

ALIKHAN BOKEIKHAN UNIVERSITY» EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION
Faculty of law
Department of Criminal Law

THE CATALOGUE OF ELECTIVE SUBJECTS
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Chairman of the UMS Faculty

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Protocol №. 5 of 05/25/2022

Chairman of the UMS of the University

№ Component of choice	Name of the discipline	Amount of credits	Prerequisites	Postrekvizity	Brief description of the purpose of the study, summary and expected results of the study (knowledge, skills, skills, competence)
BASIC DISCIPLINES					
Components of choice (CCh)					
1	History of the State and Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	History of Kazakhstan (School course)	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (Special part)	<p>The purpose of the study: to disclose the content of the subject "History of the State and Law of the RK", its main conceptual apparatus, subject and method as a branch of law.</p> <p>Summary: In modern conditions, legal scholars carry out a study of the history of the state and law of the Republic</p> <p>Expected result: To know: to form students' scientific understanding of the relationship between the two most important phenomena – the state and law; to study the main factors determining the development of the state and law, the interdependence of state and legal phenomena from the economy, politics, ideology, culture; the customary law of the Kazakhs, the norms of the Laws of "Zhety Jargy", the Great Yasa of Genghis Khan, etc. Be able to: Form a scientific understanding of the dynamics of legal processes and phenomena in various historical periods. To master the theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law.</p> <p>Be able to: to form a scientific understanding of the dynamics of legal processes and phenomena in various historical periods. To master the theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law.</p> <p>Own: ideas about the events of the history of the state and law of foreign countries; skills of analyzing historical sources; methods of conducting discussions and polemics.</p>
1	Kazakhstan law	5	History of Kazakhstan (School course)	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (Special part)	<p>The purpose of the study: The main purpose of this academic discipline is to study Kazakh legislation by students</p> <p>Expected result: To know: the history of the formation of states; the history of the development of law; ways and methods of regulating public relations in the context of history.</p> <p>Be able to: compare certain historical stages in different states; highlight the features of the historical development of different countries; Master theoretical material on the progressive development of human civilization towards the values of a democratic society and the rule of law. to analyze and evaluate historical development.</p> <p>Own: basic concepts and terms.</p>

2	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	5	Theory and history of state and law	Civil procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	<p>The purpose of the study: In the process of studying the discipline Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part), students should form an idea of property and personal non-property relations between participants in civil circulation, based on the equality of the parties, their independence and property independence, in order to exercise their civil rights, interests and needs.</p> <p>Summary: The study of this discipline contributes to the achievement of a comprehensive deep understanding by students of the nature and essence of civil law relations, to correctly understand the content of civil law norms, to know their features, the basis, mechanism and consequences of their application, as well as to know the subjects of civil law, organizational and legal forms legal entities, property rights and rights in rem, general provisions on obligations.</p> <p>Expected result: To know: to fully understand civil law categories, to understand the system of civil law, to know civil law legislation, to know the basic theories and provisions in the field of the use of private law norms.</p> <p>Be able to: comprehensively and deeply summarize and analyze the acquired knowledge in the field of civil law, successfully solve legal problems and problems in the field of private law; apply civil law terminology, apply regulatory legal acts, implement the norms of substantive and procedural law in professional activities; legally correctly qualify facts and circumstances.</p> <p>Own: to provide qualified legal opinions and consultations in the field of civil disputes; preparation of legal documents in the field of private relations; to make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law; to ensure compliance with legislation by legal entities.</p>
2	Ecological Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Theory and history of state and law	Civil procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	<p>The purpose of the study: Obtaining knowledge by students in terms of the legal regulation of social (environmental) relations, mastering the basic theoretical concepts, categories and institutions of environmental law.</p> <p>Summary: Environmental law is an independent branch in the system of law, which is a set of environmental legal norms that regulate social relations in order to respect the human right to a favorable environment, protect and rationally use natural resources, and ensure environmental safety. Students must gain knowledge in the field of theoretical provisions of the general part, the main legal institutions of its special part, as well as acquire skills and abilities in the application and analysis of normative legal acts, resolving practical situations.</p> <p>Expected Result:</p> <p>To know: the concept of environmental law, its subject, methods, system, features; the history of the development of environmental relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; environmental legal relations; sources of environmental law.</p> <p>Be able to: interpret and apply laws and other regulatory legal acts regulating environmental relations, including in relation to specific situations; select, summarize and analyze law enforcement (including judicial) practice in the field of environmental relations; work with educational and scientific literature, other sources; legally correctly qualify facts and circumstances, analyze actual circumstances of the case; draw up legal documents (statements, statements of claim, draft contracts, conclusions, etc.); to argue their own position, competently express and justify their point of view on topical and controversial issues of environmental law; to analyze the legal consequences of situations; to analyze the current legislation, including from the point of view of identifying existing gaps, conflicts and to suggest possible solutions to them.</p> <p>Own: search, systematization of environmental legislation using legal reference and other information systems; public speaking, including scientific reports, reports on land issues; on the possession of techniques, rules and means of legal technology; on the analysis of various legal situations in the field of land relations; to prepare consultations on environmental issues; to analyze the case, to develop and implement the position on the case.</p>

3	Administrative practice of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Theory and history of state and law	Industrial practice (II)	<p>The purpose of the study is to study the basic situation of the administrative practice of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Executive Summary: Administrative law occupies a special place in the system of legal regulation, since it is a necessary and important tool for managing social processes in society.</p> <p>Expected Result: To know: the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the theoretical and legal foundations of administrative activity, the norms of professional ethics, law enforcement practice, methods of disclosure and investigation of crimes of certain types and groups, the nature of crime and its main characteristics, and the characteristics of persons who committed crimes.</p> <p>Be able to: analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms, make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law, give qualified legal opinions and consultations, operate with legal concepts and categories, analyze legal facts and legal relations arising in connection with them, draw up legal documents, identify circumstances contributing to crime, plan and carry out activities on the prevention and prevention of crimes and other offenses, skills of analysis and evaluation of data on administrative offenses, analyze the individuality of deviant behavior, organization and implementation of preventive activities.</p> <p>Own: theoretical knowledge, acquisition of practical skills in the organization and implementation of public order protection in the territory of the city (district), understanding the specifics of the work of police units in public security, skills in analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity, legal terminology and techniques of legal technology, work skills with legislative and other regulatory legal acts, skills in analyzing law enforcement and law enforcement practice, skills in the use of means of prevention and prevention of offenses.</p>
3	Administrative Responsibility	5	Theory and history of state and law	Industrial practice (II)	<p>The purpose of the study is to study the basic situation of the administrative practice of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Executive Summary: Administrative law occupies a special place in the system of legal regulation, since it is a necessary and important tool for managing social processes in society.</p> <p>Expected Result: To know: the concept, content, structure of administrative-legal norms, forms of implementation of administrative-legal norms, features of application as a form of implementation of legal norms; the concept, content, structure of administrative-legal relations, their features and classification.</p> <p>Be able to: independently apply administrative and legal norms in solving practical problems of state and municipal administration in accordance with the most important qualification requirements for a modern lawyer-specialist with higher education.</p> <p>Own: competently implement in practice the substantive and procedural norms of administrative law.</p>

