of Web design. Expected result: Know: - basic concepts and types of computer graphics; color
5	Mathematical methods of evidence-based medicine	4	Medbiophysics	Production preparation for diploma work	models used in various types of computer graphics; - algorithms and types of compression of graphic images; basics of computer modeling; - features and applications of the studied software products; basics of web-design. Able to: - create and process computer graphics in an optimal way; - work with the main two-dimensional and three-dimensional graphics editors; - design web-pages in accordance with the terms of reference, using site design technology. Possess skills: - the main methods of creating and editing images in
					vector editors; skills of editing photorealistic images in raster editors.
5	Mathematical processing of experimental data	4	Medbiophysics	Production preparation for diploma work	Purpose: Development of scientific basis for building automated information processing and management systems. Development of theoretical bases of algorithmization of functional problems of information management and processing, analysis of ACS efficiency. Development of fundamentally new methods of organization and maintenance of information database and data banks. Development of methods of transformation and transmission of information in automated systems of information processing and management. Development of real-time systems in the field of organizational management and information processing. Development of methods of control, coding and ensuring the reliability of information. Creation of computer systems and information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex applications. Development of scientific bases of technical support of ACS. Development of methods to ensure system compatibility and integration of ACS, APCS. Contents: Automated information systems: basic concepts and terminology, classification. Functioning of automated information systems. Automated control system. Expected result: Know: - regulatory framework for the development and preparation of technical documentation; - methods of design of automated information systems; - typical components of automated information systems;

					- features of operation of computer networks of
					different types; - principles of construction of distributed information
					systems;
					- software composition of automated information systems;
					- methods of information security of automated
					information systems;
					- the methodology of improvement of technological solutions;
					- basic methods of quality management of products and
					services;
					- methods of evaluation of quality and reliability of products;
					- the procedure for certification of products and
					services; General principles of personnel management.
					Able to: - develop technological processes of automated
					information processing, develop, modify, adapt and
					maintain components of automated information systems; - to install, adapt, maintain and operate the software
					of automated information systems;
					- to carry out the optimal choice of information
					software and hardware in the formation and modification of automated information systems;
					- to operate automated information systems;
					- ensure compatibility of hardware and software
					protection of computer equipment; - to develop instructional documentation for support
					of automated information systems;
					Possess skills: - methods of analysis of the subject area and design of
					pric-
					- handsome of the information processing system;
					the ability and skills of selection and verification of different protocols
					- levels of architecture of the digital network of
					integrated service, methods of an assessment of efficiency of concrete options of integrated networks;
					- methods a systematic analysis of the interfaces of the
					information processing system.
					Objective: to provide students with basic training in project management. To give an idea of the existing
					methodologies of project management in the field of it
					and to develop students ' practical skills in their
					application, so that at the end of one semester of training they were able to prepare and perform at a qualitative
					level their first project.
					Contents: Introduction to project management.
					Evaluation method. Preparation of the project plan. Project risk management. Financial justification of the
					project. Control and monitoring. Schedule management.
					Fundamentals of the theory of constraints. Integration management. Resource management. Quality
			If	Production	management methods. Project team management. Multi-
6	3D modeling in medicine	4	Informatization of healthcare	preparation for	project and portfolio management.
				diploma work	Expected result: Know:
					- project life cycle models; XP methodology;
					- PMI standard basics;
					quality control methods;team building methodologies;
					- methods of formalization and decision-making;
					to be able to: - manage project communications; manage project
					personnel;
					- plan and manage deadlines; identify and reduce risks;
					topossess: skills of working with project management
					SOFTWARE;

