

Kazakh Humanitarian-Juridical Innovative University

Faculty of Law

5B030100 - JURISPRUDENCE

**THE CATALOGUE OF
ELECTIVE SUBJECTS**

Year of entry - 2018

Semey, 2018

| Elective course № | The name of subject | Number of credits | | Pre requisites | Post requisites | Short description of the content, the aims of education, expected results |
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| | | RK | ECTS | | | |
| GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINES | | | | | | |
| Elective component (EC) | | | | | | |
| 1 | The basics of anti-corruption culture | 2 | 3 | History of Kazakhstan (school course) | Philosophy | <p>Purpose of the study: Discipline is aimed at formation of anti-corruption worldview and culture of the students. Purpose: formation of knowledge systems to counter corruption and to develop on this basis a civil position in relation to the phenomenon. Objectives of the course: to give comprehensive knowledge about the nature and factors of corruption, its different manifestations; to develop a legal culture conducive to corruption; to give knowledge, skills and abilities to combat corruption; to develop skills, ability of critical analysis of the corruption phenomena.</p> <p>Brief description: "Fundamentals of anti-corruption culture" is an integrated interdisciplinary system of knowledge for all specialties and directions of preparation of bachelors.</p> <p>As a result of studying the course student must:</p> <p>Expected results: To know: essence of corruption and the causes of its origin; the measure of a moral and legal responsibility for corruption offences; the legislation in the field of combating corruption. To be able: to implement the values of moral consciousness and to follow standards in daily practice; to improve the level of moral and legal culture; to use spiritual and moral mechanisms for prevention of corruption. Own: improving anti-corruption culture; acting in a situation of conflict of interest.</p> <p>Competency: Socio-ethical</p> |
| 1 | Psychology | 2 | 3 | History of Kazakhstan (School course) | Philosophy | <p>The purpose of the study: to study the psychological parameters of a person and use the results in life.</p> <p>Content: the content of the discipline of psychology includes such concepts as conscious and without conscious manifestations of the human psyche, human communication and speech, the structure of the personality of psychological characteristics of the person, temperament, character of the person, the ability of the motivational sphere of activity.</p> <p>Expected result: to Know: the structure of personality and psychological characteristics of a person. Be able to: apply the knowledge gained in practice.</p> <p>Own: the ability to reveal the cognitive abilities of a person, its reflex theory, modeling the brain system, psychological processes of behavior, psychological processes of memory and attention.</p> <p>Competence: Social and ethical.</p> |
| 2 | Sociology | 2 | 3 | Modern history of Kazakhstan | Philosophy | <p>The purpose of discipline – getting the student the necessary amount of knowledge and methods of discipline that will contribute to the scientific understanding of the future specialist of social life, the interaction of various spheres of the society, the individual and society.</p> <p>Abstract: an Important place among other Sciences of man and society is sociology – a science about social life and social interactions of the individual. The more complex issues of the society, the greater the role played by knowledge about man and society. Sociology is a method to understand complex social systems and processes, the preservation of society as integrity. Sociological knowledge allow us to consider any phenomenon in the human dimension, to see its social mechanisms and social consequences.</p> <p>Expected result: the Student should know: basic terms and problems of sociology; basic sociological concepts and approaches; the basic conditions and factors of social development, forms of social interaction; the basic laws and forms of regulation of social behavior.</p> <p>The student should be able to: analyze the causes and conditions of the essence, the solution of various social phenomena; to conduct simple sociological research.</p> <p>To possess: mastery of the sociological methodology of scientific knowledge for future professionals in the surrounding social world.</p> <p>Competencies: General education.</p> |

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| 2 | Political science | 2 | 3 | Modern history of Kazakhstan | Philosophy | <p>The purpose of the study: it is a necessary theoretical basis for the further development of political research and for the introduction of scientific developments in real policy.</p> <p>Contents: it explores the real political systems, ways of organizing society and the state, the types of political regimes, forms of government, the activities of political parties and public organizations, the state of political consciousness and political culture, patterns of political behavior, problems of efficiency and legitimacy of political leadership, ways of forming institutions of power, and much more.</p> <p>Expected result: to Know: what the system of political science includes, the definition of the subject of political science and the basic terms. Be able to: apply the knowledge gained in practice. Own: political life and the situation in society. Competence: Social and ethical.</p> |
| 2 | Culturology | 2 | 3 | The modern history of Kazakhstan | All disciplines studied in the specialty that form a culture of personality | <p>The purpose of the discipline: The main goal of discipline is to present the cultural studies as an integral expression of human knowledge. The teaching of the course "Culturology" should be taken into account, it is something independent and particular area of human culture, "living system" included in the contemporary socio-cultural context.</p> <p>Contents: Cultural studies "related cycle of social and humanitarian disciplines: history, political science, philosophy, sociology, performs the function of the knowability of the world.</p> <p>Expected Result : As a result of studying of discipline students should know:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The structure and composition of contemporary cultural knowledge; - Cultural studies and philosophy of culture; - Sociology of culture, cultural anthropology; - Cultural studies and cultural history; <p>To be able to: basic concepts of cultural studies: the culture, the civilization, the morphology of culture, cultural features, cultural entity, cultural genesis, cultural dynamics, language and cultural symbols, cultural codes, cross-cultural communication, cultural values and norms, cultural traditions, cultural worldview, social, cultural institutions, cultural samoedentichnost, cultural modernization;</p> <p>Competence: general education</p> |
| 3 | Religion | 3 | 5 | Philosophy | All the subjects studied in the specialty, which form the worldview of the individual | <p>The purpose of studying the teaching of this discipline is to educate students in matters of religion and freedom.</p> <p>Brief description: to foster respect for religious beliefs and feelings of other people; to give information about the role and current status of religions and religious organizations in the society; in setting out the foundations of the theory of religion is to give a synthesis of the philosophical, historical, sociological and psychological consideration of the facility; to ensure compliance with the principles of tolerance, scientific and secularism, not to allow propaganda of any religion or the claims of atheism.</p> <p>Expected result: Know: the history of the development of religion in different societies, including on the territory of Kazakhstan; features of religion in social evolution, forms and types of beliefs; the basic facts, dates, events in the history of religions; names of religious leaders and teachers, the founders of religions; contemporary approaches to social and humanitarian knowledge and their commensurability. To be able: to navigate freely and independently analyze the literature on the history of religion; use basic scientific terminology of the discipline; to Express and justify their position on the issues of the history of religion, of values related to the historical past; to form a tolerant point of view towards different religious views. To master the skills of: critical thinking informative material of a religious nature; critical and creative thinking for solving vital problems in the choice of values; the methods of learning and comparative characteristics of religions; the skills of analysis and scientific interpretation of religious and theological texts.</p> <p>Competency: General education.</p> |
| BASIC DISCIPLINES | | | | | | |
| Elective component (EC) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | <p>Purpose of the study: The aim of the study is to reveal the content of the subject "History of state and law of the RK", its basic conceptual apparatus, the subject method and as the field of law. Show historical features of development of legal system of Kazakhstan. To provide the students with a comprehensive view of the historical and legal uniqueness of world civilizations; to form systematic knowledge and understanding of the processes of emergence and development of the main stages of foreign States and law; to develop skills of retrieval, analysis and synthesis of historical and legal information.</p> <p>Abstract: the Science of history of state and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan is directed on studying of process of origin, formation and development of state</p> |