4	Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Theory and history of state and law	Criminal legal protection of the family and minors	<p>The purpose of the study: the study of this discipline is to teach students the basics of legal regulation of relations in the world of work in the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Abstract: The study of discipline labor law will allow students to acquire theoretical knowledge and certain practical skills in the field of applying labor law.</p> <p>Expected result: To know: legal concepts in the discipline under study; state-legal and constitutional development of Kazakhstan at the historical stages of labor relations; features of the functioning of the legal system and the state mechanism of the Republic of Kazakhstan; the content of normative legal acts and theoretical approaches in the field of labor-law relations, to understand their significance for the realization of law in professional activity;</p> <p>Be able to: creatively apply the acquired knowledge in practice, be able to translate new knowledge into concrete proposals; independently improve their qualifications, replenish knowledge and acquire new skills and abilities; receive and process the necessary information, critically analyze it and make conclusions and generalizations; find optimal ways to solve problems and make decisions related to the implementation of tasks in professional activity;</p> <p>Own: the use of the acquired knowledge and methods of the humanities and socio-economic sciences in professional activity; research; analysis of legal norms and legal relations included in the field of professional activity; computer work, search, collection and analysis of legal and other information necessary for professional activity, including in search engines and the Internet; development and preparation of legal documents, preparation of reasonable information at the request of legal entities and individuals; logical analysis of problematic situations, assimilation and memorization of the entire range of circumstances and details related to the area of work performed, establishing and maintaining relationships with colleagues; establishing and developing interpersonal relationships, taking into account the implementation of professional duties, interviewing and consulting on legal issues;</p>
4	Family law of the RK	5	Theory and history of state and law	Criminal legal protection of the family and minors	<p>The purpose of the study: show the basics of the formation of family law, unifying the rights and obligations of family members and spouses in marriage</p> <p>Abstract: The problems of classification of family legal relations, measures of protection and responsibility in family law, as well as issues of legal capacity, legal capacity and nature of legal facts in relation to family law are considered.</p> <p>Expected result: To know: the subject, method, principles and sources of family law; the concept, content and subject composition of family legal relations, the basis of their origin; the basic concepts and terms used in family law; the current norms of family law on the procedure and conditions for the conclusion and termination of marriage, the rights and obligations of spouses, parents and children, alimony obligations of family members; on the forms of placement of children left without parental care (adoption, guardianship and guardianship, foster family); judicial practice on the topics studied.</p> <p>Be able to: to qualify facts legally competently; to orient oneself in the legal system; to apply the norms of family law in the process of working in a legal specialty; to give legally competent advice on family law issues</p> <p>Own: search for solutions to the proposed incidents</p>

5	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	3	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Civil procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	<p>The purpose of the study: The Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part) is aimed at achieving a comprehensive, deep understanding by students of the nature and essence, individual civil law relations arising from certain types of contractual obligations, non-contractual obligations, relations in the field of intellectual property, inheritance law, obligations arising from harm, competitive obligations, preparation for practical activities of highly qualified civil specialists, the formation of the personality of future lawyers.</p> <p>Summary: The study of certain types of contractual obligations, obligations arising from the infliction of harm, competitive obligations, intellectual property law, inheritance law, private international law.</p> <p>Expected result: To know: a system of acts of civil legislation; key concepts, principles and institutions of sections of the Civil Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; a system of doctrinal generally recognized (dominant) and legal judgments on civil legislation, principles of civil law, the content of contractual, hereditary and intellectual law; methodological techniques for working with civil law information and solving problems in civil law disputes.</p> <p>Be able to: analyze the current civil legislation, apply it competently in practice; operate in the context of civil law with legal concepts and categories; analyze legal facts and civil law relations arising in connection with them; analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal norms; make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the law; carry out legal expertise regulatory legal acts;</p> <p>Own: legal terminology; skills of working with legal acts; skills of analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations that are objects of professional activity; analysis of law enforcement and law enforcement practice; resolution of legal problems and conflicts; implementation of substantive law; ta</p>
5	Contract law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	3	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Civil procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	<p>The purpose of the study: To give students the basis of the treaty institute as an independent institution of civil law, the issues of regulation of contractual relations, principles, etc.</p> <p>Abstract: A study of the discipline of the workshop on drafting civil law contracts will allow.</p> <p>Expected Result: To know: the main legal doctrines in the field of private law; the content of the most significant problems of the application of the norms of civil legislation. the content of the main regulatory legal acts regulating contractual relations;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - basic rights and obligations of subjects in the conclusion, amendment and termination of contracts; - features of the content of certain types of contracts. <p>Be able to: to carry out the correlation between related legal categories regulating private law relations; to logically correctly express a point of view on the application of legislation on various types of contracts; To analyze and solve legal problems in the field of contractual relations;</p> <p>Own: the main skills of the analysis of doctrinal sources on topical issues of the development of civil law in the Republic of Kazakhstan and foreign countries; skills of legal qualification of public relations.</p>

6	Civil Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Industrial practice (II)	<p>The purpose of the study: obtaining a set of theoretical knowledge in the field of legal regulation of civil procedural relations</p> <p>Summary: This discipline forms professional knowledge and skills in the development of a specialty. The study of this academic discipline should be based on the study of educational and monographic literature, normative legal sources, primarily the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Civil Procedure Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan. Particular attention should be paid to the study and analysis of the normative decisions of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Expected Result:</p> <p>To know: the basics and specifics of the legal regulation of civil procedural and related public relations; the composition and structure of the sources of legislation on civil proceedings; the composition and procedural status of subjects of civil procedural legal relations; the concept of judicial evidence, the procedure for examining judicial evidence; the essence of the claim form of consideration and resolution of civil cases in the court of first instance, the procedure of writ and correspondence proceedings; special and special claim proceedings; the procedure for recognition and enforcement of decisions of foreign judicial and arbitration decisions.</p> <p>Be able to: to use the acquired knowledge and skills in various life situations requiring the adoption of legally competent decisions, to clothe these decisions in the appropriate organizational and legal form; to navigate the legislation, work with regulatory legal acts, thereby acquire practical skills for their successful application in practice and in legislation; professionally correctly compose the texts of local regulatory legal acts and law enforcement documents, contracts for the provision of legal assistance, and other procedural documents; solve educational tasks on specific types of civil obligations; identify distinctive features of certain types of civil proceedings;</p> <p>Own: theoretical foundations of knowledge and certain practical skills in the field of civil procedure legislation; fundamentals of the application of theoretical provisions in the trial of specific cases in the framework of educational civil procedure; skills of drafting procedural documents; skills of working with normative material.</p>
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6	Oratory in court	5	Civil law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Industrial practice (II)	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: basic idiomatic expressions, units of speech etiquette, basic norms officially – business style, the specifics of written communication, the basic requirements that ensure the correctness and culture of written and oral speech, the logical foundations of argumentation, evidence, dispute, industry legislation and other regulatory legal acts adopted on its basis, the practice of applying the provisions of industry legislation, the forms of providing the main types of legal opinions (consultations), the logical foundations of judicial speech, compositions of judicial speech, ethical foundations of judicial debate, speech technique, oral nature of judicial speech, fundamentals of judicial speech, oral nature of judicial speech, dispute as a type of speech activity, norms of official business style, norms of literary language and culture of speech, types of speech, norms of modern literary language, fundamentals of argumentation, to know the basics of speech technique, eloquence, oratory.</p> <p>Be able to: build monological and dialogical statements, take part in a conversation of a problematic nature and discussions on the topic, analyze statements in accordance with a specific situation, a speech task, interpret professional texts, apply the laws of logic to the construction of oral and written speech, define and concretize the task in a situation requiring a legal opinion, analyze legal facts and emerging in connection with them, legal relations, analyze, interpret and correctly apply legal regulations, analyze and force statements in accordance with the specific situation of communication, independently formulate conclusions, be able to navigate the laws of identity, contradiction, excluded third, sufficient reason.</p> <p>Own: communication skills, prepared and unprepared monologue and dialogical speech in the conditions of interpersonal communication within the studied material, oral presentation skills, presentation of their thoughts on known issues and new problems, independently formulate conclusions, have the skills of dispute, discussion, polemics, skills of assessment and qualification of legal phenomena, skills of assessment of compliance with the rules of legal techniques in preparing conclusions on the situation, skills in preparing texts of expert opinions, providing legal advice, speech skills of speaking to an audience, skills of improving thinking and speech abilities, skills of evaluating and qualifying phenomena, skills of accuracy of word usage, visual and expressive means of language, ennobling speech, skills of using speech formulas of polemics in polemics.</p>
7	Criminology	6	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary in further practical activities and when studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study:</p> <p>"Criminology" is to develop students' criminological thinking, to form scientifically based views on crime as a negative, objectively determined social process that society and the state must restrain within certain limits in order to prevent violations of the conditions of their normal life, and also to give students knowledge about the "strategy" of influencing crime in modern conditions, to prepare them for the competent solution of professional problems. The educational and methodological complex of the discipline was prepared on the basis of the current criminal law, as well as the work of leading Kazakh and Russian scientists on this issue.</p> <p>Summary:</p> <p>Criminology is the science that studies crime. The course "Criminology" consists of two interrelated sections: the general part, which includes the theory of criminology as a science of crime, its causes, the perpetrators of crimes, the crime prevention system, and a special part that considers the organization and practical implementation of crime prevention and various types of crime.</p> <p>To know: about the main problems of criminology, its subject (crime as a negative social process, its causes, characteristics of persons committing crimes, crime prevention system)</p> <p>Be able to: work with empirical data, analyze information about crime, determine the causes and conditions of crime, develop measures to prevent and prevent offenses</p> <p>Own: skills of analysis and evaluation of crime data, forecasting of crime and individual criminal behavior, organization and implementation of preventive activities</p>