	ı	ı	T	T	
					methods of creating project plans;methods of analyzing project schedule bottlenecks;
					- methods of schedule management.
6	Graphic images in medicine and health care	4	Informatization of healthcare	Production preparation for diploma work	Purpose: development of basic and management of information technologies. Contents: Management and Informatics; General principles of the system organization; stability, controllability and observability; invariance and sensitivity of control systems; mathematical models of objects and control systems; forms of representation of models; methods of analysis and synthesis of control systems. Digital control systems; software implementation of control algorithms in digital systems. Expected result: Know: - the Essence and methods of business communication. Structure of business negotiations, Rules and form of business correspondence. The nature and types of electronic communications Able to: - Rules and form of business correspondence. - Justifies his point of view; - evaluates other opinions on the topic under discussion. Uses the presented tools. Possess skills: - Presents the results of the research in the form of a scientific report; - competent oral and written speech with the use of
					special project and business terminology
7	Administration of information systems	5	Information security and information security	Production preparation for diploma work	Purporse: to provide students with the necessary knowledge and skills in the field of means and methods of administration of IP currently used; mastery of theoretical knowledge in the field of information resources management of systems and networks; the acquisition of applied knowledge about the objects and methods of administration in information systems; to master skills of independent use of tool software systems, network services and equipment for the administration of IP. Contents: virtual machines and administration. The main tasks of administration. The concept of users and groups. NTFS. Automation of administration tasks. The basics of linux. Linux file system. Security FS.Network protection in linux. DNS. DHCP service. Application launch control. System restore. Selinux security system. Linux and windows interaction. Expected result: Know: - concepts, definitions of Active Directory; - the law of information exchange technology transfer; standards of data implementation of other applications; Able to: - organize the work of information systems; - ensure the security of data transmission; - choose measures and methods of organization of interaction of elements of information system in accordance with the tasks; Possess skills: - methods of practical use of modern computers for information processing; - ability to automate common tasks of administration; - ability to enter, store, process and analyze information.
7	Automated systems for information processing and control	5	Information security and protection	Production preparation for diploma work	Purpose: Development of scientific basis for building automated information processing and management systems. Development of theoretical bases of algorithmization of functional problems of information management and processing, analysis of ACS efficiency. Development of fundamentally new methods of organization and maintenance of information database

Development of methods data banks. transformation and transmission of information in automated systems of information processing and management. Development of real-time systems in the field of organizational management and information processing. Development of methods of control, coding and ensuring the reliability of information. Creation of computer systems and information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex applications. Development of scientific bases of technical support of ACS. Development of methods to ensure system compatibility and integration of ACS, APCS. Contents: Automated information systems: basic concepts and terminology, classification. Functioning of automated information systems. Automated control system. **Expected result:** Know: - regulatory framework for the development and preparation of technical documentation; methods of design of automated information systems; - typical components of automated information systems; - features of operation of computer networks of different types; - principles of construction of distributed information systems; - software composition of automated information systems; - methods of information security of automated information systems; - the methodology of improvement of technological solutions: - basic methods of quality management of products and services: - methods of evaluation of quality and reliability of - the procedure for certification of products and services; General principles of personnel management. Able to: develop technological processes of automated information processing, develop, modify, adapt and maintain components of automated information systems; to install, adapt, maintain and operate the software of automated information systems; to carry out the optimal choice of information software and hardware in the formation and modification of automated information systems; to operate automated information systems; ensure compatibility of hardware and software protection of computer equipment; to develop instructional documentation for support of automated information systems; Possess skills: - methods of analysis of the subject area and design of - handsome of the information processing system; - the ability and skills of selection and verification of different protocols - levels of architecture of the digital network of integrated service, methods of an assessment of efficiency of concrete options of integrated networks; - methods a systematic analysis of the interfaces of the information processing system. Information Purpose: students Acquire knowledge of modern security and Production computer technologies in medicine. Methods of medical 8 5 preparation for information Contents: Medical information systems and information processing diploma work technologies. Basic concepts of medical information security systems. Medical information systems, classification of

					medical information systems, the main types of medical information systems, the principles of operation and functioning of various systems. Medical information technology. Medical hardware and software systems, Telemedicine, Intelligent systems in medicine. Expected result: Know: - how to search, store, process and analyze information from various sources and databases, present it in the required format using information, computer and network technologies; Able to: - search, store, process and analyze information from various sources and databases, present it in the required format using information, computer and network technologies; Possess skill: - the ability to search, store, process and analyze information from various sources and databases, to present it in the required format using information, computer and network technologies.
8	Medical data processing software	5	Information security and information security	Production preparation for diploma work	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity. Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical results. Artificial neural networks used for computer intellectualization in medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer processing of medical experiment results on the basis of mathematical statistics. Devices for input and output of analog medical information from status sensors. Internet technologies in scientific research. Expected result: Know: - system bases for formalization of medical problems and processes; - methods of medical data processing; - regularities of construction, functioning and development of medical systems and technologies; - principles and methods of implementation of medical systems and technologies used in practice. Able to: - apply basic medical information systems and technologies in scientific and practical activities, identify problems relevant to diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitation processes; - use methods and principles of processing, management for the analysis of medical problem situations; - develop complexes of formalization and management of medical informati