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| 1 | History of state and law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | History of Kazakhstan (school course) | Civil law of RK, Criminal law of RK | <p>and law in the country from ancient times to the present day. Conclusions and judgments of this science is based on accurate analysis of facts and real events held on state-legal life of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>The expected result. To know: to form students' scientific understanding the interaction of two critical phenomena of state and law; to examine the main factors determining the development of state and law, the interdependence of state-legal phenomena from the economy, politics, ideology, culture, customary law of the Kazakhs, the provisions of the Laws "Zhety Zhargy" the great YASA of Genghis Khan, etc. be able to: Generate scientific insight into the dynamics of legal processes and phenomena in different historical periods. To master the theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of democratic society and legal state. Be able to carry out Parallels between historical events and contemporary state-legal reality. To correctly navigate the history of state and law of Kazakhstan. To possess ideas about the history of state and law of foreign countries; skills of analysis of historical sources; techniques of debate and controversy.</p> <p>Socio-ethical competence</p> |
| 1 | Islamic law | 3 | 5 | History of Kazakhstan (school course) | Civil law of RK, the Criminal law of the RK | <p>The purpose of the study: the study of the theoretical foundations of the Islamic concept of crime and punishment, traditional and modern Islamic criminal law, the influence of Islamic concepts on modern criminal legislation and practice of its application in Muslim countries. The course covers the origins of the Islamic approach to the violation of the rules of fiqh and the relevant measures of responsibility.</p> <p>Abstract: Approaches to Islamic law as a religious phenomenon and legal phenomenon. The concept of Shariah, its definition and structure. The concepts of ijtihad and fiqh. Fiqh – Islamic legal doctrine and Islamic law in the objective sense. The main sources of fiqh. The ratio of religious (Quran and Sunnah) and rational (literally, the "excluded interests", istihsan etc.) sources. The concept of Islamic law and its definition. Doctrine – the leading source of Islamic law. Basic classification, theoretical constructs and concepts of Islamic law. The basic principles of fiqh and Islamic law. In the religious start and the legal nature of Islamic law.</p> <p>The expected result.</p> <p>Facts: the Islamic concept of crime and punishment, traditional and modern Islamic criminal law, the influence of Islamic concepts on modern criminal legislation and practice of its application in Muslim countries; Islamic law: concept, sources, main principles; the peculiarities of certain crimes under Islamic law.</p> <p>To be able to: characteristic features of traditional Islamic criminal law; to learn its differences from the field of criminal law in the modern sense.</p> <p>Skills: Concepts and principles, articulated in Islamic law, allow their use in legislative and law-enforcement practice.</p> <p>Socio-ethical competence</p> |
| 2 | Law enforcement agencies of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 2 | 3 | The necessary legal and historical knowledge that students acquire in the middle and secondary school | Criminal procedural law of RK | <p>Purpose of the study: Give students the necessary basic data on the organizational structure, legal status, composition, objectives, functions, authorities responsible for law enforcement in the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Brief description: The subject of the study is also the organization and activities of the foundations, whose activities contribute to the administration of justice - prosecution authorities engaged in the operational-search activity, inquiry, preliminary investigation, the Ministry of Justice and its bodies, the legal profession.</p> <p>Expected results: To know This course examines the same basis for the organization of the judiciary in foreign countries.</p> <p>To be able: In the process of studying a student read the specialty law enforcement, as well as acquire the basic skills to analyze existing legislation.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 2 | Introduction to the specialty | 2 | 3 | The necessary legal and historical knowledge that students acquire in the middle and secondary school | Civil law of RK, the Criminal law of the RK | <p>The purpose of the study: the Study course "Introduction into specialty" allows you to: understand the profession of lawyer; to enrich students with knowledge about themselves and the people around, to determine ways to improve communicative skills, to help develop skills to the optimum behavior, the ethics of communication and business communication.</p> <p>Summary: This discipline contains the basic legal concepts, the basic features of the legal profession, the types of legal specialties. This course will help to understand the importance and role of the legal professions; to trace the history of the origin and development of the legal profession; meet with key themes, issues, approaches, scientific theories of the legal profession; to outline the basic mechanisms of the formation of the modern lawyer</p> <p>The expected result. The student should know the main legal concepts, main features of the legal profession, the types of legal specialties. To have a General idea about the realities and challenges of the legal profession by lawyers activities, about a possible career of a lawyer in different fields of state power</p> |

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| | | | | | | and administration, law enforcement, business and other fields. To be able to work with normative legal acts Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 3 | History of state and law of foreign countries | 3 | 5 | Legal and historical knowledge is required, which students receive in the secondary school | Civil law of RK, the Criminal law of the RK | <p>Purpose of study: to provide the students with a comprehensive view of the historical and legal uniqueness of world civilizations; to form systematic knowledge and understanding of the processes of emergence and development of the main stages of foreign States and law; to develop skills of retrieval, analysis and synthesis of historical and legal information.</p> <p>Abstract: History of state and law of Ancient near East. History of state and law of the Ancient world. The state of the Franks. Feudal law of Western Europe. State and law of the Byzantine Empire. State and law of medieval France. State and law of medieval Germany. The Arab Caliphate. State and law of medieval China. Britain in modern times. Japan in modern times. Main features of the law of the New time. State-legal development of the leading European States in the twentieth century. The state and the right of Asian countries in the 20th century. The main changes in the law of the XX century.</p> <p>The expected result. To know: main directions, problems, and methods of General history of state and law; peculiarities and regularities of the historical development of state and law; different approaches to valuation and periodization of state and law; main stages and events of history of state and law of foreign countries from ancient times to our days; the greatest statesmen and jurists; to form systematic knowledge about the main regularities and peculiarities of historical development of state and law of foreign countries. To be able to: be able to apply this knowledge in the development of other legal Sciences, in practical socio-political; to think logically, to conduct scientific discussions; to work with the variety of legal sources; to implement effective information search and criticism of sources; receive, process and store sources of information; transform information into knowledge, to comprehend the legal and historical processes, events and phenomena in the world community in their dynamics and relationship, guided by the principles of scientific objectivity and historicism. To possess ideas about the history of state and law of foreign countries; skills of analysis of historical sources; techniques of debate and controversy.</p> <p>General education competence</p> |
| 3 | General history of state and law | 3 | 5 | Legal and historical knowledge is required, which students receive in the secondary school | Civil law of RK, the Criminal law of the RK | <p>Purpose of study: to provide the students with a comprehensive view of the historical and legal uniqueness of world civilizations; to form systematic knowledge and understanding of the processes of emergence and development of the main stages of foreign States and law; to develop skills of retrieval, analysis and synthesis of historical and legal information.</p> <p>Abstract: History of state and law of Ancient near East. History of state and law of the Ancient world. The state of the Franks. Feudal law of Western Europe. State and law of the Byzantine Empire. State and law of medieval France. State and law of medieval Germany. The Arab Caliphate. State and law of medieval China. Britain in modern times. Japan in modern times. Main features of the law of the New time. State-legal development of the leading European States in the twentieth century. The state and the right of Asian countries in the 20th century. The main changes in the law of the XX century.</p> <p>The expected result. To know: main directions, problems, and methods of General history of state and law; peculiarities and regularities of the historical development of state and law; different approaches to valuation and periodization of state and law; main stages and events of history of state and law of foreign countries from ancient times to our days; the greatest statesmen and jurists; to form systematic knowledge about the main regularities and peculiarities of historical development of state and law of foreign countries. To be able to: be able to apply this knowledge in the development of other legal Sciences, in practical socio-political; to think logically, to conduct scientific discussions; to work with the variety of legal sources; to implement effective information search and criticism of sources; receive, process and store sources of information; transform information into knowledge, to comprehend the legal and historical processes, events and phenomena in the world community in their dynamics and relationship, guided by the principles of scientific objectivity and historicism. To possess ideas about the history of state and law of foreign countries; skills of analysis of historical sources; techniques of debate and controversy.</p> <p>General education competence</p> |
| 4 | Administrative Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Legal and historical knowledge is required, which | Financial law of the RK, Public service and | <p>Purpose of the study: Purpose: To master the students a holistic system of knowledge in the field of activity of the subjects and objects of public administration, research and legal forms and management methods, ways to ensure the rule of law and discipline in public administration, a picture of the nature of the administrative process.</p> <p>Brief description: The clarification of the legal status of official, public servants</p> |

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| | | | | students receive in the secondary school | administration, civil procedural law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | <p>in general for further practice.</p> <p>Contents: Administrative Law, as profiling (basic) industry, an integral element of the legal system of the Republic of Kazakhstan, acts much larger phenomenon than the usual form of the implementation of the will of the executive. As experts believe, the right itself is a cultural institution of society is vitally essential component of general civilized process.</p> <p>Expected results: To know: the concept, significance and characteristics of administrative law as a branch of law; subject and method of administrative legal regulation, as well as the subject and methodology of administrative and legal science; concept, content, structure, administrative law, forms of implementation of the administrative and legal rules, especially the use as a form of implementation of legal norms; concept, content, structure of administrative relations, their features and classification; the system of executive power and government, the content of the administrative and legal status of executive bodies, organization and activities of the Republic of Kazakhstan; requirements for the legal acts of the management, the consequences of non-compliance. To be able: apply their own legal and administrative regulations in solving practical problems of the state and municipal administration, properly apply the basic legal categories of administrative law; analyze the legal practice and to propose solutions to pressing problems of implementation of administrative law; to conduct a legal review of regulatory legal acts of administrative regulation, including on their effectiveness, compliance with legal technique and for the presence of corruption component; literacy rate and procedural execute legal documents; correctly determine the status of members of the administrative and legal relations; plan and carry out activities to prevent jurisdictional, prevention and suppression of offenses in the field of public administration. Own: the skills to perform administrative proceedings related to the implementation of the executive authorities.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 4 | Municipal law | 3 | 5 | Legal and historical knowledge is required, which students receive in the secondary school | Financial law of the RK, Public service and administration, civil procedural law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | <p>Purpose of study: to develop in students a deep and complete understanding of the discipline, its origin, development and functioning, professional understanding of the scientific and theoretical foundations of the discipline.</p> <p>Abstract: Municipal law - special course in such branch of law as a constitutional right. Its subject is the system of social relations that form the foundations of organization and activity of bodies of local state administration and local self-government in the RK and foreign countries. The order of formation, principles of activity and competence of local representative bodies in Kazakhstan. The order of formation and termination of powers of a maslikhat. The basic theory and legal models of local government in foreign countries. State, public and other theories of local government. European, American and other systems of local government. Local governments and authorities in foreign countries.</p> <p>The expected result. Facts: General categories and concepts of municipal law, and special terminology used in municipal law; the specifics of the municipal-legal relationships, rights and duties of subjects of municipal legal relations; sources of municipal law, their ratio legal force; General features and specific content of the legislation at local level; especially the implementation of control (supervision) in the municipality; principles of organization and functioning of system of local governments. To be able to generalize the acquired knowledge; to properly apply theoretical knowledge of municipal law, including freely operate municipal legal terms and concepts, just to use them in law enforcement practice; to correctly define the regulatory legal act subject to application to the relevant municipal legal relations. Skills: professional communication skills; legal terminology and skills of working with legal regulations; skills to analyze legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 5 | Customs Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 2 | 3 | Theory of the state and law, Constitutional law of RK, Administrative law of RK | Environmental law of Kazakhstan, the Budget law of the RK | <p>Purpose of the study: As a result of studying of discipline at students complete idea of a customs law and customs policy, of the legal basis of a customs clearance and customs control, of bases of tariff regulation and of an order of responsibility for violation of the regulations regulating the relations in the customs sphere and also a capability of ownership of skills of use of the gained knowledge in practical activities, in fight against crimes and other offenses in case of implementation of customs activities shall be created.</p> <p>Brief description: to give to students of knowledge of essence and value of customs affairs, functions of customs authorities, the rights and obligations of subjects of customs legal relationship, forms and methods of activities; to train in the correct orientation in the extensive customs legislation which regulates all types of the public relations connected with movement of goods and vehicles through a customs border; to acquaint with questions of responsibility for customs offenses; to acquaint with procedural and law-enforcement activities of the serving customs authorities; to give a complex of the legal knowledge, skills</p> |

