Kazakh Humanitarian Juridical Innovative University

Faculty of Information Technology and Economics

Department of "Informatics and mathematics»

# 6B06123 IT IN HEALTHCARE

# **CATALOGUE OF ELECTIVE COURSES**

year of admission-2020

### Group educational programs: 5B057-Information technology

Elective course	The name of subject		Prerequisites	Postrequisites	Short description of the content, the aims of education, expected results
				e to select (BSS)	
				mic and legal kn	owledge
1	Fundamentals of market economy and entrepreneurship	3	There is a need for legal, historical and economic knowledge that students receive in secondary schools	Sociology, Political Science	The purpose of teaching this discipline is the formation of systemic economic thinking to understand the logic of the economic laws of society, processes and phenomena that occur at all levels, with the possibility of applying knowledge in practice in any situation and in any economic system. Mastering the skills of the scientific and practical foundations of the organization of entrepreneurial activity, the methods of its planning and implementation in modern market conditions.  Content: consideration of the institution of entrepreneurship; mastering the economic skills of organizing entrepreneurial activities and evaluating its effectiveness; definition and use of state mechanisms of regulation and support of entrepreneurship. The study of processes, phenomena of the economic life of society; the development of methods, methods, principles, approaches for the study of economic processes;  Learning Outcome:  Know: the functions of money, the reasons for the differences in the level of remuneration; main types of taxes; organizational and legal forms of entrepreneurship; types of securities; economic growth factors; current state of the theory and practice of entrepreneurial activity;  To be able to: give examples of factors of production and factor income, public goods, Kazakhstani enterprises of various organizational forms, global economic problems; describe the effect of the market mechanism, the main forms of wages and labor incentives, inflation, the main articles of the state budget of Kazakhstan, economic growth, use the basic terminology of modern entrepreneurship; use methods of entrepreneurial activity;  Skills: obtaining and evaluating economic information; drawing up a family budget; assessment of their own economic activities as a consumer, family member and citizen.
1	Fundamentals of law and anti-corruption culture	2	Legal and historical knowledge that students receive in secondary and secondary	Sociology, Political Science	The purpose of studying the discipline: Studying the course and introducing students to the formation of a knowledge system on combating corruption and developing a civic position on this basis in relation to this phenomenon.  Content: Fundamentals of the anti-corruption culture is a holistic interdisciplinary system of

		_			
			schools is		knowledge for all specialties and areas of bachelor
			necessary		training.
					<b>Expected result:</b> As a result of studying the
					discipline, students should know: the essence of
					corruption and the reasons for its origin, the measure of moral and legal responsibility for
					corruption offenses.
					To be able to: possess the skills to acquire new
					knowledge about the anti-corruption culture is a
					holistic interdisciplinary system of knowledge.
					Competencies: general education.
		ľ	Module of econon	nic and natural l	
2					The purpose of teaching this discipline is the
					formation of systemic economic thinking to
					understand the logic of the economic laws of
					society, processes and phenomena that occur at all
					levels, with the possibility of applying knowledge
					in practice in any situation and in any economic
					system. Mastering the skills of the scientific and
					practical foundations of the organization of
					entrepreneurial activity, the methods of its planning
					and implementation in modern market conditions. <b>Content:</b> consideration of the institution of
					entrepreneurship; mastering the economic skills of
					organizing entrepreneurial activities and evaluating
					its effectiveness; definition and use of state
					mechanisms of regulation and support of
					entrepreneurship. The study of processes,
			There is a		phenomena of the economic life of society; the
			need for legal,		development of methods, methods, principles,
			historical and		approaches for the study of economic processes;
	Fundamentals of market		economic	Sociology,	Learning Outcome:
	economy and	3	knowledge	Political	<b>Know:</b> the functions of money, the reasons for the
	entrepreneurship		that students	Science	differences in the level of remuneration; main types
			receive in		of taxes; organizational and legal forms of
			secondary		entrepreneurship; types of securities; economic
			schools		growth factors; current state of the theory and practice of entrepreneurial activity; specifics of
					entrepreneurial activity;
					To be able to: give examples of factors of
					production and factor income, public goods,
					Kazakhstani enterprises of various organizational
					forms, global economic problems; describe the
					effect of the market mechanism, the main forms of
					wages and labor incentives, inflation, the main
					articles of the state budget of Kazakhstan, economic
					growth, use the basic terminology of modern
					entrepreneurship;
					use methods of entrepreneurial activity;
					<b>Skills:</b> obtaining and evaluating economic information: drawing up a family budget:
					information; drawing up a family budget; assessment of their own economic activities as a
					consumer, family member and citizen.
2					Aim. To form ideas about the safety of life in
-			There is a		human life and the possibility of regulating the
			need for legal,		processes of mutual influence of the environment
			historical and	Co-i-1	and man.
	Fundamentals of safety	2	biological knowledge	Sociology, Political	Content. The study of the basic concepts
	and life		that students	Science	of life safety, ecology, problems of modern
			receive in	Science	civilization and the environmental consequences of
			secondary		economic and other human activities in the
			schools		intensification of environmental management,
			55110015		emergencies, civil defense. Disclosure of principles
	·			·	<del></del>

				and methods of protection of the population from various environmental factors, legislative and legal acts in the field of bzh. Preservation of the environment and biological resources  Expected results: students must know: legislative framework of safety and environmental control, as well as methods for identification, eliminating the influence of harmful factors on human beings and the environment, and ensure comfortable conditions for life and human activities; to be able: to systematize safety standards for use in professional activity; to choose methods of protection against hazards in relation to their professional activities and select methods for providing comfortable living conditions; to own skills of life safety in production conditions and in emergency situations, skills of first aid.
	1	RASIC	DISCIPLINES	Tirst aid.
			e to select(BSS)	
1 World information systems	5	School course of informatics	Computer networks, Mathematical methods of evidence- based medicine	Purpose: acquaintance of students with modern world information systems, technological, organizational, economic and legal principles of their functioning, as well as possibilities of using information resources  Contents: Types and classification of information resources. The main problems of the theory of information resources. Knowledge as a national treasure. Classification of information resources of a society as an actual problem. Information infrastructure of the society. Centers-generators of information resources of modern society. The main trends in the information infrastructure of the company. Information products and services. Information business, information market.  Expected Result:  Know:  - the structure of the information environment or information space, which includes a variety of information flows, various information systems and information systems, principles and approaches to the use of technical devices;  Able to:  - to classify information systems and distinguish their characteristic features, assess the quality and efficiency of using information resources, extract information from various sources, including undocumented, documented, printed and electronic, effectively store, process information and present it in the necessary form for consumption, using In its activities, computer information technology, the basic component of which are numerous software products.  Possess skills:  - skills for analyzing relevant information, refining the query in order to increase search efficiency;  - skills of working with modern information resources.
1 World information resources	5	School course of informatics	Computer networks, Mathematical	Objective: to acquaint students with the principles of working with world information resources, their development trends, to teach students the principles

				methods of	of search engine design, to analyze the results
				evidence-	obtained, the use of modern information
				based	technologies in their professional activities.
				medicine	<b>Content:</b> Basic concepts of the Internet. Internet
					protocols and their standardization. Browser object
					model. Access to databases using WWW
					technology. Internet programming tools. Hypertext
					Markup Languages. Java programming languages.
					Basic language constructs. Java class library.
					Scripting languages.
					Expected Result:
					Know:
					- the concept of global resuras;
					- concepts, ideas, problems of world information
					systems;
					- the role of world information systems in the organization's development strategy;
					- signs of classification of world information
					systems;
					- structure of typical world information systems;
					main types of functional world information
					systems;
					Able to:
					- apply world information systems in educational
					and labor activities;
					Possess skills:
					- the basic technological principles of the
					functioning of world information resources on the
	0 1	-	XX7 1.1	T.C.	basis of the global Internet;
2	Operation systems	5	World information	Information	<b>Objective:</b> to teach the knowledge and skills of using modern software, to gain knowledge of
			mormation	Systems	Tushig inductif software, to gain knowledge of
			systems	Software	
			systems	Software Programming	modern operating systems, their functional
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they
			systems		modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads.
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input,
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell Expected Result: Know:
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - server operating systems;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - server operating systems for personal computers;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems; - operating systems for personal computers; - real-time operating systems.
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems; - server operating systems; - operating systems for personal computers; - real-time operating systems.  Able to:
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems; - operating systems for personal computers; - real-time operating systems.  Able to: - to make a review of the computer software;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - operating systems for personal computers;  - real-time operating systems.  Able to:  - to make a review of the computer software;  - provide service for operating systems;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - server operating systems;  - operating systems for personal computers;  - real-time operating systems.  Able to:  - to make a review of the computer software;  - provide service for operating systems;  - create system calls, system programs;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - operating systems for personal computers;  - real-time operating systems.  Able to:  - to make a review of the computer software;  - provide service for operating systems;  - create system calls, system programs;  - work with different operating systems;
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - operating systems for personal computers;  - real-time operating systems.  Able to:  - to make a review of the computer software;  - provide service for operating systems;  - create system calls, system programs;  - work with different operating systems;  - use the interpreter or command shell, the structure
			systems	Programming	modern operating systems, their functional architecture, the resources and methods they implement, and the management of computer complex resources. To teach knowledge and skills in the use of modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Contents: General information about operating systems. History of operating systems. The architecture of the operating system. The main functions of the OS. Processes and threads. Memory management File systems Control input, output. Architectural features of the microprocessor model. Real memory management. Configure network settings and share resources in local area networks. Programming with system calls in the Windows operating system, in the Linux System shell  Expected Result:  Know:  - mainframe operating systems;  - operating systems for personal computers;  - real-time operating systems.  Able to:  - to make a review of the computer software;  - provide service for operating systems;  - create system calls, system programs;  - work with different operating systems;