7	Criminal law and criminological characteristics of the fight against crime	6	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary in further practical activities and when studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study: Consideration of the basic principles of public service, spheres of public administration.</p> <p>Summary: The system of knowledge in the field of public administration theory and organization of civil service, the study of principles of public service.</p> <p>Expected Result. To know: criminal-legal criminological characteristics of certain types and groups of crime; the main directions of combating crime in Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Be able to: analyze and evaluate both the optimality of criminalization of relevant acts and the effectiveness of the application of criminal law norms in specific criminal cases. Qualify crimes, conduct criminological analysis; interpret and apply the norms of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Own: the skill and ability to prevent offenses, identify and eliminate the causes and conditions that contribute to their commission; the skills to carry out professional activities for the disclosure and investigation of crimes in strict accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p>
8	Criminal and legal protection of the family and minors	4	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Undergraduate practice	<p>The purpose of the study: the study of this discipline is to familiarize students with the main provisions and international standards on the legal protection of the family and minors</p> <p>Summary: The criminal and legal protection of the family and minors takes a special place in the legal regulation of relations between minors in society.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the legal basis of the current state of protection of the interests of the family and minors in the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan; The legal mechanism for protecting the rights and legitimate interests of the family and minors of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Legal mechanism for the protection of the rights and legitimate interests of the family and minors of foreign countries; The basis of criminal liability for crimes against the family and minors in accordance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Be able to: determine the essence and interrelation of the interests of the family and minors in criminal criminal procedure legislation; assess the impact of the social functions of the family on the development of individual institutions and norms of criminal procedure law; to study the state of protection of the interests of the family and minors when applying coercive measures to participants in criminal proceedings; to investigate the state of protection of the interests of the family and minors in the process of collecting evidence in criminal cases; to determine the place of the family in the system of guarantees of protection of the interests of minors in criminal proceedings; to propose a theoretical model of protection of the interests of the family and minors in criminal proceedings, to develop on its basis recommendations for improving legislation and law enforcement practice; to contribute to the identification of shortcomings of the criminal procedure legislation that restrict the implementation of the social functions of the family; to assess the moral content of the interests of the family and minors in the criminal process; To determine the role of criminal legislation in the formation of subjective interests of the individual; To analyze international and foreign experience in protecting the rights and legitimate interests of the family and minors; To apply the acquired theoretical skills in practice</p> <p>Own: Basic skills of applying the relevant norms of criminal law</p> <p>Professional skills of correct delineation of crimes in accordance with the criminal legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>The skills to apply the theoretical knowledge gained in the course of training in their professional activities</p> <p>The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice</p>

8	Criminally-legal policy struggle against criminality	4	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Undergraduate practice	<p>The purpose of the study: the study of this discipline is to familiarize students with the main provisions and international standards on the legal protection of the family and minors</p> <p>Summary: The criminal and legal protection of the family and minors takes a special place in the legal regulation of relations between minors in society.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the content and basic rules of the legal qualification of facts, events and circumstances, the consequences of making illegal decisions and committing illegal actions, the content of the legal qualification of facts and circumstances, its basic rules, the essence and content of concepts and institutions of criminal law and criminal – legal policy, features of the qualification of certain types of crimes, the content of the Plenums of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan, which contain explanations and basic rules for the qualification of criminal acts, ways to inform citizens about the state of crime in the Republic of Kazakhstan, the concept, principles, methods, forms of implementation of criminal law policy, the main activities of state authorities in the field of criminal law politics.</p> <p>Be able to: apply the rules of decision-making and legal actions under the current legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, identify facts and circumstances requiring legal qualification, correctly determine the range of normative legal acts, the norms of which apply to these facts and circumstances, give a legal assessment of the situation, apply the norms of criminal law for the qualification of crimes, apply methods of criminal – to apply the norms of criminal law in practice, to qualify certain types of crimes, to explain the procedure for sentencing, to analyze and solve legal problems in the field of criminal law, to assess practical situations from the criminal– legal and criminal – political points of view.</p> <p>Own: decision-making skills and legal actions in strict compliance with the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, legally correct resolution of situations, minimization of negative consequences of illegal decisions and illegal actions, methods and mechanisms of their prevention, skills of legally correct qualification of facts and circumstances, skills of orientation in political, social and economic processes, including criminal – political nature, structure and levels of criminal policy, goals, objectives and principles of criminal – legal policy, skills of legal analysis of legal relations that are objects of professional activity, qualification of facts, events and circumstances, skills of interpretation of normative legal acts in the study of issues of a criminal and political nature, providing for criminal – legal means of combating crime, general characteristics and system of criminal encroachments, skills of challenging official duties to ensure law and order, security of the individual, society and the state, protection of life and health of citizens, protection of public order in their professional activities in the implementation of criminal law means of combating crime.</p>
9	Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: to study the main provisions of the criminal policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Summary: The main provisions of the criminal policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan related to the execution of criminal penalties.</p> <p>Expected Result:</p> <p>Know the subject and sources of the discipline "Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan";</p> <p>To know: the regulatory framework for the production of Penal enforcement law and criminal law policy of execution of punishments in the Republic of Kazakhstan; the subject and sources of the discipline "Penal Enforcement Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan";</p> <p>Be able to: regulate the procedure and conditions for the execution and serving of sentences and other measures of criminal legal impact; determine the means of correction of convicts; protect the rights and freedoms of convicts; assist in the social adaptation of convicts.</p> <p>Own: the skills to properly discuss and apply in professional practice or professional activity the regulatory framework for the production of Penal enforcement law and the criminal law policy of the execution of punishments of the Republic of Kazakhstan; improve the penal enforcement policy in the fight against crime. The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.</p>