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| | | | | | | <p>necessary for professional work in customs authorities.</p> <p>Expected results: To know The student, shall know: general provisions of a customs law; the questions relating to separate types of customs activities; order of movement of goods and vehicles through a customs border of RK; customs regimes; customs payments; customs clearance; declaring of freights; customs and currency exchange control; bases of legal responsibility for violations of the customs legislation; procedural and law-enforcement activities of customs authorities; the questions concerning an international legal cooperation in the customs sphere.</p> <p>To have skills: to apply the gained theoretical knowledge and practical skills in professional activity on fight against crimes and other offenses in the sphere of customs affairs; to master the legal basis of a customs clearance and customs control, a basis of tariff and non-tariff regulation of customs policy of the state.</p> <p>To be able: to put into practice the customs legislation in case of implementation of procedural and law-enforcement activities in customs authorities.</p> <p>Competence: systemically, communicative, special</p> |
| 5 | Constitutional control | 2 | 3 | <p>Theory of state and law, Constitutional law of RK Administrative law of the RK</p> <p>The procuracy supervision over the enforcement of the law, the Budget law of the RK</p> | <p>The aim of the study: expanding the audience of legal and political awareness; improving the legal culture; the acquisition of such knowledge and skills that would allow them to create a truly democratic rights, well-to do and apply it in everyday professional activities; obtaining a holistic view of constitutional control of legislation on the implementation of the constitutional control; knowledge of educational material on parallel courses; formation of respect for the law</p> <p>Abstract: the Concept and social value of legal protection of the Constitution. Constitutional control - the legal guarantee of the supremacy of the Constitution and development of constitutionalism. Constitutional responsibility - part of the mechanism of protection of the Constitution and protect the public interest. The constitutional Council of the Republic of Kazakhstan - the main subject of the rule of the Constitution. Parliamentary control in the mechanism of protection of the Constitution. The official interpretation of the Constitution: the state and its impact on the development of legislation and the formation of case law. Constitutional control of laws is the most important tool for the protection of the Constitution and implementation of its provisions</p> <p>The expected result. Facts: help students acquire a holistic system of knowledge in the field of constitutional control in the Republic of Kazakhstan. The assimilation of the main provisions of the constitutional control. To be able to: the ability to think freely, to use to Express their thoughts legal terminology. Acquisition of skills of independent search of legal information and the ability to use it. The acquisition of skills of work with PPA and literature.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> | |
| 6 | Constitutional law of foreign countries | 3 | 5 | <p>Theory of the state and law</p> <p>Civil procedure law of RK Criminal procedure law of RK</p> | <p>Purpose of the study: To increase the listeners legal and political outlook; raising the legal culture; the acquisition of such a body of knowledge and skills that would enable them to create a truly democratic right to perform competently and apply it in their daily professional activities; obtain a holistic view of the origin, formation and development of the state in foreign countries; improving knowledge of educational material on a parallel course; the formation of respect for the law</p> <p>Brief description: Constitutional law of foreign countries as a branch of law, science and academic discipline. The constitutions of the countries. Constitutional control (supervision) in foreign countries. Constitutional and legal status of the person in foreign countries. The constitutional foundations of economic and social relations. Forms of government of foreign states. The form of government and political system in foreign countries. Suffrage and election systems in foreign countries. The referendum as an institution of direct democracy. The head of the state and its place in the system of higher authorities. Parliament in foreign countries. The government in foreign countries and its role in the state mechanism. Organization of the judiciary in foreign countries. Administrative - territorial organization and local authorities. Features of the Constitutional lawof the newly independent states.</p> <p>Expected results: To know Know not only the textbook material, and articles of the Constitution of the studied countries, monographs and articles in legal, periodicals; patterns, dynamics and direction of development of the various legal systems in the framework of human civilization.</p> <p>To be able: express and justify their views on state and legal issues, to operate with legal concepts and categories; to give a general characterization of the main content, and comment on the subject of sources; own conceptual apparatus of the course; to enforce legislation in the activity of state bodies, individuals and legal entities; Constitutional law of foreign countries is one of the disciplines of general legal industry and is designed to reflect the theoretical characteristics of the constitutional and legal regulation of all spheres of social relations in foreign countries.</p> | |

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| | | | | | | <p>Own: The concepts and principles set out in the constitutional law of foreign countries generally provide the possibility of their use in legislation and law enforcement practice.</p> <p>Competence: systemically, communicative, special</p> |
| 6 | Legal systems of today | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law | <p>Civil procedure law of RK Criminal procedure law of RK</p> | <p>The aim of the study: to Reveal the content and essence of the legal systems of modern times as independent field of legal study.</p> <p>Abstract: the classification of the main legal systems of modernity. Comparative law and international law. The legal family of common law. Muslim family law. Traditional family law.</p> <p>The expected result. Be able to: distinguish patterns of historical movement and functioning of state and law.</p> <p>Know: about the main problems and methodological bases of scientific understanding of state and law in different legal systems, the state-legal phenomena; the use of professional legal terminology, clarify the essence and content of state-legal phenomena. Skills: In the process of learning the student will learn the legal systems of today using the method of comparative law</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 7 | International public law | 3 | 5 | Theory of the state and law | Investment law of the RK | <p>Purpose of the study: To create idea of the theory of the international public law at listeners; to acquaint students with primary branches of modern international law. This discipline gives a complete concept about the mechanism of protection of the rights and freedoms of the person both in the territory of RK and on the international scene. The discipline is a basic basis when training highly qualified specialists - lawyers.</p> <p>Brief description: to teach listeners to interpret independently rules of international law; to conduct researches in the field of a ratio of the international and intra national law of RK. To create idea of the theory of the international public law at listeners; to acquaint students with primary branches of modern international law. This discipline gives a complete concept about the mechanism of protection of the rights and freedoms of the person both in the territory of RK and on the international scene. The discipline is a basic basis when training highly qualified specialists - lawyers.</p> <p>Expected results: To know Nobility: legal nature of international law; basic principles of international law; Forming at students of scientific idea of the international public law.</p> <p>Development by students of theoretical material on studying of this discipline, which the They are public relations of private and public nature resulting an offense. To be able: deep knowledge about industries of international law: the right the of international of agreements, the international organizations and conferences, responsibility in international law, the diplomatic and consular law, the right of the international security, international law of human rights, the international economic, maritime, air and space law, the right of permission of the international economic disputes peace means, international humanitarian law. A capability it is free to think, use terms of law for expression of the thoughts.</p> <p>Own: To learn it is correct to explain and estimate foreign policy line items and actions of RK in the relations with the European Union; thirdly, to purchase skills on the basis of the studied legal and scientific literature, modern computer technologies and Internet resources to look for, select, analyze and to apply acts of the EU to the solution of specific questions of legal nature in the professional practical activities.</p> <p>Competence:: systemically, communicative, special</p> |
| 7 | Roman private law | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law, History of state and law of foreign countries | Contract law of RK | <p>The course aims to form students ' understanding about the legal system of the Roman slave state.</p> <p>Summary. Roman private law — body of law designed to resolve property and family relations in Roman society. The period of existence of the Roman law is the entire period of the Roman Empire. For the Roman private law is not characterized by the coincidence with the concept of civil rights, as not all inhabitants of Rome were citizens.</p> <p>The expected result. In the result of mastering the discipline, students should – have an idea about the historical conditions of the development of Roman private law, its periodization; on system of Roman private law; the sources of Roman private law; methods of protection of subjective rights; the subjects of the Roman private law; on marriage and family relations in Ancient Rome; about the evolution of property law of obligations act in the Roman slave state; inheritance law;</p> <p>know: concepts, categories and institutions of Roman law; the influence of Roman law on modern legal systems of the States; to be able to: operate freely concepts and categories of Roman private law; identify the influence of specific historical events and conditions of the state of development of Ancient Rome to the emergence of core legal institutions and their changes; to analyze the monuments of Roman law; solve practical tasks with the use of regulatory material; to have skills: working with sources, analysis of the legal prescriptions</p> |