					-skills for solving typical problems of system programming of modern operating systems; -skills of work with various operating systems and their administration
2	Operating systems and PC software	5	World information systems	Information Systems Software Programming Technologies	Objective: to teach the knowledge and skills of using modern software, to acquaint with effective algorithms for solving various scientific and technical problems.  Content: Introduction. Disks and file systems. Configuring and configuring operating systems. Work with the network. Environments and shells. Organization of work in a team and support tools; automation of software design; principles of construction, structure and technology of using CAD software.  Expected Result:  Know:  - The basic architectural concepts of building and distribution of operating systems;  - the main components of operating systems, their purpose and interconnection;  Able to:  - make a choice of the operating system according to its purpose and characteristics;  - to choose the distribution of the operating system and install it on a personal computer;  - provide basic configuration of the operating system in the environment of its operation.  Possess skills:  - computer skills to manage information;  - knowledge and skills to solve practical problems of supporting the OS.
3	Fundamentals of robotics and artificial intelligence	6	Information and communicatio n technologies (in English)	Audit of information security	Purpose: familiarizing students with the basics of robotics, training programs for mobile robots  Contents: Fundamentals of robotics. Physical fundamentals of robotics. Information in modulating, information processes. Design basics. Mobile work. From simple to complex. Algorithmization. Programming mobile robots. The decision of applied problems. Education robotics.  Expected Result:  Know: methods of comparative analysis and evaluation of mathematical models of automation and robotization systems of production processes using modern data software products; methods of constructing algorithms aimed at the structure of the  Able to: - design of automation and robotization systems; comparative analysis with the use of modern software products for robotization of technological complexes and production process automation systems in various industries, as well as artificial intelligence methods;  Possess skills: formation of modern trends in the development of robotic systems and automation of production processes
3	Robotic systems and complexes	6	Information and	Audit of information	Objective development of abilities for creative self- realization through the development of design skills
			communicatio	security	in the process of creating robotic systems.

			n technologies		Contents: Robot actuators.Computing devices in
			(in English)		the control system for robots and flexible
			(III Llighsh)		1
					production modules. Software control systems for
					industrial robots. Adaptive robot control systems.
					Robot sensitivity systems.Remote-controlled robots
					and manipulators. Solving software problems of
					applying robotic systems.
					Expected Result:
					Know:
					industrial robot control systems; about remotely
					controlled robots;
					Able to:
					using robotic systems learning to solve
					programming problems
					Possess skills:
					information processing; organization of work on the
					collection, storage and processing of information
					used in the field of professional activity
4	Public health and health	6	Sociologists,P	Informatizatio	Purpose: unified national health information system
4	Fublic fleatin and fleatin	0	_		
			sychologists	n of healthcare	of Kazakhstan. E-health development concept of
1			fundamentals		the Republic of Kazakhstan
1			of economic		Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field
1			theory,		of health care. Principles of Informatization in the
1			fundamentals		field of health care. Protection of personal data of
1			of law		individuals (patients).
			01 14 11		Content: unified national health information system
					of Kazakhstan. E-health development concept of
					the Republic of Kazakhstan
					Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field
					of health care. Principles of Informatization in the
					field of health care. Protection of personal data of
					individuals (patients).
					Expected result:
					At the end of the course, students are formed.
					Know:
					- on basic terms and concepts;
					- on the theoretical basis of the social health and
					healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects
					taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles);
					- on the history of formation and development
					disciplines;
					- the role and place of social and biological
					factors in the formation of health (public, group,
1					family,
1					- individual) and organizations
1					- healths;
					- medical aspects of ethics and
					- deontology in the work of a doctor:
1					Skills.
1					- to register the data of patients who applied for
1					medical help in the organization of primary health
1					
1					care;
1					- to arrange the medical documentation of
					patients, obtained medical assistance in the
					organization of primary health care;
					- implementation of pre-appointment of patients
					to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at
					home.
					- to receive from the ambulance service
					unreasonable calls during business hours Primary
					health care and to carry out the transfer of
					unjustified calls to emergency medical care at
					stations.
	<del></del>				

work of the clinic, the time and place reception the population by the chief physician, his depuite doctors and all specialities, the volume diagnostic research in the clinic. Proficiency.  - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic format:  - carrying out the selection and delivery medical documentation to doctors' offices; - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flo in order to create a uniform linformation system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development theory, fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law subjects of Informatization in the field or health care. Protection of personal data individuals (patients).  Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed. Know:  - on basic terms and concepts: - on the theoretical basis of the social health a healthcare as a scientific subjects and subject aught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines; - the role and place of social and biologic factors in the formation of health (public, grouf family) individually pand organizations health and education of primary health care; - in greater the data of patients who applied factors in the formation of primary health care; - to register the data of patients who applied factors in the formation of primary health care; - implementation of primary health ca				1	1	
- format; - carrying out the selection and delivery medical documentation to doctors 'offices; - proper maintenance and storage - card index - to regulate the intensity of the population flo in order to create a uniform loads of doctors.  Informatization of healthcare sychologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law  Social Medicine  6 Sociologists, Passes fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law  Final properties of Kazakhstan Contents. Concept of development evaluation in the field of heal care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data individuals (patients).  Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed. Know: - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health are healthcare as a scientific subjects and subject taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development disciplines: - the role and place of social and biologic factors in the formation of health (public, grouf family, - individual) and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary heal care; - to arrange the medical documentation in patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - implementation of pre-appointment of patient to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors home.  - to receive from the ambulance service uncreasonable calls during business hours Primar health care and to carry out the transfer unjustified calls to emergency medical care stations to inform the population about the order of work of the elinic, the time and place reception the population by the chief physicial time.						Proficiency: - forming register of attached
4 Social Medicine  5 Sociologists, P sychologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law  6 Social Medicine  6 Sociologists, P sychologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law  6 Iaw  6 Iaw  6 Iaw  7 Informatizatio not healthcare e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Concept of development e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects as subjects of Informatization in the field of heal care. Principles of Informatization in the field health care. Protection of personal data individuals (patients).  8 Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed.  8 Know:  9 on basic terms and concepts;  1 on the theoretical basis of the social health an healthcare as a scientific subjects and subject taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles);  2 on the history of formation and development disciplines;  3 the role and place of social and biologic factors in the formation of health (public, ground family.  4 individual) and organizations  5 healths;  6 medical aspects of ethics and decontology in the work of a doctor:  7 Able to:  8 to register the data of patients who applied form decided assistance in the organization of primary healt care;  1 to register the data of patients who applied form decided health are and to care and the primary healt care;  2 implementation of calls to doctors home.  3 to receive from the ambulance servicuressonable calls during business hours Primar health care and to carry out the transfer unjustified calls to energency medical care stations.  4 to inform the population about the order of work of the chiric, the time and place reception the population by the chief physician, his deputic doctors and all specialities, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his deputic doctors and all specialities, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his deputic doctors and all specialities, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his deputic doctors and all specialities, the volume of the proposition of the population						<ul> <li>format;</li> <li>carrying out the selection and delivery of medical documentation to doctors 'offices;</li> <li>proper maintenance and storage</li> <li>card index</li> </ul>
4 Social Medicine  6 Sociologists, P. sychologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals of law  8 Purpose: unified national health information syste of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of ehealth of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects a subject of Informatization in the field of heal care. Principles of Informatization in the field health care. Protection of personal data individuals (patients). Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed. Know:  - on basic terms and concepts; - on the theoretical basis of the social health an healthcare as a scientific subjects and subject taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles); - on the history of formation and development of disciplines; - the role and place of social and biologic factors in the formation of health (public, grouf family), - individual) and organizations - healths; - medical aspects of ethics and - deontology in the work of a doctor: Able to: - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary healt care; - to arrange the medical documentation opatients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care; - implementation of pri-appointment of patient to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors home to receive from the ambulance servicular care and to carry out the transfer on unjustified calls to emergency medical care stations to inform the population about the order it work of the clinic, the time and place reception the population by the chief physician, his depute doctors and all specialties, the volume of corrections and the population by the chief physician, his depute doctors and all specialties, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his depute doctors and all specialties, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his depute doctors and all specialties, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his depute doctors and all specialties, the volume of the population by the chief physician, his deput						
Possess skills: - forming register of attached - population, including in electronic format;	4	Social Medicine	6	sychologists fundamentals of economic theory, fundamentals		Purpose: unified national health information system of Kazakhstan Content: Concept of development of e-health of the Republic of Kazakhstan Objects and subjects of Informatization in the field of health care. Principles of Informatization in the field of health care. Protection of personal data of individuals (patients).  Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed. Know:  - on basic terms and concepts;  - on the theoretical basis of the social health and healthcare as a scientific subjects and subjects taught (tasks, subjects, methods, principles);  - on the history of formation and development disciplines;  - the role and place of social and biological factors in the formation of health (public, group, family,  - individual) and organizations  - healths;  - medical aspects of ethics and  - deontology in the work of a doctor:  Able to:  - to register the data of patients who applied for medical help in the organization of primary health care;  - to arrange the medical documentation of patients, obtained medical assistance in the organization of primary health care;  - implementation of pre-appointment of patients to see doctors and registration of calls to doctors at home.  - to receive from the ambulance service unreasonable calls during business hours Primary health care and to carry out the transfer of unjustified calls to emergency medical care at stations.  - to inform the population about the order the work of the clinic, the time and place reception of the population by the chief physician, his deputies, doctors and all specialties, the volume of diagnostic research in the clinic.  Possess skills:  - forming register of attached  - population, including in electronic format;  - carrying out the selection and delivery of

		1	1		T
					<ul><li>proper maintenance and storage card index</li><li>basicity regulation of the flow of the population</li></ul>
					with the aim of creating a uniform loads of
					doctors.
5	Information and communication technologies in medicine	6	World information systems	Informatization of healthcare, Administration of information	<b>Purpose:</b> the Use of information and communication technologies to address a number of issues in medicine: 1. Creation of information
			Medbiophysic s	systems	resources in the medical industry. Status and tasks of information systems at various levels 2. Direction of formation of it in the medical field. Progressive domestic and foreign theories and
					practices 3. Legal and technological assistance of information exchange in medicine. 4. The use of telecommunications and the Internet to provide medical services 5. Reference tools and services to
					help solve health issues, training projects and research. The use of artificial intelligence 6. The use of automated Analytics in administrative
					matters 7. Information technologies in the system of continuous training of employees of medical organizations.  Contents: Medical Informatics. Classification of
					medical information systems. Medical instrumentation and computer systems. Medical diagnostics. Systems for monitoring. Medical
					process control systems. Ways of development of medical it. Telemedicine.  Expected result:
					Know:
					- medical and clinical information technologies introduced in Kazakhstan;
					<ul><li>the main problems of automation of health care in Kazakhstan.</li><li>the role of new technologies in medicine.</li></ul>
					Able to:
					<ul><li>apply information technologies in medicine;</li><li>establish an accurate diagnosis using medical</li></ul>
					devices and completely cure the patient.  Possess skills:
					- about the latest research, development and
5	Medical informatics	6	World	Informatization	technology in medicine. <b>Objective:</b> Optimization of information processes
	Wedled Informaties	Ü	information systems	of healthcare, Administration	in medicine through the use of computer technology, which improves the quality of public
			Medbiophysic	of information systems	health.
			S	Ţ	Contents: Introduction to medical Informatics. Modeling in biology and medicine. Statistical analysis of biomedical data. Medical information
					systems in the diagnostic and treatment process.  Expected result:
					Know: - theoretical bases of medical Informatics;
					- computer applications for solving medical and health problems.
					Able to: - use modern software to solve the problems of evidence-based medicine, clinical research
					automation, management Informatization in the health care system;
					- use the medical information system for diagnosis, prevention, treatment and rehabilitation in the clinic of internal diseases.
					Possess skills:

					- the theory of medical Informatics, as well as the practice of applying modern information technologies in the application to medicine and health care.
6	Computer-aided design systems in medicine	5	World information systems, Information and communicatio n technologies in medicine	Biostatistics Information Systems Software	Purpose: to Instill in students the skills of design, calculation, construction of medical equipment in graphic editors of computers; to instill in students the skills of maintenance and repair of devices using computers.  Contents: Section 1.Computer technology research. The role of hardware and computer technology in medical and biological research. Information-structural models of biomedical research. Basic operations for the preparation and research of the biological object. Development of a model of physiological research. Section 2. Automated research systems. Criteria of optimization of technology of performance of medical experiment. Algorithmic and software for biomedical research. Automated systems of registry, medical records, control of medical equipment and consumables. Application software for automated diagnostic, therapeutic and laboratory systems and complexes. Examples of practical implementation of computer technologies in biomedical research.  Expected result:  Know:  -the idea of graphical programming, the means of creating the drawing in the graphic editors, methods of building drawing;  -General understanding of the types of automated systems for research; determine the place of application of medical equipment; describe the stages of development of biomedical technology;  Able to:  - organize the process of building and editing drawings of medical equipment;  - to form skills of working with AutoCad program;  - to apply in practice graphic editors in professional activity;  - use catalogs of drawings and Internet resources to find the necessary literature and materials.  Possess skills:  - the theory of medical Informatics, as well as the practice of applying modern information technologies in the application to medicine and health care.
6	Automation of production	5	World information systems, Information and communicatio n technologies in medicine	Biostatistics Information Systems Software	Purpose: to Form basic knowledge and skills in automation, understanding of modern automated production; formation of students 'knowledge and skills necessary for the future bachelor of technological education.  Contents: General concepts of automation. Production and technological processes in mechanical engineering. Production automation. Automation of control and control in the production of machines. Automatic control system.  Expected result:  Know:  - appointment, classification, device and principle of operation of automation in production;  - General structure and structure of the computer,

technical and software means	
information processes, techninformation processing, local	
Able to:	and grood networks.
- analyze the readings of co	ontrol and measuring
devices; - make an informed cho	nice of equipment
mechanization and automa	
activities.	
Possess skills: - skills of solving problem	ns of automation a
choice of methods and autom	
- software for developm	ent of automated
7 Programming 5 Operation Database Purpose:"programming Tech	unalogy " is to tauch
Technologies systems systems, students a systematic un-	
Information principles of construction and	
security and information information contents: Basics of pro	anamanina in the
information security, C+environment. Basic conce	
Administering Techniques to ensure the	manufacturability of
databases in software products. Technical	
the MS SQL tasks. Software design with a Server programming. Testing and de	
platform, products at	bougging of software
Administratio structural approach. Softwa	_
n of object-oriented approach information Development of user interface	to programming.
systems assessment	ces. Bottware quanty
provisions.	
Expected result: Know:	
- principles design of softwar	re systems;
- organization of the software	
- methodology of structure SOFTWARE;	ctural design of
- object methodology-	
oriented SOFTWARE design	
- technological means of soft - methods of decomposition	
SOFTWARE design;	and abstraction in
- methods of debugging and	
- methods of protection of pr	ograms and data;
- to use the methods of	decomposition and
abstraction in the design FOR	.,
- apply software development tool environments, projection	-
debuggers;	at support toors,
- document and evaluate the	e quality of software
products; - design user interfaces.	
Possess skills:	
- methods and means of	
registration of technical docum	
- methods of software desig object-oriented approach;	ii wiui suuctufai aiid
- methods of structural and fu	
- methods of joint developme	
7 Programming of databases 5 Operation Systems Systems, Purpose: the Study of database used in the development of	
Information used in various fields of	
security and mastering the theoretical four	ndations of database

			T	T	
				information	construction.
				security,	Contents: basic concepts of database theory. Data
				Administering	Bank as an information system. Database typology.
				databases in	Transaction processing systems. Data integrity and
				the MS SQL Server	security. Data warehouse. Object-oriented databases. Distributed databases and client-server
				platform,	
				Administratio	systems. Promising models of databases. Publication of databases on the Internet. Modern
				n of	DBMS and their application. Organization of data
				information	warehouses.
				systems	Expected result:
				systems	Know:
					- the concept of information, data, data types, data
					models;
					- the concept of databases, database requirements;
					- levels of data presentation in the database;
					- language means of data processing in modern
					DBMS.
					Able to:
					- distinguish data from information;
					- describe the structure of relational database
					tables;
					- maintain the reliability and safety of data in a
					relational database;
					- use SQL to create, modify, and manage data in
					relational databases;
					- to search, collect, process, analyze and
					systematize information in the economy,
					management and ICT. Possess skills:
					- practical skills of presenting information in
					- practical skins of presenting information in
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8	Medical electronics	5	Information	Biostatistics.	modern DBMS.
8	Medical electronics	5	Information and	Biostatistics, Modeling of	modern DBMS. <b>Objective</b> : The goal is to prepare students in
8	Medical electronics	5		Biostatistics, Modeling of information	modern DBMS. <b>Objective</b> : The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and
8	Medical electronics	5	and	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the
8	Medical electronics	5	and communicatio	Modeling of	modern DBMS. <b>Objective</b> : The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization.
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear,
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem,
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view;  - solve a linear programming problem by a
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result:  know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view;  - solve a linear programming problem by a graphical method in the case of two variables;
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view;  - solve a linear programming problem by a graphical method in the case of two variables;  Possess skills:
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view;  - solve a linear programming problem by a graphical method in the case of two variables;  Possess skills:  - basic concepts of operations research (model,
8	Medical electronics	5	and communication technologies	Modeling of	modern DBMS.  Objective: The goal is to prepare students in solving typical problems of optimal planning and management. In the process of studying the discipline, deterministic methods and models for substantiating decisions are considered.  Content: The main sections and directions of discipline. Mathematical models and methods. Tasks unconditional and conditional optimization. Mathematical programming. Linear programming models. Know: knows methods of solving extremal problems for functionals and functions.  Expected result: know:  - scientific and applied aspects of the study of patterns inherent in the systems;  - general methods of operations research and their classification; the structure of a mathematical model of optimization problems (linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming);  - research methods and design principles of deterministic models of operations:  Able to:  - based on the initial data of the real problem, make up a mathematical model, determine the type of the task and choose the best solution from this point of view;  - solve a linear programming problem by a graphical method in the case of two variables;  Possess skills:

					constraints, reference plan, optimal plan, extremum); - methods for optimizing linear, nonlinear, dynamic programming problems
8	Basics of designing medical devices and systems	5	Information and communicatio n technologies in medicine	Biostatistics, Modeling of information	Purpose: Is to teach students how to master the technology of designing and maintaining information systems for managing an enterprise.  Contents: Basic concepts: management, process control, control system. Classification of control systems. Resource management manufacturing enterprise. Resource management and alignment of production plans with customer needs. Supply chain management. Process-oriented management. The evolution of management information systems. Modeling information management systems. Modeling metaclasses. Modeling entity classes Workflow modeling.  Expected Result:  Know:  - classification, architecture, approaches to the development of enterprise management information systems;  Able to:  - to formulate, document and solve the problem of information support for enterprise management processes;  Possess skills:  - methods of designing information management systems;  - skills of working with instrumental tools for designing information management systems.
9	Medical Statistics	5	Public health and health	Biostatistics	Objective: basic health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population . Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization.  Contents: Fundamentals of health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population. Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization. Expected result::  At the end of the course, students are formed:  Know:  - on the essence, basic concepts, principles and methods of medical statistics, in the field of application of statistics in solving problems of public health and health;  - methodology, planning and organization of statistical observation (forms, types, methods and stages of statistical observation)  - on the nature, application, methods of calculation and basis of analysis of descriptive statistics  -about rules of registration and representation of results of statistical supervision;  -on the main methods of calculation of indicators of public health (basic demographic indicators and morbidity);  -about the main methods of calculation of indicators of activity of out-patient and polyclinic

					institutions and hospital; Able to: - formulate goals and objectives of the study; - to plan, organize and carry out statistical observation in accordance with the objectives use tabular and graphical methods of presentation of statistical observation materials; - to formulate conclusions arising from the results of statistical observation, and to give a General conclusion on them; Possess skills: - public speech, argumentation, discussion and debate; - ability to expand and deepen the scientific worldview; - ability to independently acquire and use new knowledge;
9	Statistics of healthcare system	5	Public health and health	Biostatistics	Objective: basic health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population. Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization.  Contents: Fundamentals of health statistics. Statistics on the health of the population and the natural movement of the population. Indicators of the health of the population. Performance indicators of the doctor and medical organization. Expected result: at the end of the course, students are formed:  Know:  - on the essence, basic concepts, principles and methods of medical statistics, in the field of application of statistics in solving problems of public health and health;  - methodology, planning and organization of statistical observation (forms, types, methods and stages of statistical observation)  - on the nature, application, methods of calculation and basis of analysis of descriptive statistics;  - about rules of registration and representation of results of statistical supervision;  - on the main methods of calculation of indicators of public health (basic demographic indicators and morbidity);  - about the main methods of calculation of indicators of activity of out-patient and polyclinic institutions and hospital;  - formulate goals and objectives of the study;  - to plan, organize and carry out statistical observation in accordance with the objectives.  - use tabular and graphical methods of presentation of statistical observation materials;  - to formulate conclusions arising from the results of statistical observation, and to give a General conclusion on them;  Proficiency:  - public speech, argumentation, discussion and debate;  - ability to expand and deepen the scientific worldview;  - ability to independently acquire and use new knowledge;