9	Enforcement proceedings	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>Know: Basic concepts of civil procedure Provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, laws and other regulatory legal acts related to the application of legislation in the field of enforcement proceedings. The content of the main international and Kazakh legal sources that disclose civil procedural activities</p> <p>Be able to: Interpret and apply laws and other normative legal acts in the field of civil procedure and enforcement proceedings, be able to give a legal assessment to various parties to civil proceedings, navigate the specifics of the bailiff's activities. Use legislative sources and materials, including reference manuals and information and reference legal systems of the "Paragraph" type; keep records of practice; work with scientific sources; apply knowledge of related branches of law; organize and plan their activities, choose the most effective ways to solve emerging issues; independently improve their knowledge, including taking into account changes in legislation and taking into account judicial practice</p> <p>Own: the skills of applying the rules of law of a blank nature, the skills of applying the NPA and freely navigate its hierarchy; The skills of analyzing various legal phenomena, legal facts, legal norms and legal relations in the field of civil proceedings; The skills of resolving legal problems and conflicts, as well as the skills of drafting procedural documents</p>
10	Fundamentals of the classification of crimes	4	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: Consideration of the basic principles of public service, spheres of public administration.</p> <p>Summary: The system of knowledge in the field of public administration theory and organization of civil service, the study of principles of public service.</p> <p>Expected Result.</p> <p>To know: systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the science of criminal law as the basis for the theory of qualification of crimes, teaching students the correct orientation in the current criminal legislation, the development of the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of General and Special parts of criminal law, to know the rules for the identification of signs of crime and their elements; to know and highlight mandatory and optional signs of elements of the corpus delicti; to know the features of qualification depending on each element of the corpus delicti; to know the features of prevention and prevention of crimes through proper qualification.</p> <p>Be able to: conduct a criminal law and criminological analysis of crimes, correctly analyze the elements of a crime on mandatory and optional grounds; be able to analyze statistical data on crimes, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation; cultivate a sense of respect for the criminal law as an unshakable means of protecting citizens, their rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, and also the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments; development of interdisciplinary relations with general theoretical and other legal and special disciplines.</p> <p>Own: skills to study the problems arising in modern criminal law and criminal procedure, during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; acquisition of skills of initial qualification of crimes at the time of registration in the ERDR; identification of qualification problems based on empirical data from investigative practice; analysis of investigative qualification errors in the process of pre-trial investigation; the influence of subjective data on the qualification process, development of ways to improve the quality of criminal investigation through proper qualification.</p>

10	Fundamentals of qualification of criminal offenses in the field of medicine	4	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: Consideration of the basic principles of public service, spheres of public administration.</p> <p>Summary: The system of knowledge in the field of public administration theory and organization of civil service, the study of principles of public service.</p> <p>Expected Result.</p> <p>To know: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the science of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan as the basis for the theory of qualification of criminal offenses provided for in Chapter 12 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; to correctly navigate the current criminal legislation on medical criminal offenses; to know the signs of a medical criminal offense; to know and identify mandatory and optional signs of elements of the medical criminal offense offenses; to know the features of qualification depending on each element of the composition of a medical criminal offense; to know the features of prevention and prevention of medical criminal offenses.</p> <p>Be able to: conduct a criminal law and criminological analysis of medical criminal offenses, correctly analyze the elements of a medical criminal offense on mandatory and optional grounds; be able to analyze statistical data on medical criminal offenses, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation; cultivate a sense of respect for the criminal law as an unshakable means of protecting citizens, their rights, freedoms and legitimate interests, as well as the interests of society and the state from criminal encroachments; development of interdisciplinary relations with general theoretical and other legal and special disciplines.</p> <p>Own: acquisition of skills of initial qualification of medical criminal offenses at the time of registration in the ERDR, skills of qualification of the acts of the subject of medical criminal offenses in determining the status of a suspect; identification of qualification problems based on empirical data from investigative practice; analysis of investigative qualification errors in the process of pre-trial investigation of medical criminal offenses; the influence of subjective data on the qualification process, the development of ways to improve the quality of criminal investigation by properly qualifying medical criminal offenses.</p>
11	Criminal-legal characteristics of offenses in the field of health care	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study: is to study the current criminal law legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as criminology regulating the activities of combating criminal offenses in the field of health care. Formation of students' deep theoretical knowledge and instilling on this basis the solid skills and abilities necessary for them to effectively perform the tasks assigned to law enforcement agencies and the public.</p> <p>Summary: The main characteristics from the point of view of criminal law, criminology are revealed, the analysis of the problematic provisions of science is given, special attention is paid to the characterization and analysis of iatrogenic components of criminal offenses, judicial and investigative practice. Problematic issues are discussed, incidents are resolved, procedural acts are drawn up.</p> <p>Expected result.</p> <p>To know: a systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the goals, objectives, principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal law characteristics of offenses in the field of healthcare"; to correctly navigate the current criminal legislation on medical criminal offenses; to know the signs of a medical criminal offense; to know and identify mandatory and optional signs of elements of a medical criminal offense;</p> <p>Be able to: develop the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, qualify criminal offenses in this area, conduct criminological analysis, compare the opinions of scientists in this area; be able to analyze statistical data on medical criminal offenses, linking them with the qualification process in pre-trial investigation;</p> <p>Own: study of problems arising in modern criminal law and criminology, during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan; study of international experience in combating these types of criminal offenses; skills of qualification of the acts of the subject of medical criminal offenses in determining the status of a suspect; identification of qualification problems based on empirical data from investigative practice; analysis investigative qualification errors in the process of pre-trial investigation of medical criminal offenses;</p>