					problems. Possess skill:
					- skills of work with medical information systems and technologies used in this subject area.
9	Administering databases in the MS SQL Server platform	5	Information security and information security,	Production preparation for diploma work	The purpose of the course is to study the functions, procedures and services of administration and development of database objects, database implementation in a specific database management system; Contents: Administration. Manage SQL Server services. SQL Server Service Manager utility. Configuring SQL Server services. Database-level security. Administrative task. Cluster administration. Software installation. Automation of administration. Installing and configuring SQL Server. Working with databases. Import and export data. Audit in SQL Server environment. Configure SQL server agent security. Expected result: Know: - the main provisions of the theory of databases, data warehouses, knowledge bases; - the basic principles of building a conceptual, logical and physical data model; modern tools for database schema development; Able to: - create database objects in modern database management systems and manage access to these objects; - work with modern Case-database design tools; - create and configure a database schema; develop applications using SQL; Possess skills: - work with database objects in a specific database management system; - use of database filling tools; - use of standard methods of database objects protection
9	Theory of automatic control	5	Database system	Preparation of the thesis	Purpose: on the basic properties of different classes of dynamic systems; on the methods of correction of the properties of closed systems. Contents: basic concepts and definitions. Apply methods for obtaining mathematical models of automation and control objects. Mathematical description of linear continuous. Formulate requirements for the properties of systems. Preparation of the initial equations of closed automatic control systems Expected result: know: -basic concepts and methods of mathematical modeling of control systems; -basics of programming and algorithmization, probability theory; Able to: - use standard application packages to solve practical problems; Possess skills: - skills with modern hardware and software; - methods of constructing algorithms.

LIST OF COMPONENTS BY CHOICE 6B06123 IT in HEALTHCARE Training period: 2 years 7 month (ДОТ)

Group educational programs: 5B057 Information technology

Group educational programs: 5B057 Information technology Name of discipline	Code of discipline	Number of credits	Semester
Basic discipline	es		
Component of choice 1			
World information systems	WIS 2210	2	1
World information resources	WIR 2210	3	
Component of choice 2			
Public health and health	PHH 2213	6	2
Social Medicine	SM 2213	0	
Component of choice 3			
Information and communication technologies in medicine	ICTM 2214	6	2
Medical informatics	MI 2214	6	2
Component of choice 4			
Computer-aided design systems in medicine	CADSM 3215		3
Automation of production	AP 3215	5	
Component of choice 5			
Medical electronics	ME 3217		3
Basics of designing medical devices and systems	BDMDS 3217	5	
Component of choice 6			
Medical Statistics	MS 3218	5	3
Statistics of healthcare system	SHS 3218		
Component of choice 7			
Information Systems Software	ISS 3219	6	4
Programming information systems	PIS 3219		
Component of choice 8			
Biostatistics	Bio 3220	5	5
Statistical Analysis in Healthcare	SAH 3220		
Component of choice 9			
Information security and information security	ISIS 3221	6	4
Data protection	DP 3221		
Component of choice10			
Database systems	DS 3222	6	4
Concept of databases	CD 3222		
Component of choice 11			
Modeling of information systems	MIS 4223	5	5
Basics of computer modeling	BCM 4223		
Component of choice 12			
Management in Healthcare	MH 4224	5	5
Control in Healthcare	CH 4224		
Компонент по выбору 13			

Web technologies	WT4225		2
Programming in the Internet	PI4225	3	
Profiling disciplines			
Component of choice 1			
Medbiophysics	Med 2305	5	2
Medical physics and medical imaging.	MPMI 2305		
Component of choice 2			
Informatization of healthcare	IZ 3306	5	2
Information resources of healthcare	IRZ 3306		3
Component of choice 3			
Modern medical information systems and telemedicine	SMIST 3307	_	
Information systems of medical technological processes	ISMTP 3307	5	3
Component of choice 4			
Expert systems in medicine	ESM 4308	5	5
Information and computing expert systems in medicine	ICESM 4308	3	J
Component of choice 5			
Mathematical methods of evidence-based medicine	MMEBM 4309	4	4
Mathematical processing of experimental data	MPED 4309	4	
Component of choice 6			
3D modeling in medicine	3DMM 4310	4	4
Graphic images in medicine and health care	GIMHC 4310		
Component of choice 7			
Administration of information systems	AIS 4311	- 4	4
Automated systems for information processing and control	ASIPC 4311		
Component of choice 8			
Methods of medical information processing	MMIP 4312	- 5	5
Medical data processing software	MDPS 4312		
Component of choice 9			
Administering databases in the MS SQL Server platform	ADMSSQLSP 4313	5	5
Theory of automatic control	TAC 4313		

Head of the departmen Dean of the faculty Advisor of specialty