10	Information Systems Software	6	Operation systems	Modeling of information systems	Purporse: The aim is to equip students with knowledge in the field of software information systems; formation of skills and abilities to establish client and server software; familiarity with the requirements for server programs and client programs.  Contents: Building blocks AIS Hardware software platforms servers and workstations choice of rational software AIS Order of installation and maintenance of server software Specialized software packages and utilities administration AIS server Installation Types of server software Features of operation of different types of server software Installation and maintenance of client software  Expected result:  Know:  - order of installation and maintenance of server and client software in AIS;  - basic principles and software tools for the development of AIS.;  Able to:  - to install, adapt, maintain and operate standard AIS software.  Possess skills:  - the variety of tools and applications, problems and prospects of software development.
10	Programming information systems	6	Operation systems	Modeling of information systems	Purpose: students are mastering the C++ language and on its basis mastering the basic techniques and methods of programming and acquiring skills in modern integrated programming systems; acquisition of skills in the development of software systems;  Contents: the Study of high-level programming techniques. Deals with the standard tasks and the typical examples from the practice of programming. Solving computational and programming problems. Object-oriented programming methodology. Dynamic data structures.  Expected result:  Know:  -technologies of development of algorithms and programs; -methods of debugging and solving problems on a computer in different modes; -basics of object-oriented approach to programming;  Able to:  - set a task and develop an algorithm for its solution; - use application programming systems; - develop basic documents; - work with modern programming systems, including object-oriented - C++ procedural and object-oriented programming language; - know how to develop and debug programs; - methods and means of development and execution of technical documentation
11	Biostatistics	5	Medical Statistics	Expert systems in medicine	<b>Purpose:</b> Introduction. History of biostatistics. Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientific research. Types of data testing of statistical

studies; - properties of the law of normal distribution signs; - on the analysis of variance; - correlation dependence; - on the criteria for testing hypotheses; - about student t-criteria; - about stages of medical and biologic experiment, planning; - survival analysis;  Able to: - apply statistical methods of processing data's; - Purpose: Introduction. History of biostatistics biometric research and the modern concept evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification analysis. Expert statistical hypothesis testing the choice of statistical criteria for analysis. Survival analysis.  Contents: Introduction. History of biostatistics biometric research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing the choice of statistical criteria for analysis. Survival analysis.  Contents: Introduction History of biostatistics biometric research and the modern concept evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification analysis survival analysis.  Contents: Introduction History of biostatistics biometric research and the modern concept evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification analysis survival analysis.  Contents: Introduction History of biostatistics biometric research and the modern concept evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification analysis Survival analysis.  Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed:  Know:  - types of data and how they are presented; - on change scales; - on the criteria of compliance and consent; on types Systematic errors and their evaluation studies; - properties of the law of normal distribution signs; - on the analysis of variance; - or the criteria for testing hypotheses; - about student criteria; - on the criteria of testing hypotheses; - about student criteria;	11			- properties of the law of normal distribution signs'; - on the analysis of variance; - correlation dependence; - on the criteria for testing hypotheses; - about student t-criteria; - on the main criteria of epidemiological analysis epidemiological indicators; - about stages of medical and biological experiment, planning; - survival analysis;  Able to: -apply statistical methods of processing data's;  Purpose: Introduction. History of biostatistics Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis. Contents: Introduction. History of biostatistics Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis. Contents: Introduction. History of biostatistics Biometric research and the modern concept of evidence-based Biomedicine. Planning of scientification research. Data type. Statistical hypothesis testing. The choice of statistical criteria for analysis of Variance. Correlation analysis. Expected result:  At the end of the course, students are formed:  Know: - types of data and how they are presented; - on change scales; - on the criteria of compliance and consent; on the types Systematic errors and their evaluation is studies; - properties of the law of normal distribution signs'; - on the analysis of variance; - correlation dependence; - on the criteria for testing hypotheses; - about student t-criteria; - on the main criteria of epidemiological analysis.
--	----	--	--	--

					experiment, planning; - survival analysis; Able to: - apply statistical methods of processing data's;
12	Audit of information security	6	Fundamentals of robotics and artificial intelligence, Programming Technologies,	Database Administratio n in MS SQL Server platform, Administratio n of information systems	Purpose: to familiarize students with the trend of development of information security, with models of possible threats, terminology and basic concepts of the theory of information security  Contents: Basic issues of is management. Process approach. The scope of the ISMS. The role structure of the ISMS. An ISMS policy.Riskology of IB. The main processes of the ISMS. Mandatory documentation of an ISMS. Implementation of the developed processes. Document "statement of applicability". The "business continuity Assurance" process. Ensuring compliance with the requirements of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Operation and independent audit of the ISMS. Software tools for IB audit.  Expected result:  Know:  - basic concepts and concepts of modern information security technologies;  - basic methods of creating information security systems;  - basic standards in the field of information security; basic tools for information security;  Able to:  - analyze the types of attacks and threats to information security systems;  - use information security tools;  Possess skills:  - the basic skills of construction and management of systems of information protection;  - skills to repel typical attacks on information systems;  - basic skills of working as a security administrator of computer systems;
12	Protecting information privacy	6	Fundamentals of robotics and artificial intelligence, Programming Technologies,	Database Administratio n in MS SQL Server platform, Administratio n of information systems	Purpose: to give students the necessary knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of modern information technologies currently used, as well as information security.  Contents: Protection of information in computer systems multi-level protection of corporate networks; protection of information in networks; requirements for information protection systems  Expected result:  Know:  -basic concepts and trends in the protection of computer information, information security principles, classification principles and examples of security threats to computer systems;  Able to:  - configure the built-in security features in the operating system, analyze the security of the computer and the network environment using the security scanner;  - install and use one of the means to encrypt information and organize data exchange using an electronic digital signature;  Possess skills:

					-methods of security audit of information systems, methods of system analysis of information systems.
13	Database systems	6	Programming Technologies,	Database Administratio n in MS SQL Server platform, Administratio n of information systems	Purpose: the acquisition of theoretical foundations and practical skills of students in the design and maintenance of databases by means of specific DBMS.  Contents: the Basics of building a database. Conceptual design of database (DB). Data model. Representation of data structures in computer memory. Methods of special treatment. DBMS. Database management systems (DBMS).  Expected result:  Know:  - modern methods of database design;  - modern software products required to build a database of complex organizational systems modern database management systems theoretical foundations and basic principles of creating databases of information systems;  Able to:  - use modern software for database design;  - use database design automation tools;  Possess skills:  - methodology and methodology of research of information model of the enterprise;  - modern methods of database construction;
13	Concept of databases	6	Programming Technologies,	Database Administratio n in MS SQL Server platform, Administratio n of information systems	Purpose: the organization of databases and database management systems, principles of construction, operation and evaluation of database characteristics and their management systems, the acquisition of students 'knowledge and skills in the design and use of databases.  Contents: basic concepts of database theory. Data Bank as an information system. Database typology. Transaction processing systems. Data integrity and security. Data warehouse. Object-oriented databases. Distributed databases and client-server systems.  Expected result:  Know:  - purpose and main components of database systems, levels of data presentation, main data models used in industrial DBMS;  Be able to: -develop the structure of a relational database, create user applications with interactive DBMS tools; -create complex queries and programs (scripts) to implement a lot of operator queries and processing of relational databases;  Possess skills: - DBMS Access 2010, MS SQL Server utilities to create and administer centralized databases
14	Modeling of information systems	5	Web технологии, Information Systems Software		Purpose: this discipline is an introduction to the principles of modeling complex systems that implement new information technology; study of tools for modeling the processes of information systems  Contents: basic concepts of the theory of modeling, the current state and General characteristics of the problem of modeling systems. Prospects of development of systems modeling.

				Principles of system approach in system modeling. Classification of types of system modeling. The basic mathematical model diagram of information processes and systems. Network model. Modeling of parallel processes. System modeling tools. System modeling and programming languages.  Expected result: know: -principles of analytical and simulation models of information processes, the main classes of models and modeling methods, methods of formalization, algorithmization and implementation of models on a computer;  Able to: -reasonably choose a method of modeling; build an adequate model of the system or process using modern computer tools; interpret and analyze the results of modeling.  Possess skills: - methods and techniques of work in CASE-tools; - methods and techniques of modeling information systems on modern computers based on analytical and simulation approach.; - the main criteria for the evaluation of the
14	Basics of computer modeling	5	Web технологии, Information Systems Software	Purpose: is the development of the theory, methods and technology of computer modeling in the study, design and application of information systems.  Content: Introduction to the basis of computer simulation Classification of types of models simulation of random numbers simulation of random events Simulation of continuous random variables simulation of discrete random variables Organization of computer simulation. Simulation of Queuing systems Computer simulation of economic and organizational systems  Expected result:  know;  typical classes of models and methods of modeling of complex systems, the apparatus of the Monte Carlo method, the principles of constructing models of the processes of functioning of complex systems, methods of formalization and algorithmization;  Able to;  use a systematic approach in the study, design and operation of information systems, to develop modeling algorithms and implement them using algorithmic languages and software packages modeling, to automate the design process with 'using modeling databases.  Possess skills;  skills of using computer modeling tools to create psychological comfort of the user
15	Management in Healthcare	5	Public health and health, Medical statistics, Biostatistics.	Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.