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| | | | | | | of Roman law and institutions of modern civil law, the proper use of legal terminology. Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 8 | Labor law of the Republic Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of the state and law | Civil procedural law of RK, Labor Procedural Law of the RK Financial Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | <p>Purpose of the study: The purpose of studying of this discipline consists in training of students in bases of legal regulation of the relations in the sphere of work in RK, to ability to reveal tendencies of development of the legislation and law-enforcement practice in this sphere, to forming at students of skills of legal acts on protection of labor rights.</p> <p>Brief description: In the course of studying of discipline the following problems are solved: studying of the doctrine of a labor right of RK, various sources of law, law-enforcement practice in the sphere of legal regulations of employment and other related relationships; explanation of contents of the laws and other regulatory legal acts governing employment relationships; instilling of skills of the analysis and generalization of literature on a labor right; education of skills of law-enforcement activities in the field of a labor right; forming of skills of permission of employment disputes, protection of legitimate rights and interests of participants of employment relationships – workers, employee representatives (labor unions), employers and their representatives, inspection of work.</p> <p>Expected results: To know As a result of studying of this discipline students shall: To have an idea: about essence, a concept and system of the legislation on work; about history of a labor right and historical development of the legislation on work; on regulation of the employment and other legal relationship connected by work in foreign countries. Nobility: subject and method of a labor right; characteristics of the main institutes of a labor right; the legislation regulating legal relationship in the sphere of a labor right.</p> <p>To be able: to analyze the basic concepts and the legal phenomena studied in this rate; to own an industry regulatory framework and to independently resolve the practical situations developing in the field of the legal relationship connected hardly; it is competent to constitute documents in the sphere of a labor right and to have skills of their application during professional activity.</p> <p>Own: legal concepts of the studied discipline, state and legal and constitutional development. Skills: use of the gained knowledge and methods humanitarian and social and economic in professional activity.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communicative, special</p> |
| 8 | Municipal governance in foreign countries | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law | Financial Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Budget law of the RK | <p>The aim of the study is to study local government systems in foreign countries, in learning from the experience of these countries in matters of social security at the level of municipalities.</p> <p>Abstract: Methodological bases of local government in foreign countries. International experience of territorial organization of local self-government. Forms of organization of local government.</p> <p>The expected result. Know what the municipal management system is available in foreign countries. To be able to organize, to analyze, to compare development of municipal management systems in foreign countries. Skills: After studying the discipline the student should know about municipal management systems in foreign countries.</p> <p>Competence: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 9 | The Electoral Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Constitutional Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Constitutional Law of Foreign Countries | Financial Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Labor Procedural Law of the RK Administrative Process of the Republic of Kazakhstan | <p>Purpose of the study: study of the legal basis of the electoral law in the Republic of Kazakhstan, consideration of various social relations arising in the sphere of electoral law.</p> <p>Brief description: Mastering students with basic theoretical knowledge on the problems of electoral law; ability to navigate in the current legislation on elections.</p> <p>Expected results: To know legislative bases of the electoral law in the Republic of Kazakhstan, legal and organizational bases for the activities of electoral bodies in the Republic of Kazakhstan, electoral districts and districts, electoral lists (electors), pre-election campaigning, election financing, election features using the electronic electoral system, elections of the President of the Republic of Kazakhstan, elections deputies of the Senate of the Parliament of the Republic of Kazakhstan, election of deputies of the Majilis of the Parliament of the Republic of Kazakhstan, election of deputies of maslikhats of the Republic Kazakhstan elections to other bodies of local self-government of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>To be able: to apply the electoral law in practice, to analyze the legislation regulating electoral processes in Kazakhstan, to correlate it with the best world experience.</p> <p>Possession: the ability to give a legal assessment of any controversial or problematic situations that arise during the conduct of elections in the Republic. The suffrage is closely connected with the Constitutional Law, the Institute of Presidency and is decisive in the process of formation of a democratic, rule-of-law state.</p> <p>Skills: Ability to analyze current legislation in the field of electoral provision of</p> |

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| | | | | | | the Republic of Kazakhstan Competence: Systemically, communication |
| 9 | The legal status of civil law in the Republic of Kazakhstan entities | 3 | 5 | Constitutional Law of the RK, Civil law of RK | Civil procedure law of the RK, the Legal regulation of public procurement in the Republic of Kazakhstan Contract law of RK | <p>Purpose of the study: The purpose of this course: the formation of a holistic view of the mechanism of legal regulation of complex proprietary and related personal non-property relations, as well as civil and legal relations between the subjects of civil law; develop skills and analysis skills of civil law, to apply this knowledge in the future in the study of other disciplines of modern industry; master the methods of civil protection of inalienable rights and freedoms of natural and legal persons and other intangible benefits, as well as master the modern legal language.</p> <p>Brief description: In the course of studying the discipline the students learn the knowledge (to know): the nature and content of the basic concepts of the legal status of civil law and civil legal entities. On the basis of the acquisition of knowledge are formed skills (be able to) handle civil law concepts and categories; analyzing legal facts and arising in connection with civil legal relations; analyze, interpret and correctly apply the rules of civil law; make decisions and take legal action in strict accordance with the civil law, to carry out legal examination of normative legal acts; give qualified legal advice, civil and legal advice; properly prepare and execute civil documents.</p> <p>Expected results: To know Acquire skills (own): civil law terminology and skills to work with the legislation; skills to analyze different legal events, legal facts, the rule of law and civil relations, which are the objects of professional activity; analysis of enforcement practices; permit civil legal problems and conflicts; the implementation of civil law. To be able: Expected Result: After studying the discipline, students should distinguish between civil law subjects (individuals and legal entities, state and administrative-territorial units). Own Theoretical and practical basics of the Civil Code and textbooks and monographs in terms of mastering the methods of protection of civil rights of the Republic of Kazakhstan legal entities.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 10 | Administrative practice of law-enforcement bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Administrative Law of the RK | Criminal Procedure Law of the RK, Information law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Supervision of the Prosecutor's Office for the execution of the law | <p>Purpose of the study: To study the basic position of an administrative practice of internal affairs _.</p> <p>Brief description: Administrative law occupies a special place in the system of legal regulation as a necessary and important tool in the management of social processes in society.</p> <p>Expected results:</p> <p>Know: the Main provisions, principles, objectives and functions of the discipline, methods of regulation of relations.</p> <p>Be able to: apply obtained knowledge and skills in practice.</p> <p>To possess: basic concepts and terms</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 10 | Administrative law enforcement | 3 | 5 | Administrative law of the RK | Criminal procedure law of the RK, the procuracy Supervision over the enforcement of the law, Information law of the RK | <p>The objectives of the study. To give profound knowledge about the nature and importance of administrative law enforcement in the protection of public order. Brief content: the course examines concepts of public order and the constitutional basis for its protection; materiality and principles of administrative activities of internal Affairs bodies, its objectives and modes of implementation, the main forms of participation of workers in public order protection, and also developing in the field of public relations and governing these activities the rules of administrative law.</p> <p>The expected result.</p> <p>Know: the nature and significance of the sphere of management of law enforcement agencies of the state in General and management in the sphere of protection of public order, in particular about the nature and importance of administrative activities for the protection of public order and public security.</p> <p>To be able: to orientate in the legislation that governs the administrative activity of law enforcement bodies.</p> |

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| | | | | | | <p>To possess: to give skills and ability to decide in accordance with the laws of certain issues of ensuring the protection of public order; apply forms and methods of implementation of administrative activities with methods of enforcing the law.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 11 | Criminal executive law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Criminal law of the RK | Supervision over the implementation of procuracy of the law, Advocacy of RK, Public service and management | <p>The aim of the study: the Main provisions of the criminal policy of Kazakhstan related to the execution of criminal penalties. Means of execution of punishments. The main provisions of the criminal policy of Kazakhstan related to the execution of criminal penalties. Means of execution of punishments.</p> <p>Brief description: a system of international standards for the treatment of prisoners and national legislation in the sphere of execution of criminal penalties and treatment of prisoners and the practice of their implementation.</p> <p>Expected result: In the specific situation correctly apply the appropriate legal norms and international standards, to the best knowledge of the General and Special parts of criminal-Executive legislation of the RK; to be familiar with the practice of functioning of system of bodies executing punishment not only of Kazakhstan but in foreign countries.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 11 | Executive production | 3 | 5 | Civil law of the RK | The procuracy supervision over the enforcement of the law, the legal Profession of the RK, Budget law of RK | <p>The aim of the study: teaching the course "enforcement proceedings" - the formation of students' procedural knowledge in the area of justice in civil cases, the students of the law governing the various forms of judicial protection of rights, in particular, the procedure for the consideration and decision of civil cases by courts, arbitration courts, the inseparable connection of the law with practical application by the relevant authorities.</p> <p>Summary. Enforcement proceedings intended to implement the ruling in reality. In this context, the execution of court decisions is an integral part of the civil process. In addition, the importance of performance cannot be overemphasized in the field of civil proceedings and throughout public life.</p> <p>The expected result. To know: basics and specifics of legal regulation of civil procedure and related public relations. the contents of normative legal acts and theoretical approaches that determine the scope of its activities, to understand their significance for the realization of the right to professional activity; forms and mechanisms of protection of the rights of citizens and legal persons; the essence, character and interaction of legal and governmental phenomena. Be able to: navigate in the system, the structure, the competence of the state, including law enforcement agencies; interpret the norms of various branches of law; to use normative legal acts in professional activities; understand the legislative innovations introduced; logically competent to Express and justify their point of view; use of computer and other innovative technologies; to carry out a competent document management. Have skills: the development and preparation of legal documents, preparation of substantiated information upon requests of legal entities and individuals; logical analysis of problem situations, learn and remember all of the circumstances and details related to the plot of the work performed to establish and support relationships with colleagues; to establish and develop interpersonal relations with regard to the implementation of professional duties, interviewing and advising on legal issues; interrogation and statements in pleadings.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 12 | Ecological law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Civil law of the RK | Land Law of the RK, Investment Law of the RK, Information Law of the RK, Judicial expertology | <p>Purpose of the study: Getting the students knowledge of the legal regulation of public (environmental) relations, development of the basic theoretical concepts, categories, and the Environmental Law Institute</p> <p>Brief description: Environmental law – an independent branch in the system of law, which is a combination of environmental legal norms, regulating public relations in order to comply with the human rights to favourable environment, protection and rational use of natural resources, environmental security.</p> <p>Expected results: To know: students with concepts of environmental law as an independent branch of the law, the study of which will acquire knowledge in the field of environmental legislation. Own: Skills to work with normative legal acts containing norms of environmental law</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 12 | Environmental law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law Civil law of RK | The land law of the RK, Investment law of the RK, Judicial expertology | <p>Learning goal: the students Receive knowledge in the legal regulation of public (environmental) relations, the development of the basic theoretical concepts, categories and institutions of environmental law</p> <p>Abstract: Environmental law – an independent branch in the system of law, which is a combination of environmental legal norms, regulating public relations in order to comply with the human rights to favourable environment, protection and rational use of natural resources, environmental security.</p> <p>The expected result. Know: students receive a presentation about the environmental law as an independent branch of law, the study of which will enable to acquire knowledge</p> |