11	Criminally-legal and kriminologičeskaja the characteristic of struggle against military crimes	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study: Consideration of the basic principles of public service, spheres of public administration.</p> <p>Summary: The system of knowledge in the field of public administration theory and organization of civil service, the study of principles of public service.</p> <p>Expected Result.</p> <p>To know: the conceptual and terminological apparatus in the field of Chapter 18 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan, the characteristics of the current criminal legislation, as well as the practice of its application, the characteristics of objective and subjective signs of military units of criminal offenses based on the methodology of their criminal characteristics, the rules for the qualification of criminal offenses and their application in the criminal legal assessment of factual circumstances established in criminal cases cases, the main law enforcement problems in the field of combating military criminal offenses, with the most typical judicial and investigative errors in the qualification of military criminal offenses and ways to overcome them, skills in solving situational problems. Dynamics, causes and conditions of committing criminal offenses by military service, the identity of the person who committed a military criminal offense.</p> <p>Be able to: apply the criminal law norms of Chapter 18 of the Criminal Code of the Republic of Kazakhstan; apply the skills and abilities necessary for the qualification and differentiation of military criminal offenses; interpret with the help of various means and techniques of criminal law norms establishing criminality and punishability of military criminal acts, the differentiation of related criminal offenses, the ability to give qualified legal opinions on the presence/absence of composition criminal offense; possess the skills of legal argumentation, the resolution of certain legal situations.</p> <p>Own: the ability to carry out legal expertise of normative legal acts, to give qualified legal opinions and consultations; to analyze judicial practice of sentencing for military criminal offenses; to identify and eliminate investigative and judicial errors, violations of the rule of law in the sphere of application of criminal legislation.</p>
12	Functions of the prosecutor in criminal proceedings	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: The purpose of this course is to develop knowledge of the norms of prosecutorial supervision in the Republic of Kazakhstan necessary in the professional activity of a lawyer, namely in the field of supervision of the legality of pre-trial investigations and during the main judicial proceedings .</p> <p>Summary: The author reveals the powers of the prosecutor, tactics and methods of organizing his work during the pre-trial investigation, as well as the ability of the prosecutor to conduct a reasoned dispute in the conditions of adversarial proceedings and the quality of maintaining the state prosecution in court .</p> <p>Expected result.</p> <p>To know: The student must master the basics of the criminal procedure legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, laws and other regulatory legal acts, and regulating the functions of the prosecutor's office in criminal proceedings.</p> <p>Be able to: Be able to independently analyze the effectiveness of prosecutorial supervision at the stage of pre-trial investigation and judicial review and resolution of a criminal case based on the study of general and particular theoretical teachings on prosecutorial activity in criminal proceedings.</p> <p>Own: Practical skills that allow the student to skillfully apply the acquired knowledge in the process of carrying out professional activities. Independently analyze and assess the legality of the pre-trial investigation, on behalf of the prosecutor to make acts of prosecutorial response to violations of the rule of law in the process of pre-trial and judicial proceedings.</p>

12	Supervision of the prosecutor's office for the execution of laws	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the subject and sources of the discipline "Supervision of the Prosecutor's Office over the execution of the law"; modern problems of the legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan;</p> <p>Be able to: apply their knowledge in practice; navigate the system of regulatory legal acts of the Republic of Kazakhstan regulating this industry;</p> <p>The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, situation analysis, solving practical problems, etc.)</p> <p>As a rule, lecture classes are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of seminars and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution.</p> <p>Own: The main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.</p>
13	Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study: the students study the current criminal law legislation of the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as criminology regulating criminal law activities. Formation of students' deep theoretical knowledge and instilling on this basis strong skills and abilities necessary for them to effectively perform the tasks assigned to the judicial and law enforcement agencies</p> <p>Summary: The main characteristics from the point of view of criminal law and criminology are revealed, the analysis of the problematic provisions of science is given, special attention is paid to the characterization and analysis of criminal legislation, judicial and prosecutorial-investigative practice. Problematic issues are discussed, incidents are resolved, procedural acts are drawn up.</p> <p>Expected result.</p> <p>To know: systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal law and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption"</p> <p>Be able to: development of the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to qualify crimes, to conduct criminological analysis;</p> <p>Own: study of the problems arising in modern criminal law and criminology during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan</p>
13	Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption	5	Criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (General part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for studying for a master's degree	<p>The purpose of the study is to study the main provisions of the criminal policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Summary: The main provisions of the criminal policy of the Republic of Kazakhstan related to the execution of criminal penalties.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: systematic presentation by students of theoretical knowledge about the principles, categories and provisions of the subject "Criminal law and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption"</p> <p>Be able to: development of the ability to skillfully interpret and apply the norms of the criminal law of the Republic of Kazakhstan, to qualify crimes, to conduct criminological analysis;</p> <p>Own: study of the problems arising in modern criminal law and criminology during the formation and construction of the rule of law relations in the Republic of Kazakhstan</p>

14	Participation of a lawyer in criminal matters	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: the formation of a comprehensive understanding of the organization and activities of the defense counsel in the criminal process, as well as the conditions for implementation and types of defense counsel.</p> <p>The tasks of the discipline are the development of normative sources that regulate the organization of defense, judicial practice related to the implementation of defense in criminal proceedings; - study of educational, theoretical and monographic literature on criminal procedure, advocacy and advocacy; - obtaining practical skills in drafting documents drawn up in the course of the activities of the defender; - mastering the technique of oral public speaking on relevant topics.</p> <p>To know: the procedural order, the rights and obligations of the defender in the exercise of his functions, knowledge of the legal foundations, principles, areas of activity of the defender and understanding of the appointment of the defender to provide legal assistance to individuals and legal entities on a professional basis; the essence and content of the actions of the defender in the process of criminal proceedings; the organization and tactics of using evidence obtained by the defender in order to mitigate the defendant's guilt on criminal offenses.</p> <p>Be able to: apply the norms of the CPC in the exercise of the functions of a defender in criminal cases. analyze the criminal procedure legislation; interpret and apply the norms of criminal procedure law in specific life situations (incidents); formulate and legally competently argue their position on the criminal case; methodologically correctly study the materials of the criminal case; perform investigative and other procedural actions.</p> <p>Own: the main provisions and terms that the CPC faces when performing the functions of a criminal defense lawyer. skills in the field of legal and organizational and tactical bases of the defense in criminal cases, necessary for the performance of professional duties in the field of criminal law relations.</p>
14	Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Industrial practice (III)	<p>The purpose of the study: Expansion and deepening of the received in the system knowledge about the state of the current legislation that determines the place of the bar in the legal system of the state, the main tasks facing the modern advocacy, the state of the current legislation, the practice of its application and development prospects. The study of this discipline "Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan" includes lecturing, consistent consolidation of theoretical knowledge with practical exercises, as well as independent work of students.</p> <p>Brief content: The discipline "Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan" is intended for study by students of the Faculty of Law. It reflects the main requirements for the level of preparation of a bachelor of law in the specialty "Jurisprudence" at the present stage. EMCD is designed for the effective development of the discipline "Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan", allows students to get a systematic approach to the study of the current legislation, which determines the place of the bar in the legal system of the state and regulates the activities of the bar in the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected Result:</p> <p>To know: Obtaining knowledge about other features of the lawyer's law enforcement activities in the field of jurisdictional proceedings as a professional representative: obtaining knowledge about the methodology of drafting procedural acts and other documents in the implementation of legal assistance, followed by consolidation in practical skills.</p> <p>Be able to: Development of the ability to professionally assess a situation that is legally significant for the jurisdictional process and make a law enforcement decision corresponding to it as a professional subject: systematization of knowledge about the organizational and legal foundations of advocacy; analysis of regulations establishing the legal regulation of the lawyer's activities.</p> <p>Own: Familiarization with the peculiarities of advocacy as a defender, representative of the victim, civil plaintiff, civil defendant, private prosecutor.</p>