organization. Types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of retermal and objectives of health planning. Promein and the deadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions . Methods of managerial decision-making.  Expected result:  Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care: - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - on the basic and methods of planning in the scientific and algorithm of its and advantagement and algorithm of its and advantagement and algorithm of its and advantagement and algorithm of its analysis and algorithm of its and advantagement and algorithm of its analysis and advantagement principles of quality management in health care: - about a supply management in health care: - Able to: - define gaals and objectives of activition ganization, staff of the health care system: - assess the external and internal environment techniques in practicehealth care hands and advantagement and advantage					Contents: the Concept of management,
basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.  Expected result:  Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care: - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health: - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement adecision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, conomic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization; and the principles of careful and alternal environment method and principles of personnel management internal and internal environment method and principles of quality management in health care; - principles of quality management in health care; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population and advites of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager sactivities; - use information about the health of the population and criticis of the organization of the collective - to graphy effective communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - hasies of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care to form work plans for the organization of results in the health care system; - the organization and - management in the health care to form work plans for the organization of results in the he					
and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.  Expected result:  Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - shout functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - shout functions, about organizational structures of management as a science and art; - shout functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionnanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization of health management; - principles of quality management in health care.  Able to: - teline goals and objectives of health management; - principles of quality management in health care.  Able to: - teline goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care.  - sassess the external and internal environmentmedical organization apply management techniques, in practicchealth care with the propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health are: - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care with the propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health are: - apply information technology in management - Management system: - to use external and externalinetrial motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization in the health was a management of human resources in a medical organization in the health system: - to use external and externalinetrial motivation in the health system: - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health c					
objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them. Management edications. Methods of management decisions Methods of management decisions. Methods of management decisions. Methods of management in health care;  Expected result:  Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the dealth of the population andactivities of the dealth care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the dealth of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care of the population andactivities of the dealth of the population andactivities of the dealth of the population andactivities of the dealth of the population and care of the organization of the collective of the population and care of the population of the collectiv					*
leadership, the difference between them Management style, views. Classification of management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.  Expected result: Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care:  - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art;  - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care:  - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health:  - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health:  - on the hasic and principles of personnel management decision and algorithm of its adoption:  - methods and principles of personnel management decision and algorithm of its adoption:  - methods and principles of personnel management or the mature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption:  - methods and principles of personnel management or the content of the security system;  - methods and principles of personnel management or decision and algorithm of its adoption:  - organizational, economic and financialaspects of leath management;  - principles of quality management in health care:  - Able to:  - principles of quality management in health care:  - Able to:  - principles of quality management in health care:  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization:  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care:  - apply information technology in management or fundamental or improve the quality and effectiveness of health care:  - apply information technology in management or fundamental or migrove the content of the collective or the organization of the collective or the organization of the collective or the organization of the collective organization and extending the health management organization and management in the health care system;  - fundamentals of coordination in the he					
Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decisions—making.  Expected result: Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care: - ransomable stages of development of management is a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care: - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system: - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financial spects of health management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financial spects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization of propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care f					
management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.  Expected result:  Know:  - on the basic theories of management in health care:  - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art:  - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care:  - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health;  - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health;  - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health;  - on the hasic and methods of planning in the security system  - public health;  - on the hasic and principles of personnel management decision and algorithm of its adoption;  - methods and principles of personnel management decision and algorithm of its adoption;  - methods and principles of personnel management in health care:  Able to:  - organizational connomic and financialaspects of health management;  - principles of quality management in health care:  Able to:  - define goals and objectives of activiteorganization, staff of the health care:  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization;  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization;  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  - apply information about the health care in the health management in the health management or the propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  - to form work plans for the organization of the collective  - to apply effective communications in the health management organization.  - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management organization in the health management organization and  - management in the health care system;  - basics of organization and  - management organization and  - management organization in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - fu					* '
decision-making. Expected result: Know: - on the hasic theories of management in health care; - rousonable stages of development of management as a science and art: - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health: - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization; - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal convironmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management — Managers activities; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to the organization of the collective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinemal motivation in the management in the health care system; - basics of organization and evaluation of results in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - design of organization structures in health care, - design of organization afformation in the health and health, - Medical					
Expected result: Know: - on the basic theories of management in health care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, (typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health care of organization.  Purpose: the Concept of management, design of organization design of organization and structures in health care.					management decisions. Methods of managerial
Control in Healthcare   S   Public health and badth a management of health care;   Control in Healthcare   S   Public health and badth a management of human germent of management in health care;					decision-making.
- on the basic theories of management in health cure; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - aboud functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; - Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system: - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - design of organization afformation in the health system; - design of organization afformation in the health care design of organization and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organization and analysis of external					Expected result:
care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption: - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management: - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management echniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to go the communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;					Know:
care; - reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption: - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management: - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management echniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to go the communications in the health management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;					- on the basic theories of management in health
- reasonable stages of development of management as a science and art; - about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care; - on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspeets of health management: - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticogramization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - busics of organization and - management in the health care system; - busics of organization for monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system: - fundamentals of coordination in the health system: - fundamentals of coordination in the health system: - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system: - fundamentals of coordination in the health system: - fundamentals of coordination in the health system: - design of organization					
management as a science and art;  about functions, about or sganizational structures of management in health care;  on the basic and methods of planning in the security system  public health;  on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption;  methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization;  organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management;  principles of quality management in health care;  Able to:  define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system;  assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization;  apply management dechniques in practicehealth care Manager activities;  use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  apply information about the health of the collective  apply information technology in management  Manager's activities in health care;  to form work plans for the organization of the collective  to form work plans for the organization of the collective  to form work plans for the organization of the collective  to form and external and external motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills:  basics of planning in the health care system;  fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  fundamentals of coordination Motivation, design of organization.  Absic aspects of motivat					
about functions, about organizational structures of management in health care:  on the basic and methods of planning in the security system public health; on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management: principles of quality management in health care;  Abit to: define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; upply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; upply information technology in management Manager's activities in health care; to form work plans for the organization of the collective to apply effective communications in the health management system; to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Posses skills: basics of planning in the health care system; fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; fundamentals of coordination in t					
of management in health care:					
- on the basic and methods of planning in the security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  *Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitiveorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information to echnology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans care to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - to form work plans of the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  **Posses* skills** - basics of palaming in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  - Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, Motivation, Andysis of external hasic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
security system - public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, Anglysis of external of sevents in Amageres of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation, Analysis of external					
- public health; - on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, consorting and evaluation of results in the health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activities pages and objectives of activities practice, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care design of organization Andivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external basic aspects of motivation.					
- on the nature, content, typology, methods of adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information technology in management - Manager's management of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information about the health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities; - use information about the health care; - apply information and care; - apply information and care; - apply information and activities of the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  - Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, Modivation, basic aspects of motivation, Analysis of external					
adoptionmanagement decision and algorithm of its adoption;  - methods and principles of personnel management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information chonology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external care.					
adoption; - methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, conomic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external internal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organization altructures in health care.  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Addivation, Motivation, Analysis of external					
- methods and principles of personnel management immedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiteorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - design of organization and valuation of results in the health system; - design of organization And valuation of results in the health system; - design of organization And valuation of results in the health system; - design of organization And valuation of results in the population. Analysis of external					
management inmedical organization; - organizational, economic and financialaspects of health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organization aftructures in health care.					adoption;
management inmedical organization; - organizational; conomic and financialaspects of health management: - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.					- methods and principles of personnel
health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply effective communications in the health management system; - to to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, Analysis of external					management inmedical organization;
health management; - principles of quality management in health care; Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - apply effective communications in the health management system; - to to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and external motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization in the health system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, Analysis of external					- organizational, economic and financial aspects of
- principles of quality management in health care;  Able to: - define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare 5 Public health and health, Medical Basebects of motivation. Analysis of external					
Able to:  - define goals and objectives of activiticorganization, staff of the health care system;  - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization;  - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities;  - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  - apply information technology in management  - Manager's activities in health care;  - to form work plans for the organization of the collective  - to apply effective communications in the health management system;  - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills:  - basics of planning in the health care system;  - basics of organization and  - management in the health care system;  - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- define goals and objectives of activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health , Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Analysis of external					
activitieorganization, staff of the health care system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
system; - assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to manager's activities in health care; - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health care - Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					, and the second
- assess the external and internal environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health care.  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					=
environmentmedical organization; - apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health care.  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- apply management techniques in practicehealth care Manager activities; - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health , Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization. Motivation, Medical					
care Manager activities;  - use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  - apply information technology in management  - Manager's activities in health care;  - to form work plans for the organization of the collective  - to apply effective communications in the health management system;  - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills:  - basics of planning in the health care system;  - basics of organization and  - management in the health care system;  - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization, Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- use information about the health of the population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
population andactivities of the organization to propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
propose measures to improve the quality and effectiveness of health care;  - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					- use information about the health of the
effectiveness of health care; - apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					population and activities of the organization to
- apply information technology in management - Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					propose measures to improve the quality and
- Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					effectiveness of health care;
- Manager's activities in health care; - to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					- apply information technology in management
- to form work plans for the organization of the collective - to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
collective  to apply effective communications in the health management system;  to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills:  basics of planning in the health care system;  basics of organization and  management in the health care system;  fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  design of organizational structures in health care.  Control in Healthcare  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- to apply effective communications in the health management system; - to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health , organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
management system;  to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills:  basics of planning in the health care system;  basics of organization and  management in the health care system;  fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  design of organizational structures in health care.  Control in Healthcare  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization, Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- to use external and externalinternal motivation in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills: - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
in the management of human resources in a medical organization.  Possess skills:  - basics of planning in the health care system;  - basics of organization and  - management in the health care system;  - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
medical organization.  Possess skills:  - basics of planning in the health care system;  - basics of organization and  - management in the health care system;  - fundamentals of coordination in the health system;  - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system;  - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
Possess skills:  - basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization, Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- basics of planning in the health care system; - basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					=
- basics of organization and - management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- management in the health care system; - fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- fundamentals of coordination in the health system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
system; - fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
- fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization and monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization and Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					- fundamentals of coordination in the health
- fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization and monitoring and evaluation of results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization and Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					system;
results in the health system; - design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, Medical  Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					- fundamentals of monitoring and evaluation of
- design of organizational structures in health care.  15 Control in Healthcare  5 Public health and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
Care.   Control in Healthcare   5					
15 Control in Healthcare 5 Public health and health, Medical Purpose: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization. Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
and health, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external	15	Control in Healthcare	5	Public health	
Medical basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external					
statistics, and internal chynomicia. Dasic principles and					
			l	sausics,	and merital environment. Dasic principles and

16	Web technologies	5	World information systems	Information technology And	care. <b>Objective:</b> to master the technologies, principles of organization and functioning of the Internet, training in the methods of designing applications
16	Web technologies	5			<b>Objective:</b> to master the technologies, principles of
			Biostatistics.		objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them.  Contents: the Concept of management, organization, types of organization .Motivation, basic aspects of motivation. Analysis of external and internal environment. Basic principles and objectives of health planning. Power and leadership, the difference between them Management style, views. Classification of management decisions. Methods of managerial decision-making.

16	Programming in the Internet	5	World information systems	Information technology And intelligent systems	Content: Principles for the development of Web documents (HTML). The role and place of Webtechnologies in modern society. network Internet. Technical and software resources of the Internet. The protocols of the Internet. Internet address. Domain name structure. Organization of the Web site. Notepad++Editor. The simplest HTML page. Paragraphs, headings, lists. Cascading CSS style sheets. Cascading CSS style sheets. Definition of CSS. Purpose of CSS. General principles of CSS. Assigning styles. Server technology. Familiarity with the language PHP.  sult:  Know:  - the basics of the world Wide Web; stages of development of web-sites; hypertext markup language HTML;  - technology of separating content and design using cascading style sheets CSS;  - modern technologies of development Web-sites; the procedure for the use of server side technologies;  - principles of SEO-optimization of sites.  - create static HTML pages and apply style sheets;  - to use tools for creating static websites (Webeditor, graphic editor, etc.) to create interactive elements of Web-pages; to develop dynamic websites using modern website design technologies.  Possess skills:  - hypertext markup language for building HTML documents;  - embed CSS cascading style sheets rules.  Objective: to develop students ' professional competencies related to the ability to develop applications for the Internet and develop skills in building and researching distributed applications and interactive web pages  Contents: Introduction to Internet programming. The study of hypertext markup language HTML documents. Learning the CSS styling language. Programming in Java Script. Create client handlers. Creation of server developers. PHP programming
16		5	information systems	technology And intelligent systems	Objective: to develop students ' professional competencies related to the ability to develop applications for the Internet and develop skills in building and researching distributed applications and interactive web pages  Contents: Introduction to Internet programming. The study of hypertext markup language HTML documents. Learning the CSS styling language. Programming in Java Script. Create client handlers. Creation of server developers. PHP programming language. Use of databases in Internet applications. Design of Internet applications for business.  Expected result:  Know:  - methods of construction of modern Internet resources, standards in the field of development of Internet resources, formats of storage of graphic information for Internet resources, principles of construction of client and server components.  Able to:  - develop Internet applications using modern development tools  Possess skills:  - working with tools for developing and debugging client and server parts of Internet applications.
				NG DISCIPLIN components (O	
1	Medbiophysics	5	ICT, school	Information	Objective: Medical physics
				•	