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| | | | | | | in the field of environmental law. Skills: the skills to work with normative legal acts containing norms of environmental law Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 13 | Criminology | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Criminal Law of the RK | Administrative Procedural Law of the RK, Advocacy of the RK, International cooperation in criminal matters, Criminalistics | Purpose of the study: The main causes of crime and the solution to these problems sociological and legal science that studies the crime, the identity of the offender, the causes and conditions of crime, ways and means for its prevention. Brief description: have an understanding of the subject matter and structure of criminology, sociology of nature and social significance of the provisions of criminology, the history of criminology, state, structure and dynamics of crime, the causes and conditions of crime, the identity of the offender, the victims of crime, to predicting crime, on the prevention of crime about criminological characteristics of crime, types of crime. Expected results: To know to know the basic crime rates in Kazakhstan at different stages of its history; to acquire research skills and assessment of the level, causes and conditions of crime, the identity of the offender, the victims of crime, developing means of combating crime and predicting crime. Competence: Systemically, communication, special |
| 13 | Professional ethics of a lawyer | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law Criminal law of RK | Advocacy RK | The purpose of the study: the Formation, development and consolidation of future lawyers of the value attitude to the world, knowledge of the main historical developments of moral ideas about the major ethical theories. Summary. Discusses the features of office etiquette, business etiquette, and questions off-duty deal, including both General requirements and special specific characteristics of the chosen legal specialty. The expected result. Know: features of office etiquette, business etiquette, and questions off-duty deal, including both General requirements and special specific characteristics of the chosen legal specialty. To be able to identify the moral content of different types of legal activities; to show the moral requirements for legal activities in various fields. Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 14 | Land Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, The ecological Law of the RK, Civil Law of the RK | Investment Law of the RK, Supervision over the implementation of procuracy of the law | Purpose of the study: The aim of the study course "Land Law": describe students basic theoretical provisions of land law; opening value of the land legislation in establishing a market economy; Studying of structure and legal status of the land fund categories the Republic of Kazakhstan; Analysis of contemporary condition development prospects of the land legislation; Formation students' skills in the correct application of the law to the various situations of land relations; Note students on typical mistakes in the interpretation of the rules of the Land Law and a series of complex theoretical issues that have not yet developed land and legal science. Brief description: Acquire knowledge about the basics of the land legislation; knowing practical skills application of the rules of the land legislation; Formation of future legal professionals the ability to protect the rights and legitimate interests of the state, entities and citizen sphere of land relations. Development and improvement of land legislation of Kazakhstan is the cause of deep study of the land law in law schools as the land relations are the focus of the public and relevant to all segments of the population - both possessing and not possessing land. students need to acquire knowledge in the field of theoretical propositions of the general, basic legal institutions of its special part, and acquire skills for the application and analysis of legal acts, the resolution of practical situations. As a result of the study course "Land Law of RK" the student must have an understanding of the system of land legislation of Kazakhstan, its principles, goals and structure; to know the history and understanding of the prospects for their improvement; know the legal status of land, established by the state; able to skillfully use a variety of types of legal liability for violation of land legislation by officials; knowledge of the theory of land use rights and the rules of the land legislation, as well as the acquired skills of future activities; implement the promotion of land rights as a legal means to ensure the rational use and protection of lands; competently provide advice to citizens in the field of land relations, land use legislation. Expected results: To know: you need the knowledge and the disclosure of the basic concepts and institutions of the course and learning the basics of land legislation. Own: Develop skills of correct application of the basic legal concepts and institutions of land law in practical work in the study of branches of law Competence: Systemically, communication, special |
| 14 | The issues of legal regulation of illegal and inappropriate use of land | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law, Environmental law | Investment law of the RK, the procuracy | Purpose of study: to Give students the basics of identifying the violations in the illegal and inappropriate use of land resources in Kazakhstan. Abstract: The discipline reveals the problematic issues of legal regulation of illegal and inappropriate use of land resources in the Republic of Kazakhstan, defines the boundaries of responsibility, its types, sanctions. |

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| | resources in the Republic of Kazakhstan | | | of RK Civil law of RK | Supervision over implementation of laws | <p>The expected result.</p> <p>Facts: the Development and improvement of the land legislation of Kazakhstan is a reason of deep study on land rights in the law schools, because the land relations are in the focus of public attention and is relevant to all segments of the population — as possessing and not possessing the land. Skills: Ability to analyze current legislation on land relations</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 15 | Basics qualification of crimes | 3 | 5 | Criminal Law of RK | Criminalistics, Public service and management | <p>Purpose of the study: to give the concept of the theoretical and scientific basis for the definition of crimes</p> <p>Brief description: legal disciplines as science, covers the basics of qualifications and conditions of criminal behavior</p> <p>Expected results: To know: the correct qualification of the criminal offense, the delineation of adjacent elements of a criminal offense.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 15 | Criminal law protection of families and minors | 3 | 5 | Criminal law of the RK | Criminalistics, Public service and management | <p>The aim of the study: the study of the discipline is to familiarize students to the main provisions and international standards on the legal protection of the family and minors</p> <p>Summary: Criminal law protection of the family and minors has a special place in system of legal regulation of relations between minors in society.</p> <p>Facts: Criminal-legal characteristics of criminal offences against the individual, society, state and juvenile.</p> <p>To be able to give the correct classification of these acts.</p> <p>To possess the General rules of qualification of the acts committed.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 16 | Business Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Civil Law of the RK | Legal regulation of public procurement | <p>Purpose of the study: The purpose of the discipline - to teach students to apply basic instruments used in economic activity, to introduce the competence of governments in dealing with economic entities with the regulations in the said field and applying them in practice.</p> <p>Brief description: The course contains the basic provisions that characterize the nature of the Kazakh business law, its place in the legal system of the Republic of Kazakhstan is considering the legal nature of business relationships, as well as the basic concepts of business law ("entrepreneurship", "legal person", "individual entrepreneur"), as well as major Institutions business law, such as the creation, reorganization, liquidation of business entities insolvency (bankruptcy) of economic entities, licensing of certain activities, the legal regulation of auditing, valuation, advertising activities in Kazakhstan, business contracts, etc.</p> <p>Expected results:</p> <p>To know: Introduction and understanding of basic theoretical positions, as well as issues of business law and legislation. Role of Business and Law in the modern development of market relations Kazakhstan unimportant goal in the study of business law course will be the study of its history, development and formation within the general history of the state and law including History of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>To be able: Experience with legal acts. Orienteering in the complex and voluminous legislation of Kazakhstan, including international instruments in the field of business and apply those rules in their future practice.</p> <p>Own The development of students' skills in working with legal acts. discussion of problems preparation of scientific articles, reports to conferences, round tables, etc.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 16 | Legal framework of mediation | 3 | 5 | Civil procedure law of RK | Advocacy RK, Labor procedural law of the RK | <p>Purpose of study: to form students' understanding of the purposes and objectives of each stage of the activities of mediators; to develop the skills of comparative legal analysis of regulatory legal acts in terms of comparing with international acts of different levels in the field of mediation; to promote methods of scientific research in the process of working with regulatory and monographic sources in the field of conflict resolution and mediation.</p> <p>Abstract: Mediation as an alternative method of resolving legal conflicts. The law of RK "On mediation". Typology of conflicts - intrapersonal, interpersonal, group, inter-group conflict types, conflict in organizations. The legal conflict: the nature, mechanism, dynamics, types. Features of a legal conflict. Regulatory conflicts. The political conflicts. Conflicts authoritarian rule. Conflict democratic government. Conflicts between the branches and institutions of government. Technologies for the prevention and resolution of political conflicts. Types of social conflict. Criminal conflicts. Criminal conflict and crime. Prevention of legal conflicts and methods of their alternative resolution.</p> <p>The expected result. Know: the essence of mediation, its sources and principles; to understand the main procedural category; to navigate the sources of mediation; the skills to analyze and solve basic legal problems, including legal conflicts, in Kazakhstan the criminal and civil process. To be able: to operate legal concepts and categories; to analyse legal facts and arising in connection with them legal relations; to possess legal terminology; to analyze the texts of documents of</p> |