15	Production of public and secret investigative actions at the stage of pre-trial investigation	4	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Final examination	<p>The purpose of the study: Students should know the basic forms and procedure for the production of secret and public investigative actions in criminal cases, to form a correct understanding of the criminal procedure bases and tactical techniques for the production of investigative actions.</p> <p>Synopsis: The pre-trial investigation is based on the criminal procedural proof of the event of a criminal offense and the identification of the person who committed it. The production of public and secret investigative actions is a complex of search, cognitive and certifying operations regulated by the investigator, inquirer, prosecutor, corresponding to the features of traces of a certain type and adapted to the effective search, perception and consolidation of the evidentiary information contained in them.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: general requirements for conducting investigative actions; Theoretical and legal foundations of the institute of evidence in criminal procedural activities.</p> <p>Be able to: Professionally competently perform the algorithm of procedural actions that establish the procedure for the production of secret investigative actions with strict observance of the constitutional rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations. to draw up a protocol of investigative actions and the use of scientific and technical means and methods contributes to expanding the range of sources of evidence, improving the quality and efficiency of pre-trial investigation and judicial review of cases.</p> <p>Own: to differentiate covert investigative actions with special operational investigative measures. Judicial evidence in legal practice. On the basis of criminal procedure legislation, it is correct to evaluate the results of covert investigative actions that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in a criminal case.</p>
15	International cooperation in criminal matters	4	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	Final examination	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the basic principles of international law and their application in the criminal process of the Republic of Kazakhstan; legal regulation of international cooperation in the field of legal assistance.</p> <p>Be able to: solve legal problems arising in the process of interaction with law enforcement agencies of other states in the field of combating crime. Analyze and systematize the collection of operational-search data and, on their basis, be able to output operationally significant information for processing and using the results of operational-search activities as evidence in criminal cases, on the basis of theoretical research and practical skills, they were able to distinguish special operational-search activities from covert investigative actions.</p> <p>Own: interpret and apply the norms of international treaties and Kazakh legislation on legal assistance; assess practical situations on legal assistance in criminal cases; On the basis of studying the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master techniques and methods for conducting and critical analysis of operational investigative measures. They could state concretely and clearly about the essence of the production and use of operational search materials during the investigation of criminal cases, set out their conclusions and proposals on the methodology and tactics of the production of general and special operational search measures to analyze law enforcement practice on issues included in the subject of discipline.</p>
PROFILING DISCIPLINES					
Components of choice (CCh)					
1	Forensic technology	3	Theory and history of state and law	Criminalistics	<p>The purpose of the study: students acquire knowledge about the implementation of criminal procedural activities in the pre-trial investigation of a criminal case and the use of scientific and special knowledge for the production of investigative and secret investigative actions</p> <p>Summary: the article reveals the features of the application and use of special scientific knowledge in criminal cases, through the appointment and production of forensic examinations, consultations, etc. The obtained results of consultations or the conclusion of a forensic examination are attached to the materials of the criminal case and used in the subject of proof.</p>

					<p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: to justify and make procedural and tactical decisions; - to organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; - apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; - study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; - determine the initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; - interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the police of internal affairs, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.</p> <p>Be able to: to implement the acquired scientific, technical and criminalistic knowledge and skills in the course of criminal proceedings; to analyze and evaluate investigative, investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedural legislation and recommendations of criminalistic tactics and methodology.</p> <p>Own: forensic techniques and scientific and practical experience in identifying, securing and initial investigation of trace information in criminal, civil and administrative cases. Including preparing materials, documents and items for forensic research in scientific and forensic laboratories. To master the basic skills in solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies.</p>
1	Fundamentals of forensic methodology	3	Theory and history of state and law	Criminalistics	<p>The purpose of the study: students acquire knowledge about the implementation of criminal procedural activities in the pre-trial investigation of a criminal case and the use of scientific and special knowledge for the production of investigative and secret investigative actions</p> <p>Summary: the article reveals the features of the application and use of special scientific knowledge in criminal cases, through the appointment and production of forensic examinations, consultations, etc. The obtained results of consultations or the conclusion of a forensic examination are attached to the materials of the criminal case and used in the subject of proof.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of facts and events on criminal offenses; to justify and make criminal procedural and tactical decisions; to organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; to apply technical and forensic methods and means of detection, fixation and seizures of trace information and traces of crimes; sources of investigative (secret) and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine the initial typical investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security and other state and non-governmental organizations and institutions.</p> <p>Be able to: use the help of citizens, mass media in the pre-trial investigation of crimes; analyze and evaluate investigative (secret) and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; compile criminal procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedural legislation and recommendations of criminalistics.</p> <p>Own: basic skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies. Including the "Fundamentals of Criminalistic Methodology" will also allow you to master practical knowledge that is implemented during the pre-trial investigation of criminal cases during the production of investigative and covert investigative actions, procedural actions and criminal procedural coercive measures using forensic tactics and techniques. The study of the basics of criminalistic methodology will allow students to master the methods of scientific research and academic writing in order to further apply them in legal practice when drafting criminal procedural, civil procedural and administrative procedural documents.</p>
2	Operational-search activity	5	Criminal procedure	It is necessary for further practical	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the</p>

			law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know:- general theoretical provisions of the course "Operational investigative activities", to expand knowledge on the most important issues of operational investigative activities and related disciplines, to have an idea of the system and structure of the ORD and its individual institutions.</p> <p>Be able to: analyze and systematize the collection of operational-search data and, on their basis, be able to output operationally significant information for processing and using the results of operational-search activities as evidence in criminal cases, on the basis of theoretical research and practical skills, they were able to distinguish special operational-search activities from covert investigative actions.</p> <p>Own: based on the study of the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master the techniques and methods for conducting and critically analyzing operational investigative measures. They could state concretely and clearly about the essence of the production and use of operational-search materials during the investigation of criminal cases, set out their conclusions and proposals on the methodology and tactics of the production of general and special operational-search measures</p>
2	Interaction of the investigator with the operational-search services	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: general theoretical provisions of the course "Interaction of the investigator with operational search services", the essence of the interaction of the investigator with operational search services and the role of the investigator of operational search activities in the field of combating crime.</p> <p>Be able to: Correctly apply the legal norms in the field of interaction of the investigator with the operational search services. Independently supplement and develop their knowledge and skills, taking into account changes in legislation, as well as improve skills in the practical application of legal norms in the field of interaction of the investigator with operational search services.</p> <p>Own: based on the study of the theoretical provisions of the discipline, students should master the basic skills of drafting procedural documents in the field of interaction of the investigator with operational search services and techniques and methods for conducting and critical analysis during interaction.</p>
3	Theory of judicial evidence	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know:- the fundamentals of the theory of judicial evidence and its significance in establishing objective truth in a case, determine the content of the subject, contributing to the disclosure of the theory of evidentiary law, the conceptual and categorical apparatus of individual institutions of proof and proof.</p> <p>Be able to: apply the acquired knowledge and practical experience of law enforcement activities in the field of criminal proceedings, independently assess the results of actions and decisions of authorized bodies of pre-trial investigation, the judiciary.</p> <p>Own: practical skills that allow you to fully use the acquired skills in legal practice. In particular, to conduct a legal analysis of the relevance and admissibility of evidence in criminal cases, to give conclusions on the legality and validity of the production of operational investigative measures, to make a decision on using the results of investigative actions and court decisions as evidence.</p>
3	The application of the results of unspoken investigative actions	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system</p>