	course of	and	Contents: description of the specialty. Medical
	mathematics,	communicatio	physics is a field of applied physics in which
	physics,	n technologies	devices, equipment and physical factors of human
	computer	in medicine	impact used in medicine are studied.
	science.		The specialty is open to eliminate the acute
			shortage of personnel for health care, able to ensure
			the safe operation of complex medical equipment,
			mainly in Oncology and medical radiology.
			Expected result:
			At the end of the course, students are formed.
			Know:
			- Modern methods of studying the structure and
			functions of biological membranes.
			- Study of surface tension forces. Ionizing
			radiation. Dosimetry.The principles of
			transformation of biological and not electric
			signals in electric.Design of sensors and
			electrodes, their main characteristics.
			- The device, the principle of operation of the
			electrocardiograph. The main approaches to ECG
			recording. ECG registration and analysis
			principles. The device, the principle of operation
			of the electroencephalograph. The main EEG
			rhythms. EEG registration and analysis
			principles.Laser radiation.The device, work
			principle of spectrophotometer. Application of
			spectrophotometric research methods to determine
			the concentration of substances in biological
			fluids.Polarization of light by Biosystems.
			- Special techniques of microscopy of biological
			objects.
			- Model of sliding filaments. Muscle
			biomechanics. Hill's Equation. Simulation
			mytechnorati.Electromechanical coupling.Devices
			for measuring the function of external respiration.
			The device and the principle of operation.
			Registration and analysis of functional research
			data.Study of rheological properties of biological
			fluids. Methods of study of blood circulation.
			Integral and regional rheography. Methods of
			indirect recording of shock and minute emission.
			Physical basis of hemodynamics. Patterns of blood
			flow in the arterial and venous bed.the main
			technical means of medical introscopy. Physics of
			ionizing radiation. Photo process. Nuclear
			magnetic resonance. Physics of ultrasound.
			Physical and technical basis of radiology. The
			device and principles of x-ray Equipment (x-Ray,
			CT); ultrasound Devices; MRI Devices.
			Scintigraphy and radionuclide diagnostics devices.
			Organization of work of x-ray Department, photo
			laboratory. Legislative and policy materials for x-
			ray diagnostics. Automated accounting and
			reporting of the Department of LD. Bases of
			radiation safety in offices of LD. Dosimetric
			control.Therapeutic technique based on the use of
			direct current. Therapeutic technique based on the
			use of RF, microwave and UHF currents.Sources
			of errors in the registration of medical indicators.
			Able to:
			- To use physical methods of diagnosis and
			treatment of patients with the help of complex
1 1	1	Î	technical equipment, including for the safe use of

					sources of ionizing radiation.  - The specialist prepares the appropriate equipment, plans and conducts medical irradiation of patients as prescribed by the doctor.  Possess skills:  - should be capable of conducting fundamental and applied research in the field of physical factors on the human body, ensuring radiation safety of personnel and ensuring the quality of radiation exposure of patients using sources of ionizing radiation in medicine.  - To study all kinds of physical phenomena, processes and structures observed in nature  - Take part in physical research  - To master the method of application of research results in innovation
1	Modical physics or d	-	ICT cok1	Informacia	<ul> <li>Process and analyze the data with the help of modern information technologies.</li> <li>Operate state-of-the-art physical equipment and facilities</li> <li>Participate in informational and technical organization of scientific seminars and conferences</li> <li>To understand and put into practice the methods of management in the field of environmental management</li> <li>Engage in sightseeing, educational and group work</li> <li>Write and prepare scientific articles and reports</li> </ul>
1	Medical physics and medical imaging.	5	ICT, school course of mathematics, physics, computer science.	Information and communicatio n technologies in medicine	Objective: Medical physics. Content: description of specialty Medical physics is a field of applied physics in which devices, equipment and physical factors of human impact used in medicine are studied. The specialty is open to eliminate the acute shortage of personnel for health care, able to ensure the safe operation of complex medical equipment, mainly in Oncology and medical radiology.  Expected result:  - At the end of the course, students are formed.  Know:  - Modern methods of studying the structure and functions of biological membranes.  - Study of surface tension forces.Ionizing radiation. Dosimetry.The principles of transformation of biological and not electric signals in electric.Design of sensors and electrodes, their main characteristics.  - The device, the principle of operation of the electrocardiograph. The main approaches to ECG recording. ECG registration and analysis principles. The device, the principle of operation of the electroencephalograph. The main EEG rhythms. EEG registration and analysis principles.Laser radiation.The device, work principle of spectrophotometer. Application of spectrophotometer. Application of spectrophotometer. Application of spectrophotometric research methods to determine the concentration of substances in biological fluids.Polarization of light by Biosystems.  - Special techniques of microscopy of biological objects.  - Model of sliding filaments. Muscle biomechanics. Hill's Equation. Simulation mytechnorati.Electromechanical coupling.Devices

					for measuring the function of external respiration. The device and the principle of operation. Registration and analysis of functional research data. Study of rheological properties of biological fluids. Methods of study of blood circulation. Integral and regional rheography. Methods of indirect recording of shock and minute emission. Physical basis of hemodynamics. Patterns of blood flow in the arterial and venous bed. the main technical means of medical introscopy. Physics of ionizing radiation. Photo process. Nuclear magnetic resonance. Physics of ultrasound. Physical and technical basis of radiology. The device and principles of x-ray Equipment (x-Ray, CT); ultrasound Devices; MRI Devices. Scintigraphy and radionuclide diagnostics devices. Organization of work of x-ray Department, photo laboratory. Legislative and policy materials for x-ray diagnostics. Automated accounting and reporting of the Department of LD. Bases of radiation safety in offices of LD. Dosimetric control. Therapeutic technique based on the use of direct current. Therapeutic technique based on the use of RF, microwave and UHF currents. Sources of errors in the registration of medical indicators.  Able to:  - To use physical methods of diagnosis and treatment of patients with the help of complex technical equipment, including for the safe use of sources of ionizing radiation.  - The specialist prepares the appropriate equipment, plans and conducts medical irradiation of patients as prescribed by the doctor.  Possess skills:  - should be capable of conducting fundamental and applied research in the field of physical factors on the human body, ensuring radiation safety of personnel and ensuring the quality of radiation exposure of patients using sources of ionizing radiation in medicine.  - To study all kinds of physical phenomena, processes and structures observed in nature  - Take part in physical research  - To master the method of application of research results in innovation  - Process and analyze the data with the help of modern inform
2	Informatization of healthcare	5	Public health and health care	Biostatistics	Objective: to ensure the functioning of the industry through information and computer support of medical technologies at all levels to improve the quality of treatment and preventive care and the effectiveness of health management.

					<b>Contents:</b> State support of health Informatization.
					Integration of health Informatization-problems, prospects and challenges. Phasing the
					prospects and challenges. Phasing the implementation of programs of Informatization of
					health care. The need to expand the teaching of
					Informatics for doctors and managers at all levels
					of the health system. Forecast of development of
					medical information technologies. Stages of implementation of Informatization in health care.
					Expected result:
					Know:
					- mathematical methods of solving intellectual
					problems and their application in medicine; - theoretical foundations of computer science,
					collection, storage, search, processing,
					transformation, dissemination of information in
					medical and biological systems, the use of
					computer information systems in medicine and health:
					- methods, software and technical means of
					medical statistics used at various stages of
					obtaining and analyzing biomedical information;
					- state standards on electronic medical history, as
					well as methods and means of personal data protection in medical information systems;
					- principles of automation of management of
					healthcare institutions using modern information
					technologies;
					- the main approaches to the formalization and structuring of different types of medical data used
					to form solutions during the diagnostic and
					treatment process;
					- algorithms and software to support decision-
					making during the diagnostic and treatment process.
					Able to:
					- use educational, scientific, popular science
					literature, the Internet for professional activities;
					- carry out text and graphic processing of medical data using standard operating system tools and
					common office applications, as well as application
					and special software;
					- use statistical and heuristic algorithms, methods
					of obtaining knowledge from the data, expert systems for diagnosis and management of
					treatment of diseases.
					Possess skills:
					- the basic technology of transforming
					information – text, tabular editors, search in the Internet;
					- the terminology associated with modern
					information and telecommunications technologies
					applied to the solution of problems of medicine
					<ul><li>and public health;</li><li>the basic technologies of information processing</li></ul>
					with the use of database management systems;
					- basic skills in the use of medical information
					systems and Internet resources for the
2	Information resources of	5	Public health	Biostatistics	implementation of professional tasks. <b>Objective:</b> to Master the theoretical foundations of
	healthcare	,	and health	Diosansnes	medical Informatics and practice of modern
	•		care		information and telecommunication technologies in
					medicine and health care.