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| | | | | | | international importance; to use scientific and reference literature on the subjects of discipline. Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 17 | Family Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Constitutional Law of the RK Civil law of the RK | The advocacy of the RK, law of RK Insurance | <p>Purpose of the study: The purpose of this course is to develop students' understanding of the importance of family law at the present stage, the mechanism of regulation of family and legal norms regarding personal and material nature.</p> <p>Brief description: The objectives of the discipline are the study of the rights and responsibilities of spouses, parents, children, guardians and trustees, procedures, conditions and legal consequences of marriage and divorce, annulment, conditions and procedure of adoption, deprivation of parental rights, the forms for children left without parental care .</p> <p>Expected results: To know: Applied value of this branch of law is the need to teach students not only theoretically comprehend all study questions, but put them into practice in specific tasks based on the formed legal thinking; quickly and accurately respond to violations of family and marriage legislation and to eliminate them in compliance with the law. You must also teach students to work on special literature and be able to express their own opinions on various positions of scientists to do the analysis, to predict what legal consequences might lead certain legislative changes made on the basis of these positions. The course allows students studying legal professions to learn the most important legal aspects play a significant role in the functioning of modern law and state. The problems of classification of family relations, protections and responsibilities in family law, as well as issues of legal capacity, capacity and nature of legal facts in relation to family law. Family Law, as an independent branch of law, occupies a unique place in the system of laws. It is part of legal science that studies the law the organization of public relations in their historical development, uses the categories and definitions of law, worked out the general theory of state and law.</p> <p>Own: the study on the level of knowledge of the regulatory framework, the concept, sources, system, principles of family law, alimony relationships, marriage contract, surrogate motherhood and others. Ability: to work with the laws and other legal acts. Skills to analyze the current marriage and family law.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 17 | Private international law | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law, Constitutional law of RK Civil law of the RK | The advocacy of the RK, law of RK Insurance | <p>Learning objectives: the Main purpose of discipline — to give students knowledge about the organization of civil turnover and business in a global scale and the main legislative regulations in this area. The discipline also aims at deepening knowledge in the field of civil law relations in General.</p> <p>Summary. The main content of private international law is the elimination of conflict to the problems of discrepancies between the contents of the law martial of States, relating to the same matter, the Study of the course involves familiarization with the methods and forms of legal regulation of private law relations of an international character, with the content of the issues on the basis of comparative analysis of the Kazakh legislation, the laws of some foreign countries and relevant international treaties. In the process of learning zatragivayutsya various aspects of international judicial and arbitral practice.</p> <p>The expected result. Facts: getting the students ideas about mejdunarodnom private law as an independent branch of law; legal regulation and the manner of determining the applicable law in the sphere of private legal relations. To possess: skills of independent analysis of the whole range of sources of private international law, the preparation of the essay, essays on the main themes of the course and also the written decision of the incidents. To be able to: determine the international jurisdiction of various disputes with international element, to determine the law subject to application to civil-law relations complicated by a foreign element, and to interpret legal terms and to establish the content of foreign law and international agreements; by reference to conflict of laws rules, national and international legal regulation to determine the applicable law to private relations cross-border nature.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| MAIN DISCIPLINES | | | | | | |
| Elective component (EC) | | | | | | |
| 1 | Notaries Of The Republic Of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of state and law Civil law of RK | Investment law of the RK | <p>The aim of the study: the study of the enshrined rights and lawful interests of individuals and legal entities by notarial actions aimed at identity rights, clarification of capacity of individuals and legal entities involved in transactions, production of certificate of Acknowledgments and certificates, certification of true copies with copies of the document.</p> <p>Abstract: the concept of the notary as a legal institution governing the system of bodies and the order of notarial acts; functions of notaries in the Republic of Kazakhstan; the place of notaries in the law enforcement system, the ratio of notarial activities and legal proceedings, the ratio of notaries and state registration of rights and transactions; subjects of notaries; the organizational</p> |

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| | | | | | | <p>bases of notarial activity; the bodies of notarial self-government; the basic rules and the order of notarial acts.</p> <p>The expected result. To know: knowledge of the principles of osushestvleniya notarial action. Study course "Notary law of the RK" should allow students to have a clear understanding of existing international systems of notaries, main features and principles of the Notariat Latin type, the structure of notarial bodies in the Republic of Kazakhstan, the rules of execution of notarial actions. The study of the theoretical provisions of the course is directly related to the analysis of practical activities, as well as with the study of jurisprudence. Particular attention is drawn to various aspects of notarial practice, which meet not only representatives of legal entities and legal professionals, but also individuals, regardless of their specialty. Skills: carry out preliminary preparations for the Commission of notarial actions; to determine the place of the notarial act; to comply with the requirements to the documents submitted for notarial actions; to determine the order of notarial act; to determine the rules of law used in the Commission of specific types of notarial acts. Skills: skills on studying of the legislation on notaries, the study of the Institute of notaries and its place in the procedural practice of lawyers.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 1 | Public service and management | 3 | 5 | Administrative Law of the RK, Constitutional Law of the RK | Supervision of the Prosecutor's Office for the execution of the law, Budget law of the RK, | <p>Purpose of the study: Consideration of the basic principles of public service, public administration.</p> <p>Brief description: Mastering the students a holistic system of knowledge in the field of public administration theory and organization of public service, research of public service principles.</p> <p>The expected result. The clarification of the main provisions of the Concept of the legal policy of the state, the main constituent elements of the state sluzhby-concepts of the theory and the essence of modern public service, their types, tasks and functions</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 2 | Financial Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Administrative Law of the RK, Constitutional Law of the RK | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>Purpose of the study:: mastering the students a holistic system of knowledge in the theory of the financial system, financial management and financial organization activity elucidation of basic concept of financial and legal policy of the state, the main constituent elements of the theory of the financial system - the concept and spirit of the modern financial policies, their types, tasks and functions, as well as management in the field of finance, the study of the principles of the financial system.</p> <p>Brief description: To study the principles of the financial system, detection of constitutional-legal framework of the state of the financial system, the analysis of formation, essence, structure and development of the legal institution of financial activities, the development of legal model of the financial system, the rationale of the concept and the main directions of the reform of state-financial services, the study of foreign experience in the organization and functioning of the financial system, development of recommendations and proposals for improvement of financial legislation. The financial activity of the state. Concept, subject and system of financial law. The legal basis of the monetary system. Legal basis for financial control. The budgetary system. The management of the budget and budgetary control. Republican budget in the budget law. Tax as a financially-legal category. The legal basis of the loan. The legal basis for the organization of banking and insurance.</p> <p>Expected results: To know: the concept and the legal nature of financial relationships, define the terms and conditions of their legal regulation. Consider the questions and problems of application of financial regulations in the financial relations.</p> <p>To be able: apply theoretical knowledge in practice, analyze financial legislation. Skills: The student should be competent in applying the theory of financial legislation, in practice, could also be guided in the organization and implementation of legal relations.</p> <p>Competence: Economic, organizational and managerial competence</p> |
| 2 | Legal regulation of securities | 3 | 5 | Administrative law of RK, Constitutional law of RK | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>Learning objectives: This course is aimed at the development of legal knowledge, to systematically reveal the laws of functioning of the securities market, as well as its value. Knowledge legal framework for the functioning of the securities market in Kazakhstan and other theoretical Sciences will be needed in their future professional activities.</p> <p>Abstract: Legal regulation of securities market involves a complex of measures and means aimed at achieving the same goal - ensuring the interests of the state and society. Legal regulation of the securities market reflects the main aspects of legal regulation of activities on the securities market and activities of individual participants. The main sphere of legal regulation of the securities market are the legal relations arising in the process of implementing activities on the securities market.</p> <p>The expected result. As a result of studying of discipline "Legal regulation of</p> |