	as evidence		Kazakhstan (general part)	magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the legal nature, types, grounds, conditions and procedure for the production of secret investigative actions in criminal cases, the main differences between secret investigative actions from special operational investigative measures and other procedural actions. Theoretical and legal foundations of the institute of evidence in criminal procedural activity.</p> <p>Be able to: correctly determine the legal form and procedural procedure for the production of secret investigative actions. Depending on the investigative situation, be able to correctly recognize the legal criteria of the type of covert investigative action that contributes to the disclosure and investigation of a criminal offense. Professionally competently perform the algorithm of procedural actions that establish the procedure for the production of secret investigative actions with strict observance of the constitutional rights and interests of persons involved in the sphere of criminal procedural legal relations.</p> <p>Own: on the basis of theoretical knowledge, possess practical skills in the production of secret procedural actions and the use of the results of secret investigative actions as evidence in criminal cases. On the basis of criminal procedure legislation, it is correct to evaluate the results of covert investigative actions that contribute to the establishment of objective truth in a criminal case. Professionally correctly fill out procedural documents related to the production of secret investigative actions.</p>
4	Criminalistics	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the discipline is to give the student the methodological recommendations necessary for the student in his practical activities related to the investigation of crimes.</p> <p>Summary: Legislation regulating the powers of participants in criminal proceedings; departmental, interdepartmental and other legal acts regulating the activities of the preliminary investigation bodies; investigative and judicial practice of investigating various types of criminal offenses.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; study sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine the initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.</p> <p>Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the pre-trial investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.</p> <p>The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, laboratory, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, analysis of the educational investigative situation, solving practical problems, etc.)</p> <p>As a rule, lectures are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of laboratory, seminar and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution. As a result of studying the course, students take an exam.</p> <p>Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies.</p>
4	Forensic tools and methods of investigation of crimes	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: is to study the theoretical and applied foundations of technical and forensic examination as a type of forensic examination. To acquaint students with the concept, subject, objects, tasks and methods of technical and forensic examination; to form an understanding of special knowledge in the field of technical and forensic examination; to develop the skills of independent production of technical and forensic examination of documents, the preparation and execution of an expert opinion.</p>

				<p>Summary: theoretical foundations and prospects for the development of technical and forensic expertise. Methods of technical and forensic examination. Modern possibilities of technical and forensic research of details and materials of documents. The study of documents made with the help of character printers.</p> <p>Expected Result.</p> <p>To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing traces of crimes; study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in the disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies.</p> <p>Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.</p> <p>The main forms of classes in the study of this course are lectures, seminars and practical classes, (trainings, situation analysis, solving practical problems, etc.)</p> <p>As a rule, lectures are held on the main topics of the course. The choice of seminars and practical classes may vary depending on the degree of preparedness of the trainees and the specific educational objectives of the educational institution.</p> <p>Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.</p>
5	Investigation of serious types of crimes	3	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	<p>It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies</p> <p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the doctrine of dialectical-materialistic epistemology; The establishment of signs of a specific type of composition of a criminal offense and a criminal offense as a crime and the time of the occurrence of bringing the subject of the crime to criminal responsibility; Knowledge and procedure for identifying signs and events of criminal offenses, conducting covert investigative actions (operational investigative measures); - methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; - substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; - to organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene of the incident, including during the production of other investigative and covert investigative actions; - apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing trace information and traces of crimes; - study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in pre-trial disclosure and investigation of crimes; - determine the initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; - interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies: the court, the prosecutor's office, the police of internal affairs, the economic investigation service, the anti-corruption service, national security, etc.</p> <p>Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the pre-trial investigation of crimes; - to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; - to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.</p> <p>Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in the legal practice of pre-trial investigation bodies.</p>
5	The Workshop on the Investigation of Crimes	3	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	<p>It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies</p> <p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: a student in the course of studying the discipline "Crime</p>

					<p>Investigation Workshop" should know the basics of the Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan, constitutional laws, regulatory legal acts regulating legal relations in the investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Methods and methods of detection, suppression, disclosure and investigation of criminal offenses and authorized bodies, as well as it is necessary to know the forms and methods of disclosure and investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Know the forensic tactical operations used during the pre-trial investigation of certain types of criminal offenses.</p> <p>Be able to: competently apply criminal procedural legislation and regulatory legal acts during the pre-trial investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Observe and protect the rights and freedoms of participants in the pre-trial investigation. Be able to identify, prevent, disclose and investigate criminal offenses.</p> <p>Own: the ability to make decisions and perform legal actions in strict accordance with the constitutional and criminal procedure legislation in the investigation of certain types of criminal offenses. Possess methods of detection, suppression, disclosure and investigation of certain types of criminal offenses</p>
6	Basics of Forensic Medicine and Forensic Psychiatry	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: the concept, subject, tasks and methodology of forensic psychiatry, the organizational and legal foundations of forensic psychiatry, the main legislative documents regulating the appointment and production of forensic psychiatric examination, the forms of participation of a forensic psychiatrist in the work of forensic investigative bodies and the limits of his competence in conducting forensic psychiatric examination</p> <p>Be able to: draw up the text of the resolution (definition) on the appointment of a forensic psychiatric examination or a reasoned referral to conduct a psychiatric examination, justify and correctly raise questions about the resolution of the forensic psychiatric examination of the accused, witness, victim and person serving a sentence, issue a court ruling on conducting a forensic psychiatric examination in relation to persons involved in criminal and civil proceedings</p> <p>Own: skills of drafting the text of a reasoned application for a psychiatric examination, the basics of skills of forensic psychiatric assessment of the nature and degree of danger of persons with mental disorders, skills of formulating appropriate and correct questions to an expert psychiatrist in various legal situations.</p>
6	Technical forensic examination	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: methodology of forensic examination, theory of forensic diagnostics and identification in relation to technical and forensic examination; scientific foundations of technical and forensic examination; classification, manufacturing technology and basic properties of documents – physical evidence, traditional objects of technical and forensic examination; physical evidence; modern possibilities of scientific methods and technical means, which are equipped with forensic expert institutions, and the rules of their application in solving the problems of technical and forensic examination; modern possibilities of technical and forensic examination; technical means and techniques for fixing, illustrating and examining evidence; methods of production of technical and forensic examination;</p> <p>Be able to: o use modern expert technologies in solving diagnostic and identification tasks of technical and forensic examination; to use means and methods of forensic photography to solve problems of fixing the appearance; to solve typical expert tasks in the study of typical objects of technical and forensic examination; to be able to correctly and efficiently draw up an expert opinion on the results of technical and forensic examination of documents and to produce illustrations for this conclusion; interact with the staff of operational, investigative bodies and</p>