					Content: the Information resources of health of the population. Information resources of medical and economic activities of health organizations.  Expected result:  Know:  - the essence of the basic terms and concepts; - information gathering methods; - classification of information in medical information systems; - principles of building information systems; - areas of application of information systems in medicine and health care; - legal issues related to the storage and exchange of information in medicine and health care; - the main characteristics of computer information systems in health care.  Able to: - identify information needs at different levels of government; - choose data sources depending on the goals and objectives of information systems; - build simple information systems to solve management issues in situational problems;  Possess skills: - skills to assess the quality of information in information systems.
3	Multimedia Sofware	5	Medical Statistics	Biostatistics	Objective: to get acquainted with the existing information technologies in the field of computer graphics and acquire skills in working with modern software for designing and working with heterogeneous data (graphics, text, sound, video), organized in the form of a single information environment.  Content: Multimedia technologies. Hardware-software and multimedia production technology. An overview of the hardware media. The main components of multimedia applications and software for their creation and processing. Technology of production of multimedia applications. Author multimedia systems.  Expected result:  know:  - types of computer graphics; - basics of Flash Professional, tools; types of effects of vector objects; the ability to process vector text;  Able to: - create and configure various types of animation in Flash Professional; - apply to the solution of applied tasks basic algorithms of information processing.  Possess skill: - skills in programming in Flash Professional methods and means of creating modern multimedia products; basic techniques of creating, converting and editing multimedia data; - skills of combining multimedia information into a single information space.
3	Computer graphics	5	Medical Statistics	Biostatistics	<b>Purpose:</b> to Study the basic concepts of computer graphics and its application. In the study of the discipline, the student acquires the necessary knowledge to work with raster and vector graphics, which in the future can be effectively used in the

					study of geoinformation technologies, computer
					mapping and professional activities.
					<b>Contents:</b> Introduction to computer graphics.
					Raster computer graphics. Vector computer
					graphics. Three-dimensional computer graphics.
					Fractal computer graphics. Basics of Web design.
					Expected result:
					Know:
					- basic concepts and types of computer graphics;
					color models used in various types of computer
					graphics;
					- algorithms and types of compression of graphic
					images; basics of computer modeling;
					- features and applications of the studied software
					products; basics of web-design.  Able to:
					- create and process computer graphics in an optimal way;
					- work with the main two-dimensional and three-
					dimensional graphics editors;
					- design web-pages in accordance with the terms
					of reference, using site design technology.
					Possess skills:
					- the main methods of creating and editing
					images in vector editors; skills of editing
					photorealistic images in raster editors.
	Expert systems in	5	Medical	Preparation	<b>Objective:</b> to provide systematic assistance to
	medicine		Statistics, Biost	for graduate	medical personnel in case of controversial and
			atistics6	work.	problematic situations in the treatment of patients.
			Information		<b>Contents:</b> Expert systems in the diagnosis of
			and		diseases. Expert system for the monitoring of the
			communicatio		health status of the patient. Expert system for
			n technologies		treatment planning. Expert system to predict the
			in medicine		development of diseases. Expert systems for pattern
					and signal recognition.
					Expected result:
					Know:
					- diagnostic system;
					- predictive system;
					- planning system;
					- interpretative system.
4					Able to:
4					- to make quick and high-quality decisions in the
					field of material flow management; - to train experienced specialists in a relatively
					shorter period of time; to maintain the "know-how"
					of the company, as the personnel using the system
					cannot take out the experience and knowledge
					contained in the expert system;
					- to use the experience and knowledge of highly
					qualified specialists in non-prestigious, dangerous,
					boring and similar jobs.
					Possess skills:
					- knowledge of data objects specific to the subject
					area;
					- knowledge of data types specific to the method of
					knowledge representation;
					knowledge independent of the method of
		<u> </u>			representation.
	Information and	5	Medical	Production	<b>Objective:</b> to Create a single information space; to
4	computing expert		Statistics,Biost	preparation for	Monitor and manage the quality of medical care; To
4	systems in medicine		atistics6	diploma work	increase the transparency of medical institutions, as
	Information and		Information		well as the effectiveness of management decisions;
			•		

	computing expert systems in medicine		and communicatio n technologies in medicine		to Study the economic aspects of medical care; to Reduce the time of examination and treatment of patients;  Contents: basic level Medical information systems. Medical information systems at the level of medical institutions. Medical information systems of territorial level. Medical information systems at the Federal level.  Expected result:  Know:  -definition of information system, tasks of medical information systems, classification, functional purpose of medical information systems, the concept of an automated control system, its levels, components, structure, functions, basic requirements, as well as stages of development.  Able to:  -to make and analyze the structural scheme of the program complex of the automated hospital information system of the offered medical and
	Mathematical methods of	4	Medbiophysic	Production	preventive institution; -to enter information about patients treated in the Hospital as; -create a consolidated and personalized account-register for mutual settlements with the insurance medical organization in the as Hospital;  Possess skills: -terminology related to modern computer technologies in the application to solving problems of medicine and health care; -the main methods for the use of medical information systems in the diagnostic and treatment process.  Purpose: to Study the basic concepts of computer
5	evidence-based medicine		S	preparation for diploma work	graphics and its application. In the study of the discipline, the student acquires the necessary knowledge to work with raster and vector graphics, which in the future can be effectively used in the study of geoinformation technologies, computer mapping and professional activities.  Contents: Introduction to computer graphics. Raster computer graphics. Vector computer graphics. Three-dimensional computer graphics. Fractal computer graphics. Basics of Web design.  Expected result:  Know:  - basic concepts and types of computer graphics; color models used in various types of computer graphics;  - algorithms and types of compression of graphic images; basics of computer modeling;  - features and applications of the studied software products; basics of web-design.  Able to:  - create and process computer graphics in an
					<ul> <li>create and process computer graphics in an optimal way;</li> <li>work with the main two-dimensional and three-dimensional graphics editors;</li> <li>design web-pages in accordance with the terms of reference, using site design technology.</li> <li>Possess skills:</li> <li>the main methods of creating and editing images in vector editors; skills of editing</li> </ul>

Mathematical processing of experimental data  Medbiophysic s  Medbiophysic s  Production preparation for diploma work  Medbiophysic s  Medbiophysic s  Production preparation for diploma work  Medbiophysic s  Purpose: Development of scientific basis building automated information processing a management systems. Development of functional problems information management and processing, analy of ACS efficiency.  Development of fundamentally new methods organization and maintenance of information attansmission of information automated systems of information processing a management. Development of real-time systems the field of organizational management a information processing. Development of method of control, coding and ensuring the reliability information. Creation of computer systems a information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex application Development of scientific basis obtained and processing a management systems. Development of method to ensure the field of organizational management and processing and antional processing and management systems. Development of method to ensure the field of organization and maintenance of information automated systems. Development of method to ensure the field of organization and maintenance of information and transmission of information processing and antional processing and management systems. Development of methods organization and management systems. Development of methods organization and management systems and complex application of control, coding and ensuring the reliability information. Creation of computer systems and information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex application between the field of organization of computer systems. Development of scientific bases of technic bases o				photorealistic images in raster editors.
APCS. Contents: Automated information systems: ba concepts and terminology, classificating Functioning of automated information system. Expected result: Know: - regulatory framework for the development a preparation of technical documentation; - methods of design of automated information systems; - typical components of automated information systems; - typical components of automated information systems; - features of operation of computer networks different types; - principles of construction of distributinformation systems; - software composition of automated information systems; - methods of information security of automatinformation systems; - the methodology of improvement technological solutions; - basic methods of quality management products and services; - methods of evaluation of quality and reliabil of products: - the procedure for certification of products a services; General principles of persom management.  Able to: - develop technological processes of automatinformation processing, develop, modify, adain maintain components of automatinformation systems; - to install, adapt, maintain and operate is software of automated information systems;	of experimental data	4 N	 preparation for	Development of fundamentally new methods organization and maintenance of informatic database and data banks. Development of metho of transformation and transmission of informatic in automated systems of information processing a management. Development of real-time systems the field of organizational management a information processing. Development of metho of control, coding and ensuring the reliability information. Creation of computer systems a information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex application Development of scientific bases of technic support of ACS. Development of methods to ensusystem compatibility and integration of ACAPCS.  Contents: Automated information systems: base concepts and terminology, classification Functioning of automated information system.  Expected result:  Know:  - regulatory framework for the development and preparation of technical documentation;  - methods of design of automated information systems;  - typical components of automated information systems;  - teatures of operation of computer networks different types;  - principles of construction of distributinformation systems;  - software composition of automated information systems;  - methods of information security of automatinformation systems;  - the methodology of improvement technological solutions;  - basic methods of quality management products and services;  - methods of evaluation of quality and reliability of products;  - the procedure for certification of products as services; General principles of person management.  Able to:  - develop technological processes of automatinformation processing, develop, modify, ada and maintain components of automatinformation systems;  - to install, adapt, maintain and operate to install, adapt, maintain and operate to the procession of automatinformation systems;

			T	T	
					- ensure compatibility of hardware and software
					protection of computer equipment;
					- to develop instructional documentation for
					support of automated information systems;
					Possess skills:
					- methods of analysis of the subject area and
					design of pric-
					- handsome of the information processing system;
					- the ability and skills of selection and
					verification of different protocols
					- levels of architecture of the digital network of
					integrated service, methods of an assessment of
					efficiency of concrete options of integrated
					networks;
					- methods a systematic analysis of the interfaces
					of the information processing system.
	3D modeling in medicine	4	Informatizatio	Production	Objective: to provide students with basic training
			n of healthcare	preparation for	in project management. To give an idea of the
				diploma work	existing methodologies of project management in
1					the field of it and to develop students ' practical
1					skills in their application, so that at the end of one
1					semester of training they were able to prepare and
					perform at a qualitative level their first project.
1					Contents: Introduction to project management.
					Evaluation method. Preparation of the project plan.
					Project risk management. Financial justification of
					the project. Control and monitoring. Schedule
					management. Fundamentals of the theory of constraints. Integration management. Resource
					management. Quality management methods.
					Project team management. Multi-project and
					portfolio management.
					Expected result:
6					Know:
					- project life cycle models; XP methodology;
					- PMI standard basics;
					- quality control methods;
					- team building methodologies;
					- methods of formalization and decision-making;
					to be able to:
					- manage project communications; manage
					project personnel;
1					- plan and manage deadlines; identify and reduce
1					risks;
1					topossess:
1					skills of working with project management
1					SOFTWARE;
					- methods of creating project plans;
					- methods of analyzing project schedule
					bottlenecks;
					- methods of schedule management.
	Graphic images in	4	Informatizatio	Production	<b>Purpose:</b> development of basic and management of
	medicine and health care		n of healthcare	preparation for	information technologies.
				diploma work	Contents: Management and Informatics; General
					principles of the system organization; stability,
					controllability and observability; invariance and
6					sensitivity of control systems; mathematical models
					of objects and control systems; forms of
					representation of models; methods of analysis and
1					synthesis of control systems. Digital control
					systems; software implementation of control
1					algorithms in digital systems.
					Expected result:

					Know:
					<ul> <li>the Essence and methods of business communication. Structure of business negotiations, Rules and form of business correspondence. The nature and types of electronic communications</li> <li>Able to: <ul> <li>Rules and form of business correspondence.</li> <li>Justifies his point of view;</li> <li>evaluates other opinions on the topic under discussion. Uses the presented tools.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Possess skills: <ul> <li>Presents the results of the research in the form</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
					of a scientific report; - competent oral and written speech with the use of special project and business terminology
7	Administration of information systems	5	Information security and information security	Production preparation for diploma work	Purporse: to provide students with the necessary knowledge and skills in the field of means and methods of administration of IP currently used; mastery of theoretical knowledge in the field of information resources management of systems and networks; the acquisition of applied knowledge about the objects and methods of administration in information systems; to master skills of independent use of tool software systems, network services and equipment for the administration of IP. Contents: virtual machines and administration. The main tasks of administration. The concept of users and groups. NTFS. Automation of administration tasks. The basics of linux. Linux file system. Security FS. Network protection in linux. DNS. DHCP service. Application launch control. System restore. Selinux security system. Linux and windows interaction.  Expected result:  Know:  - concepts, definitions of Active Directory; - the law of information exchange technology transfer; standards of data implementation of other applications;  Able to: - organize the work of information systems; - ensure the security of data transmission; - choose measures and methods of organization of interaction of elements of information system in accordance with the tasks;  Possess skills: - methods of practical use of modern computers for information processing; - ability to automate common tasks of administration; - ability to enter, store, process and analyze
	Automated systems for information processing	5	Information security and	Production preparation for	information.  Purpose: Development of scientific basis for building automated information processing and
7	and control		protection	diploma work	management systems. Development of theoretical bases of algorithmization of functional problems of information management and processing, analysis of ACS efficiency.  Development of fundamentally new methods of organization and maintenance of information database and data banks. Development of methods of transformation and transmission of information in automated systems of information processing and

management. Development of real-time systems in the field of organizational management and information processing. Development of methods of control, coding and ensuring the reliability of information. Creation of computer systems and information transmission networks. Development of multimedia systems and complex applications. Development of scientific bases of technical support of ACS. Development of methods to ensure system compatibility and integration of ACS, APCS.