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| | | | | | | securities" the student must: have an idea of the specificity and heterogeneity of social relations regulated by the legislation on securities market; - know the basic sources of legal regulation of the securities market; General situation of the securities market; concept and characteristics of the securities in accordance with the law; the main provisions on the protection of rights and legitimate interests of investors on the securities market; the types of offences at the securities market and the responsibility for them; to be able to: analyze the norms of various branches of law, regulating legal relations on the securities market; to operate the basic concepts of the legislation on securities market; to use provisions of the law on the securities market to the investment decision. Economic and organizational-managerial competences |
| 3 | Administrative process of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Theory of State and Law, Administrative Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | Forensic expertology, Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Supervision of the Prosecutor's Office for the execution of the law | The aim of the study: mastering the students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of administrative process of the RK, the formation of a complex of knowledge among students about the current state and problematic issues of the theory and practice of the administrative process, as well as the development of the ability to apply theoretical knowledge in considering and solving specific problems of law enforcement practice. Summary: subject, subject, principles, methodology of the administrative process, forms of the administrative process, their essence and functions; the role of the administrative process in the political system of society, in public life; administrative procedure for the consideration of administrative cases (pre-trial and judicial), types of administrative procedural activity, the system of administrative procedural law. Expected Result. As a result of studying the discipline "Administrative Process of the RK", the student must: Know: the subject, subject, principles, methodology of the administrative process, the place of the administrative process in the system of social and legal sciences; nature and essence of the process; the main laws governing the development and functioning of the administrative process, the historical types and forms of the administrative process, their nature and functions; the role of the administrative process in the political system of society, in public life; administrative procedure for examining administrative cases (pre-trial and judicial), types of administrative and procedural activities, the system of administrative procedural law; to be able: to analyze legal situations and legal acts, to evaluate, from a legal point of view, what concerns administrative and procedural activities and to be guided in the types of production and the procedure for their implementation, and also to form the basic forms of documents and appeals; to operate with legal concepts and categories; to carry out legal expertise of normative legal acts; to give qualified legal opinions and consultations; identify circumstances that contribute to the commission of crimes; plan and carry out activities to prevent and prevent offenses; identify, assess and facilitate the suppression of corrupt behavior; possess: skills in the field of administrative and procedural activities, drawing up standard procedural documents and appeals, elaborating proposals for improving administrative and procedural norms in the current legislation; legal terminology; skills in working with legal acts; skills: analysis of various legal and other social phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity; analysis of law enforcement and law enforcement practice; resolving legal problems and conflicts; implementation of norms of substantive and procedural law; taking the necessary measures to protect human rights and citizens; method of qualification and differentiation of various types of offenses. System-forming, competent, special competences |
| 3 | Contract law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Civil law of the RK, Roman and private law, legal status of subjects of civil law | Investment law of the RK | Purpose of study: to provide students with the foundations of the Treaty as an independent Institute of civil law regulation of contractual relations, principles, etc. Abstract: drafting of civil contracts will enable students to acquire the theoretical basic knowledge and certain practical skills in the application of the civil law, to use them in different situations, requiring the adoption of a legally competent solutions, qualified to exercise law enforcement in the sphere of civil relations. The expected result. Acquisition of theoretical basic knowledge and certain practical skills in the application of the civil legislation, the ability to make models of contracts. Economic and organizational-managerial competences |
| 4 | Criminalistics | 3 | 5 | Criminal Law of the RK Criminology, Basics qualification of | Writing and defense of diploma work (project), or state | Purpose of the study: Preparation of criminal procedure acts of pre-trial and trial proceedings, the application of expertise in criminal cases, operative-search activity, the theory of forensic evidence Brief description: As a result of the course "Forensic science" students must: know the main general theoretical and methodological principles of criminology, forensic technology, forensic (investigative) tactics and methods of the investigation of individual species and groups of crimes; basic methods of |

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| | | | | crimes | examination | <p>investigation, and the most common types of crime groups.</p> <p>The expected result. Be able to apply scientific and technical means of detection, fixing and withdrawal of traces of hands, feet, vehicles, and hacking tools, as well as micro-objects; to understand the order of preparation and submitting materials for the production of forensic and other expertise, to navigate the basics of the most common methods of expert research; to acquire skills in the use of both traditional and non-traditional tactics of carrying out separate investigative actions; to learn the fundamentals of organizational interaction of law enforcement bodies on disclosing and investigation of crimes. In the study of this subject the student will know the basic theoretical and methodological principles of criminology.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 4 | Methods of investigating certain types of crime | 3 | 5 | Criminal law of the RK, Criminology, principles of qualification of crimes | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>Purpose of study: to provide students with theoretical and practical knowledge, skills and abilities related to the use of forensic tools and methods in the disclosures, investigations, and preventing crime.</p> <p>Abstract: the content of the curriculum reflects the current level of science of criminology, its relationship with other Sciences, best practices, investigative and forensic unit of the MIA of the RK</p> <p>The expected result. Be able to apply scientific and technical means of detection, fixing and withdrawal of traces of hands, feet, vehicles, and hacking tools, as well as micro-objects; to understand the order of preparation and submitting materials for the production of forensic and other expertise, to navigate the basics of the most common methods of expert research; to acquire skills in the use of both traditional and non-traditional tactics of carrying out separate investigative actions; Skills: Use in practice of the provisions and methods of investigation of separate kinds and groups of crimes.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 5 | Judicial expertology | 3 | 5 | Civil procedure law of RK Criminal procedure law of RK | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>The aim of the study: "Forensic expertology" is studied by students of investigative and prosecutorial and judicial specialisation with the aim of deepening and expanding the knowledge acquired in the courses of criminal process and criminalistics.</p> <p>Abstract: the Study of modern features of forensic examinations and solve their issues; knowledge of the system of expert institutions of Kazakhstan and foreign countries, the procedural provisions of expert and specialist The expected result. Practical skills in the preparation and appointment of forensic examinations to be able to detect, remove, investigate material objects sent for expert research.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 5 | The Workshop on the Investigation of Crimes | 3 | 5 | Criminal procedure law of RK | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result: To know: the concept and legal essence of legal relations in the sphere of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to determine the procedure and conditions for their legal regulation.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 6 | Legal regulation of public procurement in the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Civil law of the RK, business law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, The legal status of subjects of civil law | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>Purpose of study: In the process of studying this course students should acquire the theoretical foundations of the modern state economic policy; to get acquainted with certain concepts of state intervention found in economic theory and practice of different countries; to recognize the existing system of state regulation of national economy; to understand the contents and modalities of government investment, monetary, fiscal, competition, regional, social, structural, and foreign economic policies; to consider in conjunction the effectiveness of the different tools, forms and methods of state influence on the economic environment to achieve significant goals.</p> <p>Abstract: the process and mechanism of the formation of economic space, the integrity and hierarchy of social and economic systems and the contradictions of interests of different levels in the course of achieving social and economic goals. The system of socio-economic goals of government intervention, principles of formation of economic policy and strategic objectives of the individual areas. The expected result. Know: the main provisions of the legislation of RK in the sphere of placement of state orders; methods of placing the state procurement, and their information and content; the conditions and procedure for the conclusion and execution of public procurement, to apply them in practice. The specifics of placing state and municipal orders.</p> <p>Economic and organizational-managerial competences</p> |
| 6 | Labor procedural law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Constitutional law of the RK, Labor law of the RK, | Writing and defense of diploma work | <p>Purpose of study: to Examine the basic principles of labor relations in the area of dispute, review of the status of the Commission for the resolution of employment disputes, as well as the study of the legal effects of the proceedings.</p> <p>Abstract: peculiarities of consideration and resolution of labor disputes in civil proceedings; the main problems of proof in individual employment dispute, the</p> |

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| | | | | RK Civil procedural law | (project) or a state examination | evidence and the burden of proof between the parties to the dispute; about the ways of settlement of collective labor disputes and mediation procedures. The expected result. Facts: jurisdictional authorities considering and resolving the labour dispute; the objects of individual and collective labor dispute; pre-trial procedure and procedural features of consideration of labour dispute in court, rules of jurisdiction; on the order of consideration of the statement and piskulova the nature of labor disputes; guarantees for the protection of workers' rights. Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special |
| 7 | Medical Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Criminal Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | The purpose of the study: the acquisition by students of knowledge of theoretical foundations about the essence of medical law; Studying the current legislation in the field of medical law; formation of students' skills in applying the rules of medical law. Abstract: The concept and essence of medical law. The analysis of the subject, methods, sources, system and principles of medical law, peculiarities of legal relations in the field of public health; study of international legal medical standards and constitutional guarantees of the Republic of Kazakhstan in the field of health protection; identification of the specific features of the rights of different categories of citizens for health protection; The study of the legal status of medical workers. Expected Result. To know: "Medical Law" aims first of all to give students knowledge about human rights and freedom, to acquaint them with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan and the norms of international law, objects, subjects and methods of legal regulation of medical activity, with the rights and duties of both the medical worker and the patient and legal liability for offenses and crimes in the field of medicine and public health. Teach students to apply the norms of legislation on medicine and healthcare in the Republic of Kazakhstan to specific circumstances and situations. To be able: to apply in practice provisions of laws and normative acts of the RK concerning medical law. Skills: independently analyze legal acts related to health care; within the framework of the law, to protect their professional rights; in the process of professional activity, meet the requirements and criteria of the Kazakhstan and International legislation; protect their labor rights and freedoms and act within their professional duties; apply laws and other normative legal acts that regulate legal relations in the sphere of health protection; Use legal mechanisms to protect the rights and legitimate interests of both health professionals and patients. Special Competencies |
| 7 | Investment law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Civil law of the RK, International Public Law, International private law | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | Purpose of study: to give future professionals with theoretical knowledge and practical skills in the basics of regulatory and legal support of investment activities in Kazakhstan; develop theoretical and practical skills in the field of legal regulation of state and non-state management of investment processes, as well as the legal responsibility of participants of the relations in the investment sphere. Abstract: the Concept, subject, method, principles and functions of the investment law. The ratio of financial law and investment law. The origin and development of the Institute of investment law. Sources of legal regulation of investment activity: the concept, characteristics, types. The system of the investment legislation of RK. The concept and types of investments and capital investments. Concept, types and features of investment relations under Russian law. Investment regimes. The emergence, implementation, modification and termination of investment relations. Investment contract as a form of investment relations. Legal forms of investment activities. Investment process. The expected result. Know: laws and stages of historical process, the main events and processes in world and Russian economic history; basic legal documents, including normative legal acts regulating investment activities of the state. Be able to: apply the conceptual and categorical apparatus, the basic laws Economic and organizational-managerial competences |
| 8 | Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Constitutional Law of Kazakhstan, Civil Procedural Law of the RK, Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | Purpose of the study: discipline " Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan " aims to familiarize students with the current state of the legal profession, providing it with the help of qualified legal assistance to individuals and legal entities, forms of participation of lawyers in addressing law enforcement problems. The course includes the study of tasks and functions of the legal profession, as well as organizational forms of its work. Particular attention is paid to the peculiarities of the activity of lawyers in various stages of criminal and civil proceedings. Brief description: Studying discipline "Advocacy of Kazakhstan" allows not only to give students knowledge about the basics of the Bar, the forms of its participation in ensuring law and order in the country, but also to learn more in depth previously studied subjects. Expected results: To know Discipline is designed to assist students in choosing their future profession, as it is now in society there is a need to top-level lawyers frames. As a result of the development of the course, students need to acquire in- |