					<p>courts in the preparation of materials for technical and forensic examination, evaluation and use of the results of these examinations;</p> <p>Own: the conceptual apparatus of technical and forensic expertise and the professional vocabulary of a forensic expert; the rules for conducting forensic records of documents and the use of appropriate reference and information and information search systems for forensic purposes.</p>
7	Activities of the bodies of inquiry in the course of pre-trial investigation	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: Students should know the basic forms and procedure for conducting an inquiry in criminal cases, to form a correct understanding of the organization of the inquiry at the stage of pre-trial investigation.</p> <p>Summary: The main activity of the bodies of inquiry in the system of criminal procedural legal relations is the impartial, rapid and complete disclosure of criminal offenses. Modern conditions of development of society put on a completely new level the degree of ensuring by the bodies of inquiry the protection of the life and health of citizens, society and the state from criminal encroachment. An important factor is the observance of the rights and interests of the individual by the bodies of inquiry in the process of pre-trial investigation.</p> <p>Expected result.</p> <p>To know:- the concept of bodies of inquiry, regulatory legal acts defining the competence of bodies of inquiry, the structure and main activities, forms of pre-trial activity of bodies of inquiry, the relationship of bodies of inquiry with other state bodies</p> <p>Be able to: work with regulatory legal acts defining the functions and competencies of the bodies of inquiry, independently make legal decisions in protecting the rights of citizens, legally correctly analyze facts and events.</p> <p>Own: the knowledge gained in theory in the future profession, apply regulatory legal acts in accordance with the law, apply the knowledge gained exclusively for the purposes of law and order, protection and restoration of the rights and legitimate interests of citizens and society.</p>
7	Compilation of criminal proceedings of judicial proceedings	5	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know:- legislation in the field of criminal proceedings included in the special course; basic requirements for procedural documents; features of procedural documents for certain categories of cases;</p> <p>Be able to: analyze the materials of judicial practice; use the knowledge gained in practice; compile and develop basic procedural documents; draft procedural documents emanating from the investigation and inquiry; draft procedural documents emanating from the court;</p> <p>Own: methods of analytical work for the purpose of drafting procedural documents; conceptual apparatus of criminal procedural law in the field of procedural documents; legal technique of drafting procedural documents.</p>
8	Investigation of cybercrime and man-made disasters	6	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: to reveal the main provisions of the science of criminalistics, the characteristics of certain types of crimes, namely cybercrime and man-made disasters in relation to the law enforcement specifics of the internal affairs bodies</p> <p>Summary: formation of a scientifically based approach to the problem of crime, necessary for the most effective impact on it by combining criminal legal measures against persons who have committed crimes; active activities aimed at eliminating the causes and conditions of crime.</p> <p>Expected result.</p> <p>To know: methods and means of preliminary verification of statements about crimes; substantiate and make procedural and tactical decisions; organize the work of the investigative task force conducting an inspection of the scene; apply technical and forensic methods and means of detecting, fixing and removing traces of crimes; study the sources of investigative and evidentiary information and use them in the disclosure and investigation of crimes; determine initial investigative situations, analyze and evaluate the factors influencing them; interact with the bodies of inquiry and officials of other law enforcement agencies.</p> <p>Be able to: to use the assistance of citizens and mass media in the investigation of crimes; to analyze and evaluate investigative and evidentiary information on unsolved criminal cases; to draw up procedural documents in accordance with the requirements of criminal procedure legislation and the recommendations of criminalistics.</p>

					Own: the main skills in the course of solving situational issues and tasks, to implement the acquired knowledge in practice.
8	Procedural agreement on criminal cases	6	Criminal procedure law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	It is necessary for further practical activities and for training in magistracy and doctoral studies	<p>The purpose of the study: mastering students with an integral system of knowledge in the field of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan</p> <p>Abstract: The monetary system of the state. Concept, subject and system of legal regulation of the monetary system of the Republic of Kazakhstan.</p> <p>Expected result:</p> <p>To know: legal grounds and criminal, criminal procedural consequences conclusion of a plea bargain and a cooperation agreement.</p> <p>Be able to: correctly interpret and apply the rules of criminal procedure governing the procedure of proceedings in cases during pre-trial investigation and the main trial, for which a procedural agreement has been concluded.</p> <p>Own: skills of explaining the legal foundations and consequences of concluding procedural agreements in criminal cases and drafting them, as well as judicial decisions.</p>

DISCIPLINE LIST

Elective courses

Form of training: Full-time

Training period: 4 of the year

№	Name of the discipline	Code of discipline	Number of credits	Semester
2. Basic disciplines				
1	Component of choice 1			
	History of the State and Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	HSAFC 2211	5	3
	Kazakhstan law	KL 2211	5	3
2	Component of choice 2			
	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (general part)	CLRK (GP) 2212	5	3
	Ecological Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	ELRK 2212	5	3
3	Component of choice 3			
	Administrative practice of the internal affairs bodies of the Republic of Kazakhstan	APIABRK 2213	5	3
	Administrative Responsibility	AR 2213	5	3
4	Component of choice 4			
	Labor Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	LLRK 2214	5	4
	Family law of the RK	FLRK 2214	5	4
5	Component of choice 5			
	Civil Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan (special part)	GLRK (SP) 2215	3	4
	Contract law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CRK 2215	3	4
6	Component of choice 6			
	Civil Procedure Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CPLRK 3216	5	5
	Oratory in court	OIC 3216	5	5

7	Component of choice 7			
	Criminology	Crim 3217	6	5
	Criminal law and criminological characteristics of the fight against crime	CLCCFAC 3217	6	5
8	Component of choice 8			
	Criminal and legal protection of the family and minors	CLPFM 3218	4	6
	Criminally-legal policy struggle against criminality	CLSAC 3218	4	6
9	Component of choice 9			
	Criminal Executive Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan	CELRK 3219	5	6
	Enforcement proceedings	EP 3219	5	6
10	Component of choice 10			
	Fundamentals of the classification of crimes	FCC3220	4	6
	Fundamentals of qualification of criminal offenses in the field of medicine	FQCOFM 3220	4	6
11	Component of choice 11			
	Criminal-legal characteristics of offenses in the field of health care	CLCOFHC 4221	5	7
	Criminally-legal and kriminologicheskaja the characteristic of struggle against military crimes	CLKCS 4221	5	7
12	Component of choice 12			
	Functions of the prosecutor in criminal proceedings	FPCP 4222	5	7
	Supervision of the prosecutor's office for the execution of laws	SPOEL 4222	5	7
13	Component of choice 13			
	Criminal-legal and criminological characteristics of organized crime and corruption	CLCCOCC 4223	5	7
	Criminally-legal and criminological the characteristic of struggle against economic crimes	CLCCChSAEC 4223	5	7
14	Component of choice 14			
	Participation of a lawyer in criminal matters	PLCM 4224	5	7
	Advocacy of the Republic of Kazakhstan	ARK 4224	5	7
15	Component of choice 15			
	Production of public and secret investigative actions at the stage of pre-trial investigation	PPSIASPI 4225	4	8
	International cooperation in criminal matters	ICCM 4225	4	8
3. Profiling disciplines				
1	Component of choice 1			
	Forensic technology	FT 2306	3	4
	Fundamentals of forensic methodology	FFM 2306	3	4
2	Component of choice 2			
	Operational-search activity	OSA 3307	5	5

	Interaction of the investigator with the operational-search services	IIOSS 3307	5	5
3	Component of choice 3			
	Theory of judicial evidence	TJE 3308	5	6
	The application of the results of unspoken investigative actions as evidence	ARUIAE 3308	5	6
4	Component of choice 4			
	Criminalistics	KRI 3309	5	6
	Forensic tools and methods of investigation of crimes	FTMIC 3309	5	6
5	Component of choice 5			
	Investigation of serious types of crimes	ISTC 3310	3	6
	The Workshop on the Investigation of Crimes	WIC 3310	3	6
6	Component of choice 6			
	Basics of Forensic Medicine and Forensic Psychiatry	BFMFP 4311	5	7
	Technical forensic examination	TFE 4311	5	7
7	Component of choice 7			
	Activities of the bodies of inquiry in the course of pre-trial investigation	ABICPI 4312	5	7
	Compilation of criminal proceedings of judicial proceedings	CCPJP 4312	5	7
8	Component of choice 8			
	Investigation of cybercrime and man-made disasters	ICMD 4313	6	8
	Procedural agreement on criminal cases	PACC 4313	6	8

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