**Contents:** Automated information systems: basic concepts and terminology, classification. Functioning of automated information systems. Automated control system.

#### **Expected result:**

#### Know:

- regulatory framework for the development and preparation of technical documentation;
- methods of design of automated information systems;
- typical components of automated information systems;
- features of operation of computer networks of different types;
- principles of construction of distributed information systems;
- software composition of automated information systems;
- methods of information security of automated information systems;
- the methodology of improvement of technological solutions;
- basic methods of quality management of products and services;
- methods of evaluation of quality and reliability of products;
- the procedure for certification of products and services; General principles of personnel management.

#### Able to:

- develop technological processes of automated information processing, develop, modify, adapt and maintain components of automated information systems;
- to install, adapt, maintain and operate the software of automated information systems;
- to carry out the optimal choice of information software and hardware in the formation and modification of automated information systems;
- to operate automated information systems;
- ensure compatibility of hardware and software protection of computer equipment;
- to develop instructional documentation for support of automated information systems;

#### Possess skills:

- methods of analysis of the subject area and design of pric-
- handsome of the information processing system;
- the ability and skills of selection and verification of different protocols
- levels of architecture of the digital network of integrated service, methods of an assessment of

		1			
					efficiency of concrete options of integrated networks;
					- methods a systematic analysis of the interfaces
					of the information processing system.
8	Methods of medical	5	Information	Production	Purpose: students Acquire knowledge of modern
	information processing		security and	preparation for	computer technologies in medicine.
			information	diploma work	Contents: Medical information systems and
			security		technologies. Basic concepts of medical information systems. Medical information systems,
					classification of medical information systems, the
					main types of medical information systems, the
					principles of operation and functioning of various systems.
					Medical information technology. Medical hardware and software systems, Telemedicine, Intelligent
					systems in medicine.
					Expected result:
					Know:
					- how to search, store, process and analyze information from various sources and databases,
					present it in the required format using information,
					computer and network technologies;
					Able to:
					- search, store, process and analyze information
					from various sources and databases, present it in
					the required format using information, computer and network technologies;
					Possess skill:
					- the ability to search, store, process and analyze
					information from various sources and databases, to
					present it in the required format using information,
8	Medical data processing	5	Information	Production	computer and network technologies.
8	Medical data processing software	5	Information security and	Production preparation for	<b>Objective:</b> to Master students ' knowledge in the
8		5	Information security and information	Production preparation for diploma work	
8		5	security and	preparation for	<b>Objective:</b> to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the
8		5	security and information	preparation for	<b>Objective:</b> to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future
8		5	security and information	preparation for	<b>Objective:</b> to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy.
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions.
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions.
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data.
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical results. Artificial neural networks used for computer intellectualization in medical research. Methods of
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical results. Artificial neural networks used for computer intellectualization in medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical results. Artificial neural networks used for computer intellectualization in medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer processing of medical experiment results on the
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer processing of medical experiment results on the basis of mathematical statistics. Devices for input
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer processing of medical experiment results on the basis of mathematical statistics. Devices for input and output of analog medical information from
8		5	security and information	preparation for	Objective: to Master students 'knowledge in the use of medical information systems and the acquisition of skills of intellectual activity, which will allow them to comprehensively approach the analysis and resolution of problems of future professional activity.  Contents: Computer monitoring of electrophysiological parameters in physiotherapy. Organization of competition between the processes of medical information processing. Modern architecture of computer operating systems and networks used in medical research. Network protocol. Coordination of computer actions. Improving the reliability of medical data transmission in computer networks using finite fields. Parallelization of information processing processes in modern computers to increase the speed of information processing in medical research. Methods of organization of experimentally obtained medical data in modern computers Network model of medical data. Hierarchical model of medical research. Methods of protection of medical information from unauthorized access. Methods of computer processing of medical experiment results on the basis of mathematical statistics. Devices for input

	in the MS SQL Server platform is	nformation security,	Production preparation for diploma work	Expected result: Know: - system bases for formalization of medical problems and processes; - methods of medical data processing; - regularities of construction, functioning and development of medical systems and technologies; - principles and methods of implementation of medical systems and technologies; - main types of medical information systems and technologies used in practice.  Able to: - apply basic medical information systems and technologies in scientific and practical activities, identify problems relevant to diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitation processes; - use methods and principles of processing, management for the analysis of medical problem situations; - develop complexes of formalization and management of medical information; - apply the knowledge to solve scientific and applied problems.  Possess skill: - skills of work with medical information systems and technologies used in this subject area.  The purpose of the course is to study the functions, procedures and services of administration and development of database objects, database implementation in a specific database management system;  Contents: Administration. Manage SQL Server services. SQL Server Service Manager utility. Configuring SQL Server services. Database-level security. Administration. Installing and configuring SQL Server. Working with databases. Import and export data. Audit in SQL Server environment. Configure SQL server agent security.  Expected result:  Know: - the main provisions of the theory of databases, data warehouses, knowledge bases; - the basic principles of building a conceptual, logical and physical data model; modern tools for database schema development;  Able to: - create database objects in modern database management systems and manage access to these objects; - work with modern Case-database design tools; - create and configure a database schema; develop applications using SQL; - Possess skills: - work with database objects in a specific database management system; - use of database filling tools; - use o
Theory of automatic       Database   Treparation of   Tarpose, on the basic properties of different	control	system	the thesis	classes of dynamic systems; on the methods of correction of the properties of closed systems.

<b>Contents:</b> basic concepts and definitions. Apply
methods for obtaining mathematical models of
automation and control objects. Mathematical
description of linear continuous. Formulate
requirements for the properties of systems.
Preparation of the initial equations of closed
automatic control systems
Expected result:
know:
-basic concepts and methods of mathematical
modeling of control systems;
-basics of programming and algorithmization,
probability theory;
Able to:
- use standard application packages to solve
practical problems;
Possess skills:
- skills with modern hardware and software;
- methods of constructing algorithms.

# LIST OF COMPONENTS BY CHOICE

6B06123 IT in HEALTHCARE Training period: 4 years

**Group educational programs:** 5B057 Information technology

Name of discipline	Code of discipline	Number of credits	Semester
Component of choice 1			
Module of economic and legal knowledge		5	2
Fundamentals of market economy and entrepreneurship	FMEE1111	3	
Fundamentals of law and anti-corruption culture	FLACC1112	2	
Component of choice 2		2	
Module of economic and natural knowledge		5	2
Fundamentals of market economy and entrepreneurship	FMEE111	3	
Fundamentals of safety and life	FSL1112	2	
Basic discip	lines		l
Component of choice 1			
World information systems	WIS 2210	_	2
World information resources	WIR 2210	5	3
Component of choice 2			
Operation systems	OS 2211		
Operating systems and PC software	OSPCS 2211	5	3
Component of choice 3			
Fundamentals of robotics and artificial intelligence	FRAI 2212		
Robotic systems and complexes	RSC 2212	6	4
Component of choice 4			
Public health and health	PHH 2213		
Social Medicine	SM 2213	- 6	3
Component of choice 5			
Information and communication technologies in medicine	ICTM 2214	_	
Medical informatics	MI 2214	6	4
Component of choice 6			
Computer-aided design systems in medicine	CADSM 3215		
Automation of production	AP 3215	5	5
Component of choice 7	7H 3213		
Programming Technologies	PT 3216		
Programming of databases	PD 3216	5	5
Component of choice 8			
Medical electronics	ME 3217		
Basics of designing medical devices and systems	BDMDS 3217	5	5
Component of choice 9	551155 5211		
Medical Statistics	MS 3218		
Statistics of healthcare system	SHS 3218	5	5
Component of choice 10	5115 3210		
Information Systems Software	ISS 3219	6	6
miormation systems software	133 3219	U	U

Programming information systems	PIS 3219		
Component of choice 11			
Biostatistics	Bio 3220	_	
Statistical Analysis in Healthcare	SAH 3220	5	6
Component of choice 12			
Audit of information security	AIS 3221		_
Protecting information privacy	PIP 3221	6	6
Component of choice 13			
Database systems	DS 3222		
Concept of databases	CD 3222	6	6
Component of choice 14			
Modeling of information systems	MIS 4223		_
Basics of computer modeling	BCM 4223	5	7
Component of choice 15			
Management in Healthcare	MH 4224		_
Control in Healthcare	CH 4224	5	7
Компонент по выбору 16			
Web технологии	WT4225	2	7
Программирование в Интернет	PI4225	3	7
Profiling disc	iplines		
Component of choice 1			
Medbiophysics	Med 2305	۶	2
Medical physics and medical imaging.	MPMI 2305	5	3
Component of choice 2			
Informatization of healthcare	IZ 3306	_	_
Information resources of healthcare	IRZ 3306	5	5
Component of choice 3			
Modern medical information systems and telemedicine	SMIST 3307	5	6
Information systems of medical technological processes	ISMTP 3307		
Component of choice 4			
Expert systems in medicine	ESM 4308	5	7
Information and computing expert systems in medicine	ICESM 4308		
Component of choice 5			
Mathematical methods of evidence-based medicine	MMEBM 4309	4	7
Mathematical processing of experimental data	MPED 4309		
Component of choice 6			
3D modeling in medicine	3DMM 4310	4	7
Graphic images in medicine and health care	GIMHC 4310	· 	,
Component of choice 7			
Administration of information systems	AIS 4311	4	7
Automated systems for information processing and control	ASIPC 4311	4	7
Component of choice 8			

Methods of medical information processing	MMIP 4312	5	8
Medical data processing software	MDPS 4312		
Component of choice 9			
Administering databases in the MS SQL Server platform	ADMSSQLSP 4313	5	8
Theory of automatic control	TAC 4313	3	8