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| | | | | of Kazakhstan, legal foundations of the institution of mediation | | <p>depth knowledge of: history and development of the legal profession; the current state of the legal profession, especially the transition to the new organizational forms of activity; objectives and main activities of the legal profession; purchase order, suspension and termination of the status of a lawyer; rights and obligations of a lawyer, the basic principles of their activities; organizational forms of the Bar.</p> <p>You must be able to: analyze and give proper legal assessment of specific situations that arise in the course of practice; accurately and to practice the law, to quickly and effectively resolve specific situations; conduct its own investigation, collect necessary for a fair resolution of cases the information; to give an accurate and objective interpretation and legal assessment set out in the preliminary investigation and trial facts. maximize the use of the procedural rights granted to lawyers to establish the truth in the case; Law lead production; correctly and clearly constitute procedural documents established by current legislation. Own: the nature and objectives of the Bar, on the formation and development of the legal profession in Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Competence: Systemically, communication, special</p> |
| 8 | Information law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | The constitutional law of RK Administrative law of the RK, Civil law of the RK | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>The aim of the study: the study of information law as an independent Institute of civil law, regulating the legal entities in the field of legal mode of implementation of information processes, i.e. creation, collection, processing, accumulation, storage, dissemination and consumption of information (information resources); explain to students the basic theoretical positions of information law; to draw students' attention to the legal regulation of information relations media and issues legal regime for virtual environment the Internet.</p> <p>Abstract: to have an idea about the theoretical bases of legal regulation of legal relations, to be able to analyze the existing legislation.</p> <p>The expected result. As a result of studying the course "Information law" student must know the law on the legal regime of various types of information; to be able to use the acquired knowledge in practice; to have a view on the regulation of legal regime of information, including the principal mysteries; to possess the skills to work with normative legal acts. Skills In the process of studying of the course the student will become familiar with osobennosti legal regime of information resources, and responsibility in the information environment, etc.</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 9 | The procuracy supervision over the enforcement of the law | 3 | 5 | Criminal Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Civil procedural law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, Administrative Practice of Internal Affairs of the Republic of Kazakhstan | Writing and defense of diploma work (project) or a state examination | <p>Purpose of study: Specialized academic discipline that reflects the order of supervision over observance of laws. Abstract: the subject of prosecutorial supervision in the Republic of Kazakhstan are legal provisions defining the functions, principles, objectives, system structure, main activities, plenary powers of organs of the Prosecutor's office.</p> <p>The expected result. Facts: the exercise of the criminal prosecution bodies of inquiry and the exercise of oversight of the Prosecutor's office over execution of the laws. To be able: to identify, prevent, prevent and disclose criminal offences, as well as identifying and ustanavlivat persons who are preparing, committing or committed, and also be able to analyze the functions and tasks of the Prosecutor's office over execution of the laws. To possess: basic concepts and terminology of the criminal procedure code of RK and Law of RK "On Prosecutor's office".</p> <p>Competencies: Strategic, communicative, special</p> |
| 9 | Budget law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | 3 | 5 | Administrative law of the RK, | Writing and defense of | <p>The purpose of the study: the study of the processes of formation and execution of budgets of different levels, the functions of the Treasury. Abstract: the performance of the budget funds; Treasury functions; cash flow management</p> |

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| | | | | RK Civil law, Public service and management | diploma work (project) or a state examination | utility.subjects. Consideration of the mechanism of public debt management, functioning extra-budgetary funds. The expected result. Facts: the legal nature of the budget law; basic principles of budget law; to form students scientific view of the budget law of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Mastering students of theoretical material on the study of this discipline, which anlaufstellen between the private and public character arising out of the offense. Be able to: Apply rules regulating the activity budgets of different levels, analyze the content of the main sections of the budget law, teach them to navigate among the many normative-legal acts aimed at the settlement of the budgetary relations and the proper application of the budgetary legislation. Economic and organizational-managerial competences |
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LIST OF ELECTIVE COMPONENT

Form of education: Full-time
Studying term: 4 years

| Name of Discipline | Discipline Code | Credits | | Semester |
|--|-----------------|---------|------|----------|
| | | RK | ECTS | |
| General education disciplines - 7 credits | | | | |
| Elective component 1 | | | | |
| The basics of anti-corruption culture | BAC 1106 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Sociology | Soc 1106 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Elective component 2 | | | | |
| Kazakhstan model of interethnic tolerance and social harmony | KMITSH 1107 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Culturology | Cul 1107 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Elective component 3 (established by the University) | | | | |
| Religion | Rel 2108 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Basic disciplines - 49 credits | | | | |
| Elective component 1 | | | | |
| History of the State and Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | HSLRK 1209 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Muslim law | ML 1209 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Elective component 2 | | | | |
| Law enforcement bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan | LEARK 1210 | 2 | 3 | 1 |

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| Introduction to the specialty | IS 1210 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Elective component 3 | | | | |
| History of the state and law of foreign countries | HSLFC 1211 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| General History of State and Law | GHSL 1211 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| Elective component 4 | | | | |
| Administrative Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ALRK 1212 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| Municipal Law | ML 1212 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| Elective component 5 | | | | |
| Customs Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CLRK 2213 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Constitutional control | CC 2213 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Elective component 6 | | | | |
| Constitutional law of foreign countries | CLFC 2214 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| Legal systems of our time | LST 2214 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| Elective component 7 | | | | |
| International Public Law | IPL 2215 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| Roman private law | RPL 2215 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| Elective component 8 | | | | |
| Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | LLRK 2216 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Municipal management systems in foreign countries | MMSFC 2216 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Elective component 9 | | | | |
| The Electoral Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ELRK 2217 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| The legal status of subjects of civil law in the Republic of Kazakhstan | LSCLRK 2217 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Elective component 10 | | | | |
| Administrative practice of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan | APLEBRK 2218 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Administrative activity of law enforcement bodies | AALEB 2218 | 3 | 5 | 4 |
| Elective component 11 | | | | |
| Criminal-executive law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CELRK 3219 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Enforcement proceedings | EP 3219 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Elective component 12 | | | | |
| Ecological Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ELRK 3220 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Right to protect the natural environment | RPNE 3220 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Elective component 13 | | | | |
| Criminology | Cri 3221 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Professional ethics of a lawyer | PEL 3221 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Elective component 14 | | | | |
| Land Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | LLRK 3222 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Issues of legal regulation of illegal and misuse of land resources in the Republic of Kazakhstan | ILRIMLRK 3222 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Elective component 15 | | | | |
| Basics qualification of crimes | BQC 3223 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Criminal and legal protection of the family and minors | CLPFM 3223 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Elective component 16 | | | | |

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| Business Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | BLRK 3224 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| The legal basis of the institution of mediation | LBIM 3224 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Elective component 17 | | | | |
| Family law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | FLRK 3225 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Private International Law | PIL 3225 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Main disciplines - 27 credits | | | | |
| Elective component 1 | | | | |
| Notary of the Republic of Kazakhstan | NRK 3303 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Public service and management | PSM 3303 | 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Elective component 2 | | | | |
| Financial Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | FLRK 3304 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Legal regulation of securities | LRS 3304 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Elective component 3 | | | | |
| Administrative process of the Republic of Kazakhstan | APRK 3305 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Contract law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | CLRK 3305 | 3 | 5 | 6 |
| Elective component 4 | | | | |
| Criminalistics | Kri 4306 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Methodology for the investigation of certain types of crime | MICTC 4306 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Elective component 5 | | | | |
| Forensic Expertise | FE 4307 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| The Workshop on the Investigation of Crimes | WIC 4307 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Elective component 6 | | | | |
| Legal Regulation of Public Procurement in the Republic of Kazakhstan | LRPPRK 4308 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Labor Procedural Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | LPLRK 4308 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Elective component 7 | | | | |
| Medical Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | MLRK 4309 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Investment Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ILRK 4309 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Elective component 8 | | | | |
| Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ARK 4310 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Information law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | ILRK 4310 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Elective component 9 | | | | |
| The procuracy supervision over the enforcement of the law | PSOEL 4311 | 3 | 5 | 7 |
| Budget Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan | BLRK 4311 | 3 | 5 | 7 |